

RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
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Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL XIV NO 50-

BOMBAY SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1926

ONE ANNA

WELLINGTON TO-NIGHT—
THIS WEEK!
A SPLENDID, MIGHTY, SUPERB UNIVERSAL—JEWEL DRAMA in 7 parts.
LORRAINE OF THE LIONS
The Greatest Ballyhoo Picture in years! Featuring
NORMAN KERRY AND PATSY RUTH MILLER
See the spectacular wreck of the animal freighter off the Cannibal Isle—See the startling adventures of the
NATURE GIRL who is unashamed to love—unafraid to hate—and her
GORILLA PROTECTOR
THE AMAZING DRAMATIC SPECTACLE
"LORRAINE OF THE LIONS"
TO-NIGHT: 3-30; 5-15; 7; 8-45 & 10-30 P.M. (S.T.)
WELLINGTON CINEMA
DHOBI TALAO.

WEST-END TO-NIGHT—
THIS WEEK!
UNIVERSAL JEWEL DRAMA
California Straight Ahead
8 Parts—Featuring the popular pet idol of the Cinegoers
REGINALD DENNY
You can't describe it in words—It's too funny!—Too wild!—Too thrilling! And it rolls on rubber from New York to—CALIFORNIA STRAIGHT AHEAD! Excitement all the way—and 3,000 miles of endless chuckles!
California Straight Ahead
Denny at the Wheel of Number 7—tearing along with the throttle pushed wide open—W-l-o-w! A hairpin turn—a skid—got em—no—he's out of it and whizzing along again. Oh, Boy—what thrills!
As the Drama is a lengthy one, there are no side pictures with it. So please be in time
TO-NIGHT: 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)
WEST-END CINEMA—NEW
CHURNEY ROAD.

SHIPPING.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.
FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN
1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according to demand.
For freights and other particulars apply to—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents.
Welland Estate, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.
(REGISTERED IN LONDON.)
(ESTABLISHED 1850.)
Yen.
Subscribed Capital 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital 100,000,000
Reserve Fund 83,500,000
HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES:
Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Changchun, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, New York, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Yokohama.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
1. WASHIO, Manager,
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 222.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1905.
Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882.
HEAD OFFICE.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY
BRANCHES: Calcutta & Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED, Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND Rs. 78,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3/2 per cent. per annum from January to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1885
Capital Authorized 1,00,00,000
Capital Issued 50,00,000
Capital Subscribed 50,00,000
Capital Paid upto 30.6.25 30,80,805
Reserve Fund 25,00,000
HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE
Branches: Abohar, Bhatinda, Jalandhar, Ludhiana, Multan, Patiala, Rawalpindi, Sialkot, Sirsa, Ferozepore, Faisalabad, Hoshiarpur, Jhelum, Lahore, Lyallpur, Muzaffargarh, Okara, Peshawar, Ravi, Sahiwal, Sanghvi, Tarn Taran, Wazirpur.
LONDON AGENTS: THE MIDLAND BANK LTD
AMERICAN AGENTS: THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE PACIFIC NATIONAL BANK, LTD.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2 1/2 per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4 1/2 per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to—
R. J. KHANNA, Manager.
Sassoon House, Churchgate Street, Bombay.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.
BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE.
APOLLO STREET.
BRANCHES:
Byculla—Opposite Parsi Statue.
Mandvi—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.
SAVINGS BANK.
DEPOSITS—Sums not exceeding Rs. 5,000, in the aggregate may be deposited in any one year from 1st January to 31st December. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.
WITHDRAWALS may be made at any time but not often than once in a week. Deposits and withdrawals may be made by post by depositors not residing in the town where the account is kept. Accounts may be transferred to any other Office of the Bank free of charge.
SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000, the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a Special Savings Bank Deposit Account, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.
INTEREST is allowed at the rate of three and a half per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 of ordinary Savings Bank accounts and at the rate of three and a half per cent. per annum on the daily balances of the Special Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.
J. G. RIDLAND, Off. Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKING.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.
Shiltri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane — — — FORT, BOMBAY
Branches:—GIRGAUM MANDVI and POONA CITY.
Assets exceed Rs. 50,00,000/-
SAVINGS BANK 5% p. a.
ON DAILY BALANCES
INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Gold & Government of India Securities.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly.
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold and Government of India Securities.
TEN TOLA GOLD CHIPS of superior touch and correct weight ready for sale.
DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M. A., PH. D.
Managing Director

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England).
HEAD OFFICE:
4, CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E.C. 3
BRANCHES:
Amara, Baghdad, Bahrain, Basrah, Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Hillah, Karachi, Madras, Mecca.
Authorized Capital 22,000,000
Paid-up Capital 21,900,000
Reserve Fund 2,800,800
Reserve Liability of Shareholders 21,000,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Haekell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Legh-wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G.
Deputy Chairman,
Sir Percy Wilson, Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Franconi, Esq.
Capt. R. E. Sassoon, M.C.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.
INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased.
Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken.
Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
R. K. TUCKER, Manager.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
AND REDUCED.
Subscribed Capital Rs. 1,12,70,000
Paid-up Capital Rs. 39,85,000
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum from January to June, 2 1/2 per cent. per annum from July to December.
FIXED AND SHORT DEPOSITS received. Rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVING BANK.
Interest allowed at 4 1/2 per cent. Withdrawals twice a week.
Every description of Banking Business transacted.
Managing Agents,
THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

ALLAHABAD BANK LTD.
ESTABLISHED 1865.
Affiliated to the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited.
Authorized and Subscribed Capital Called Up 40,00,000
Reserve Fund 35,90,000
Head Office: CALCUTTA.
Branches and Sub-Agencies:
Allahabad, Fyzabad, Moradabad, Allahabad City, Gorakhpur, Mussorie, Amritsar, Hapur, Muttra, Bareilly, Bithur, Nagpur, Benares, Jhansi, Naini Tal, Bombay, Jubbulpore, Patna, Calcutta, Lucknow, Raipur, Chandauli, Aunahi, Park Road, Lucknow City, Shajahanpur, Delhi, Meerut, Sitapur, Etawah.
CORRESPONDENTS.
In all the principal towns throughout India.
LONDON BANKERS:
The P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank Ltd.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.
Opened free of charge.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.
Small sums received. Copy of rules can be obtained on application.
Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold the custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realized.
Loans and Cash Credits granted.
Currency Notes of any circle, Cheques and hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit Accounts free of charge.
Banking business of every description transacted.
Copy of rules may be had on application at Head Office and at any of the Branches.
Passenger Letters of Credit, are issued available for use on board P. and O. British India Steam Navigation Company (Home Line), and Orient Steamers, at Ports of call in the Office of the Agents of the P. and O. Steam Navigation Company and British India Steam Navigation Company and at any Office of the P. and O. Banking Corporation, Ltd.
T. L. FOREMAN, Agent, Bombay Branch.
Allahabad Bank Building, Apollo Street, Bombay.

Dr. D. Writer & Co.
Have always in stock sugar-coated "Tikli" Brand tablets of Quinine Bisulph. Purgative, Vegetable Laxative and plain Tikli as Soda-Mint, Aspirin, Anti-malarial Soda water and Lemonade.
Can be had from respectable Chemists and the Manufacturer
Dr. D. Writer & Co.,
Corner Grant Road, BOMBAY, No. 7.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE Co., Ltd.
EVERY YEAR A RECORD YEAR
New Business 1923 — Rs. 59,04,000.
" " 1924 — Rs. 62,93,500.
" " 1925 — Rs. 67,25,500.
LATEST SCHEME OF ASSURANCE AT LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
IDEAL GUARANTEED OPTION POLICY (Triple Benefit).
Please send for particulars to—
BRANCH SECRETARY of the Company.
ALICE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
(Established 1897)
BONUS DOUBLED
INTERIM BONUS OF
Rs. 10 Per Annum Per Rs. 1000 Assured
ON WITH PROFIT POLICIES
BECOMING CLAIMS IN 1926.
Head Office 214, Hornby Road, Bombay. ALLUM, BHARUCHA & Co. Manager

LIFE INSURANCE IS A NECESSITY
DO INSURE YOUR LIFE WITH THE
INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Head Office: "JEHANGIR WADIA" Building, Near Central Bank of India, Ltd., Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN
MANAGED BY INDIANS
Apply for particulars to—
Messrs. JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO., Secretaries and Managers.
Telephone No. 1220.

AMRUTANJAN
is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years' increasing sales prove this fact.
AMRUTANJAN
is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly
CURES ALL
aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises, chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Cost 10 Annas.
Sold Everywhere.
It kills and cures all
ACHES AND PAINS

The ONLY INVESTMENT WHICH DOES NOT DEPRECIATE IN VALUE IS A
Life Assurance Policy
INSURE WITH
THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED
97, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY

EYE TROUBLES
of any kind—Iritis, Stye, Watery Eye, Corner Uter, redness, etc. Even Cataract, Glaucoma Granular lid cured without knife by our Cocoon Brand "Lotus Honey"—gentle and pure—on market. Cure guaranteed. Trial Solicited. Draw Rs. 25, 25 Draw Rs. 40 Ask free particulars to—
NEW FORMULA Co., B. and C. OFFICE.
Kandi Bengal, India.
Tel. "Uttar" Kandi.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS. Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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1st Insertion ..	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion ..	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ..	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent	
Insertions ..	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussal advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement column.

HUBLI MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a School Board Administrative Officer. Pay Rs. 150-10-250. Permanent conveyance allowance Rs. 15 per month. Starting pay may be raised up to Rs. 200 according to the merits of the candidate. Applicants with a good knowledge of English and the local vernaculars should apply to the undersigned before 31st March, 1926, stating age, caste and past service with qualifications and vernaculars known. Preference will be given to Graduates and men with Educational experience.

S. T. KAMBALI, M.L.C.,
President,
Hubli Municipality.

Hubli, 19th February, 1926. 26146

THE PIONEER CLAY AND INDUSTRIAL WORKS, LTD. KHANAPUR

NOTICE.

THE SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company at their FIFTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING, held on the 21th January, 1926, have forfeited shares bearing the following allotment Nos. 1, 13, 14, 19, 24, 36, 38, 60, 79, 86, 90, 105, 108, 109, 112, 128, 140, 148, 149, 154, 157, 159, 162, 165, 174, 176, 184, 184, 185, 198, 203, 217, 218, 224, 225, 227, 237, 242, 255, 271, 277, 287, 289.

And it was resolved that the shares should be reallocated to the respective owners on their paying the call money with interest at 9 per cent up to date of payment by the 24th March, 1926.

By order of the Board,
M. S. NADKARNI & CO.
Managing Agents.

The Pioneer Clay & Industrial Works, Ltd., Khanapur. 26135

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

WANTED for Security Printing, Nasik Road, a HEAD ACCOUNTANT on Rs. 200-15-500 with free quarters (Indian style), with a sound knowledge and practical experience of commercial book-keeping. He must be able to close his books and to prepare the usual final accounts. It is not yet decided whether the appointment is to be pensionable or subject to the Special Provident Fund. The successful applicant, if not already in Government service, will be required to pass a medical examination.

Applications, in writing only, with copies of certificates, which will not be returned, stating age, qualifications, experience, etc., and when able to join, if selected, will be received up to noon of 5th March, 1926, by THE MASTER, SECURITY PRINTING INDIA, Nasik Road.

MINERVA MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF FOURTH CALL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a Meeting of the Directors of Minerva Mills, Limited, held on the 29th day of January, 1926, a call of Rs. 10 per Share, being the Fourth Call, was made and it was resolved that such call should be paid to us by the Managing Agents of the Company on or before MONDAY, the 15th day of March, 1926, at the Registered Office of the Company, Henshaw's Building, 9 Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, and that if such call was not paid on such date interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum would be charged from the 16th day of March, 1926, up to the date of actual payment.

It was also resolved that the Fourth Call should be made payable by those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 27th February, 1926, and that no applications for transfer of Shares should be accepted after the 27th February, 1926, unless such applications are accompanied by the Fourth Call moneys due in respect of such Shares.

By Order of the Board,
N. S. SUTHER & CO.,
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 5th February, 1926. C24996

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ASOKA SWADESHI STORES, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 6th day of March, 1926, at 12 noon (S. T.), at the Registered Office of the Company, situated at Asoka Building, Princess Street, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

- (1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the duly audited Statement of Accounts of the Company up to the 31st March, 1925.
- (2) To appoint a Director in the place of Mr. Tricundas Dwarakadas who retires by rotation, but is eligible and offers himself for re-election.
- (3) To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
- (4) To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 27th February to 15th March, 1926, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
GOOLAMHUSEIN BENDALLI SOMJEE,
Director.

Dated 16th February, 1926. C26152

WANTED

AN experienced MAHOMEDAN UNDERGRADUATE or MATRICULATE, strong in Persian for A. V. School here to teach English to Mahomedan students of the first four Anglo-Urdu standards. Post is pensionable and carries pay at Rs. 40 to 60 p.m.

Applications with testimonials stating age should reach the undersigned before 10th of March, 1926.

G. G. JAHAGIRDAR,
L. C. P. & S.,
Chairman, Schools Committee,
Malgoson City Municipality.

Malgoson City Municipal Office.
Dated, 15-1-1926. 26076

THE SIR SHAPURJI BROACHA MILLS, LIMITED.

WASTE TENDERS.

ENDERS ARE INVITED for the ready stock of waste, lying at the Sir Shapurji Broacha Mills, Ltd., Delisle Road, Chinchpoggy. Tender forms can be had from the Company's Office, Commissariat Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. All tenders must reach the Agents' Office by the 2nd of March, 1926, with a Cash deposit of Rs. 300.

26099

THE INSTITUTION OF STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS, LONDON.

THE GRADUATESHIP AND ASSOCIATE MEMBERSHIP EXAMINATIONS will be held in Bombay on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY, 7th, 8th and 9th July, 1926.

Applications must be received by the undersigned before May, 15th. Syllabus and application forms may be obtained from:—

H. FOSTER KING, F.R.I.B.A.,
M.I. Struct. E.,
Chartered Bank Building,
Fort, Bombay.

THE CARDAMOM SALE NOTICE.

THE CARDAMOM SALES COMMITTEE brings to the notice of the Mercantile Public, that it takes up the sale of (7,000) seven thousands, tholams, Mysore-green, European-green Storegreen, Alleppey, Cardamom seeds etc., in Bombay branch office, and hence calls for tenders to their requirement in Tholam of Rs. 810 (eight hundred and ten) weight with a sum of Rs. 1,000 as damani to the president, Rao Shahib A. S. Alaganachettiar, Bodinayakanur, Kodaikanal Road, S. I. Ry. The tenders should reach the above President on or before 4-3-26. The tender forms shall be obtained from this Patrika Office.

Further particulars, if any, shall be obtained from THE SECRETARY, Cardamom Sales Committee, Bodinayakanur, Kodaikanal, S. I. Ry. C26119

THE RAYMOND WOOLLEN MILLS, LTD.

"FOR THE COLD SEASON."

PURE WOOLLEN GOODS such as Blankets, Rugs, Shawls (Lohies), etc., on Sale, retail and wholesale, at most attractive prices:—

OPPOSITE:

- (1) THE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER, Esplanade Road, Fort.
- (2) RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS' WORKSHOP, Byulla.
- (3) G. I. P. RAILWAY INSTITUTE, PAREL.

Agents:—Messrs. E. D. SASSOON & CO., LTD. 24835

PUBLIC NOTICES.

KARACHI MUNICIPALITY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a Building Surveyor on a salary of Rs. 120-10-200, plus Rs. 35 per month as motor cycle allowance.

The candidate must be a graduate of a recognized University and should have an experience of at least 5 years on construction of buildings. The successful candidate will be appointed on probation for 6 months and if confirmed will be eligible to the benefits of the Municipal pension fund on producing the medical certificate of physical fitness.

Applicant should state his age and give a chronological summary of his career including copies of testimonials which will not be returned.

No joining expenses will be paid. Applications must reach the office of the Executive Engineer not later than 20th March, 1926.

(Sd.) J. N. SETNA,
Executive Engineer,
Karachi Municipality.

Municipal Office,
Karachi, 19th February, 1926. 26155

N. Y. K.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, BOMBAY OFFICE on and from 1st March, 1926.

CANADA BUILDING,
(2nd Floor),
No. 226, Hornby Road,
Fort, Bombay. 26154

S. S. ALTAI MARU FROM JAPAN UNDER GENERAL AVERAGE.

CONSIGNEES of cargo per s.s. "ALTAI MARU" from Japan are hereby informed that a General Average has been declared by the steamer in consequence of her stranding at Hongkong on the 7th of February, 1926. Her cargo has been transhipped per s.s. "Heimei Maru" and "Van-couver Maru" due here on the 7th and 9th of March respectively. Consignees are requested to sign the Average Bond and Valuation form at this office and to deposit 30 per cent. of the market value of their respective consignments before obtaining delivery orders. Underwriters' unlimited letter of guarantee can be accepted in lieu of Deposit Money.

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA,
Owners, s.s. "Altai Maru."
Bombay, 26th February, 1926.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 575 of 1924.
JIVRAJ MADHAVJI, ... Plaintiff.
vs.
(1) DINANATH RAMCHANDRA, (2) GOVINDRAM DINANATH, (3) BALKRISHNA DINANATH, (4) SHANIRAM PREMCHAND, (5) NICHALDAS PREMCHAND and (6) HANSRAJ PREMCHAND, ... Defendants.

Te, DINANATH RAMCHANDRA,
TAKE NOTICE that this Hon'ble Court will be moved before his Lordship the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Fawcett on MONDAY, the 15th day of March, 1926, at 11-30 o'clock in the forenoon (S.T.) or as soon thereafter as Counsel can conveniently be heard on behalf of the Plaintiff for the following Order:—

- (a) For a Decree absolute for sale and an order that the undivided 2/9 share of the Defendants 1st and 2nd in the properties described in the Schedule "A" to the Preliminary Decree herein, dated the 10th day of June, 1921, be sold by and under the directions of this Hon'ble Court.
- (b) That the Plaintiff might be given liberty to bid at such sale.
- (c) That the Defendants 1st and 2nd may be ordered to pay the costs of this application and decree absolute for sale including the sale when taxed.
- (d) That the net sale proceeds be applied in or towards payment of the amount due to the Plaintiff under the said decree dated 10th June, 1921, for principal interest and taxed costs and in payment of this application Decree absolute for sale including the costs of sale when taxed.
- (e) That liberty may be reserved to the Plaintiff to apply for a personal Decree against the 1st and 2nd Defendants in case of deficiency of the net sale proceeds to satisfy the Plaintiff's claim under the preliminary Decree and the Decree absolute for sale.
- (f) That liberty may be reserved to the Plaintiff to apply when there may be occasion.

Daed this 30th day of March 1925.
THAKORHAI AND DART,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys. C26157

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 3487 of 1925.
THE AUTO SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED, a Joint Stock Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913, having its Registered Office at Delhi Plaintiffs.
versus
(1) ANANT KESHAV EKBOTE, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, a Merchant, lately residing at Sandhurst Road, where whereabouts are not known now, and (2) GANGARAM BHAWANIRAM, a Merchant, Hindoo Inhabitant, of Maheshwar, in the Indore State Defendants.

To (1) ANANT KESHAV EKBOTE, and (2) GANGARAM BHAWANIRAM.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that our clients, the Auto Supply Co., Ltd., have filed the above suit against you in the High Court of Bombay praying that it may be declared that the Plaintiffs are entitled to resume possession of the Ford Motor Bus No. Z 8719; that the Defendants may be forthwith ordered to hand over possession of the said Bus to the Plaintiffs; that pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit, the Defendants may be restrained by an Order and Injunction of this Honourable Court from disposing of or in any way dealing with the said Car; that the 1st Defendant may be ordered to pay to the Plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 210-13-4 per month from February, 1925, till possession of the said Bus is recovered by the Plaintiffs with interest thereon at 1 per cent. per month till judgment; that in the alternative, the 1st Defendant be ordered to pay to the Plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 210-13-4 per month as and by way of Damages till recovery of possession by the Plaintiffs of the said Bus; that the 2nd Defendant be ordered to pay to the Plaintiffs the sum of Rs. 210-13-4 per month from February, 1925, till recovery of possession by the Plaintiffs of the said Bus; that the Defendants be ordered to pay to the Plaintiffs the costs of this suit and interest on judgment at 6 per cent. per annum.

PLEASE ALSO TAKE NOTICE that the hearing of the above suit is fixed on the 16th March, 1926, at 11-30 a.m. (S.T.) when you are required to attend either in person or by Advocate and that in default of your appearance, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 25th day of February, 1926.
MANTAL KHER & SEQUEIRA,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys. C26151

By Order of the
Prothonotary.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 118 of 1925.
MAHOMEDALLY ESSAPPAH & Co. Plaintiffs.
versus
TRICUMMAL JINABHAI PATEL and another Defendants.

To, (1) TRICUMMAL JINABHAI PATEL, (2) LILLABHAI KALIDAS, The Defendants abovesaid.

WHEREAS the Plaintiffs abovesaid have filed the above suit against you to recover a sum of Rs. 4,458-15-6 with interest on Rs. 4,377 at the rate of Rupees Nine per cent. per annum from Posh Vad 1st, Samvat Year 1981 (11-1-1925) mentioned in the Plaintiff's Judgment and further interest on Judgment at the rate of six per cent. per annum till payment and costs of this suit and for further and other relief as the nature of the case may require. The hearing of the above suit is fixed in this Court on the 16th day of March, 1926, at 11-45 o'clock (Standard Time), when you are hereby summoned to be present in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to this suit. In default of your appearance on the day beforementioned, the Suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTON MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice, at Bombay, aforesaid, this 23rd day of January, 1926.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay. By Order of the Prothonotary. C26151

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 118 of 1925.
MAHOMEDALLY ESSAPPAH & Co. Plaintiffs.
versus
TRICUMMAL JINABHAI PATEL and another Defendants.

To, (1) TRICUMMAL JINABHAI PATEL, (2) LILLABHAI KALIDAS, The Defendants abovesaid.

WHEREAS the Plaintiffs abovesaid have filed the above suit against you to recover a sum of Rs. 4,458-15-6 with interest on Rs. 4,377 at the rate of Rupees Nine per cent. per annum from Posh Vad 1st, Samvat Year 1981 (11-1-1925) mentioned in the Plaintiff's Judgment and further interest on Judgment at the rate of six per cent. per annum till payment and costs of this suit and for further and other relief as the nature of the case may require. The hearing of the above suit is fixed in this Court on the 16th day of March, 1926, at 11-45 o'clock (Standard Time), when you are hereby summoned to be present in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to this suit. In default of your appearance on the day beforementioned, the Suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

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Seal of the High Court at Bombay. By Order of the Prothonotary. E. J. DAVAR, For Prothonotary. E. J. DAVAR, The 23rd day of January, 1926. Messrs. SHAMRAO MINOCHEER & HIRALAL, Plaintiffs' Attorneys. C26149

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 118 of 1925.
MAHOMEDALLY ESSAPPAH & Co. Plaintiffs.
versus
TRICUMMAL JINABHAI PATEL and another Defendants.

To, (1) TRICUMMAL JINABHAI PATEL, (2) LILLABHAI KALIDAS, The Defendants abovesaid.

WHEREAS the Plaintiffs abovesaid have filed the above suit against you to recover a sum of Rs. 4,458-15-6 with interest on Rs. 4,377 at the rate of Rupees Nine per cent. per annum from Posh Vad 1st, Samvat Year 1981 (11-1-1925) mentioned in the Plaintiff's Judgment and further interest on Judgment at the rate of six per cent. per annum till payment and costs of this suit and for further and other relief as the nature of the case may require. The hearing of the above suit is fixed in this Court on the 16th day of March, 1926, at 11-45 o'clock (Standard Time), when you are hereby summoned to be present in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to this suit. In default of your appearance on the day beforementioned, the Suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913 and

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN AGENCY COY., LTD., a Joint Stock Company, having its Registered Office at No. 63, Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay.

HARIDHAI VAJESHANKER Petitioner.

THE CREDITORS of the abovesaid Company are required on or before 20th day of March, 1926, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their attorneys, if any, to Mr. N. H. Moos, the Official Liquidator of the said Company at his Office at Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, and if so, required by notice in writing from the Official Liquidator in person or by their attorneys to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time as shall be specified in the said notice or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

The 10th day of June, 1926, at 11-30 o'clock in the forenoon, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating the debts and claims before the Chamber Judge of the High Court.

Dated this 25th day of February, 1926.
BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
Attorneys for the Official Liquidator. 26150

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 13 of 1925.
Bai. FATMABAI, ... Plaintiff.
vs.
MAHOMEDIBHOY MULLA ES. MAILJI, ... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Consent Decree of the Court of Reference of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay made in the above suit and bearing date the 10th day of March 1925; Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of Esmaeljee Mulla Vallibhoj deceased who died at Bombay on or about the third day of July, 1924, are hereby required to file such claims in writing within one calendar month from the date hereof and the said claimants are required to specify their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities if any held by them or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefits of the said order. Each claim must be accompanied by a Court-fee Stamp of Rupee One for filing the same.

Dated this 24th day of February, 1926.
(Sd.) H. H. WADIA,
Commissioner. 26158

AUCTION SALES.

MENESE & CO. AUCTIONEERS.

GREAT WESTERN BUILDING, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE AND UNCLAIMED BOOKED ARTICLES. Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act IX of 1920, Messrs. MENESE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 12th March, 1926, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at the Coy.'s Parcel Office, Grant Road.

A quantity of booked and unbooked parcels, articles of clothing, books, umbrellas, etc.

A descriptive list of booked articles can be seen at any of the important stations on the Broad-Gauge Section of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

MENESE & CO.,
Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
No. 78, Meadows Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 24972.

AUCTION SALES.

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MENESE & CO.,
Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
No. 78, Meadows Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 24972.

CRAWFORD & CO. Auctioneers and Commission Agents.

129, Apollo Street, Fort Bombay. Telephone No. 20531.

AUCTION SALE OF THE INSOLVENTS' RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST IN THE GOODWILL OF "GAJANAN AND CO."

By the order of B. N. Lang, Esq., the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of Gajanan Ramchandra traded as Gajanan and Co., (Insolvent), Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 1st March 1926, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their Rooms No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, the right, title and interest of the said insolvent in the goodwill of Gajanan and Co.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE AND HOUSEHOLD MADE TO ORDER FURNITURE OF THE LATEST DESIGN.

On SUNDAY, the 7th March, 1926, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Back Bay house" Colaba, Lands-End, Colaba, near the observatory, very valuable and handsome made to order household furniture of the latest design, rich glass, crockery and platedware, telescopic dining table, (for 10 persons), arm and without arm chairs, sideboards and dinner wagons, rich carpets, drawing room Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, drawing room suite, fancy cabinets, table ornaments, writing tables, glass door book and silver cases, reclining sofas, easy chairs, low chairs, hat stands, single and double beds, mirror almirahs, dressing chest of drawers, hand tables, dressing chest of drawers, phonograph, meat safes, cupboards, aluminium utensils, etc., etc.

The property of T. E. Billington, Esq., and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 27th inst at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

By order of the concerned:—
71 Tins shoe dressing tins.
On account of the Underwriters:—
10 Doz. 10 bottles Vaseline.

By order of Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay:—
One lot unclaimed and proclaimed articles such as gold and silver ornaments, gold embroidered wearing apparels, lamps, Dhotees, Sarrees, copper utensils, wrist watches, etc.

CLASSIFIED ADVTs

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates—

HALF ANNA

PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words: Apply Box No.—Advertisement Department. "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number—Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—An AGRICULTURAL GRADUATE of some experience for the Mithal State. Salary Rs. 100 to 150 according to qualifications. Apply to DIWAN, Mithal, S.M.C. A 26130

WANTED—AGENTS everywhere to sell world famous TITAN sewing machines on liberal terms. Apply to JAYANTHIL KESHAVLAL & BROS., 286, Sandhurst Road, Bombay No. 4. A 22778

WANTED—A CLERK, strong in English, Typewriting, Accountancy and good handwriting essential. Men possessing Commercial line experience preferred, good start. Apply Box No. 1268, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A 22782

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED LADY SHORTHAND TYPIST, well with office work and capable of teaching. Pay Rs. 60 with future prospects. Apply Box No. 1265, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A 22774

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Two experienced LINOTYPE OPERATORS. Fully well-versed in Linotype Work, salaries from Rs. 70 to Rs. 80 to each. Also required two senior Readers for job reading. Must be fully conversant with English and Gujarati proof reading. Salary Rs. 50 to each. Overtime to all extra. None but the experienced hands need apply to the MANAGER, the COMMERCIAL PRINTING PRESS, 11, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay. A 22773

MACHINERY, TOOLS, ETC.

MACHINERY—(New or Second-hand) for Soap, Oil and Candle Works required. Send particulars to Box No. 1262, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." K 22749

FOR SALE—As new, never worked, electrically driven cask making plant by RANSOME & CO., England. Output 1,000 forty gallon casks per week of 60 hours. The machinery is also suitable for making hogheads. Machines are independently driven by 110/115 volts direct current motors. For further particulars apply Box No. 1255, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." K 26085

T. R. LEES, LTD., ENGLAND, (Established 1859). Manufacturers of High-class Machinery, Steam Engines, Cross Compound, Tandem Compound, Single Cylinder, Vertical and Horizontal, Wood working Machinery, Circular Saw Benches, Band Sawing, Log Saw Frames, Planing, etc. 8' x 13' x 16' and 11' x 19' x 20' Engines, etc. in stock. Sole Agents, M. H. DINSHAW & CO., 47, Apollo Street, Bombay. K

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

GERMAN MERCHANTS' DIRECTORY.—Useful to Merchants and Unemployed. Rupee one only. CHANDULAL CHOKSHI, Gandhi Pole: NADIAD. L 22767

THE BOM. RENT ACTS with notes in English, Gujarati and Marathi by R. B. PAYMASTER. Price Re. 1/4, oppo. Gooldas Hospital. L 22625

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, Established 1893. The most oldest and successful Institution of nearly 23 years. Recognized by the Director of Public Instruction. Testimonials from Member of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Bonafide Press and other opinions. Shorthand, Typewriting, special Shorthand Speed Classes, Book Keeping and Accountancy, and all other Commercial Subjects—Tuition imparted by long experienced, certified and efficient Teachers. Excellent Results every year. Special arrangement for ladies. Managing Proprietor **SOPAL DAS LAIDAS**, Princess Street Corner, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

FOR rapid and thorough training in Shorthand and Typewriting, join immediately the **POPULAR SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION**, Darya Mahal, Opp. Thakkar Bros., Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Managing Proprietor B. E. REJE, B.A., LL.B., late Manager and Instructor of the Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution. Concession to the poor and the unemployed. M

LADIES SPEEDILY COACHED UP in general Conversational English; and Metric Girls and Boys in Mathematics, Persian, English, etc. Terms moderate. Success guaranteed. Apply "GRADUATE", c/o "Bombay Chronicle." M 22757

IF you wish to take thorough training in Pitman's Shorthand and Touch Typewriting call at **CROWN TYPEWRITER CO.**, Churchgate Street. M 22753

MEDICAL.

DEAFNESS CURE! ACROLEUM MIRA. CULUM (Miraculous Ear-Oil). An infallible Remedy for Deafness, Headaches, whether caused by Chronic Nasal-Bronchitis, Catarrh, Influenza, other Fevers, Rheumatism, Fall, Injury to the Head, Sea-bathing, Discharge from the Ear, Violent Cough Shock or Quinine, excepting such Deafness existing from birth where the subject is also dumb. Acroleum banishes every other malady including earache and discharge from the Ear. Price Rs. 1-10-0 Postage Extra. If your Dealer cannot supply write to **ALBERT TERRY & CO.**, Santa Cruz P. O. M 22756

PHOTOGRAPHY

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR.

"Bombay Chronicle"
Medows St., Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA.

(Incorporated in England)

MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.
P. and O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passport.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1926			
27 Feb.	RAJPUTANA		16,100
6 Mar.	CHINA	MALAKA	20,337
13 "	RAJPUTANA		16,100
20 "	CHINA	MALAKA	20,337
27 "	RAJPUTANA		16,100
31 "	CHINA	MALAKA	20,337
3 April	NALDERA		15,093
10 "	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
17 "	RAJPUTANA	MOREA	16,100
24 "	RAJPUTANA	MANTUA	16,100
1 May	RAJPUTANA	NARKUNDA	16,100
8 "	RAJPUTANA	MACEONIA	16,100
15 "	RAJPUTANA	MOOLTAN	20,347
22 "	RAJPUTANA	MALWA	7,952
5 June	CHINA		10,941
12 "	RAJPUTANA		11,430
19 "	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
26 "	RAJPUTANA	MALAKA	20,337
30 July	MOREA		10,918
10 "	RAJPUTANA	MANTUA	16,100
17 "	RAJPUTANA	NALDERA	15,093
24 "	DELTA		16,100
31st "	RAJPUTANA	RANPURA	16,100
7 Aug.	CHINA		7,952
14 "	RAJPUTANA	NARKUNDA	16,100
21st "	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430

2 Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
† Terminates voyage at Marseilles. Passengers for London by sea transfer at Marseilles to the "Mantua."

† s.s. China 31st March, Extra steamer at reduced rates.

SPECIAL SHORT PERIOD FIRST SALOON RETURN TICKETS.

These tickets at reduced rates are available for passengers leaving Bombay on and after 5th June 1926 and arriving in Bombay 24th September 1926, both dates inclusive. The rates are as follows:—
To London and back by Sea £185
To London and back via Marseilles £185
including P. and O. Special Train across France in both directions £135
To Marseilles and back £100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1926		
25th Mar.	DOMALA	8,441
8th April	MARCHA	8,378
29th April	DUMANA	8,427
20th May	WARFIELD	8,090
10th June	Cargo Steamer	

*Cargo vessels only, will not convey passengers

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

1926			
28th Feb.	MURISTAN	China & Japan.	
2nd Mar.	DELTA	Straits, China, & Japan.	
	connecting at Colombo with		
	NARKUNDA	For Australia.	
22nd "	MIRZAPUR	China & Japan.	
1st Apl.	MOOLTAN	Colombo and Australia.	
11th "	NAGPORE	China & Japan.	
11th May	DELTA	Straits China & Japan.	
	connecting at Colombo with		
	MONGOLIA	For Australia.	

*Will not convey Passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1926			
27th Feb.	CHAKLA	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast Ports.	
1st Mar.	VITA	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast Ports.	
3rd "	KAROA	East & S. Africa.	
3rd "	BANDRA	Bureh via Karachi and P. Gulf, Persia.	
5th "	VARSOVA	Bureh via Karachi.	

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday Sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail Steamer or through passengers to Bureh. Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.



PRICE Rs. 3 ONLY

Our Pat. Regd.

"TIC-TAK"

WALL

CLOCK

Keeps correct time

Built on strong mechanism

and a most beautiful decorative

WALL CLOCK

INSIST ALWAYS ON

"TIC-TAK"

REGISTERED

PETER WATCH CO.

POST BOX 27, MADRAS.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

SOAP EXPERT, skilled in soap-boiling, required. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 1263, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A 2750

WANTED—A GRADUATE. Apply personally LADY PRINCIPAL, The Princess High School, opposite French Motor Car Co. A 22762

WANTED—A COMPOUNDER and an ASSISTANT COMPOUNDER in quire Dr. ARDESHIR ERUCHSHAW, Tambakata, Pydhony. A 22769

WANTED—Two well-known GERMANY SEWING MACHINES MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE seeks reliable AGENTS. Apply Box No. 1266, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A 22779

WANTED—COMMISSION AGENTS everywhere to sell our fine Dust and Leaf Tea at extremely attractive cheap rates. Apply THE CHEAP TEA TRADING CO., 52, Ripon Street, CALCUTTA. A 22783

WANTED—Reliable PAID ADVERTISER-CONVEYERS, for a large Newspaper concern. Apply Box No. 100, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." A

WANTED—Men, everywhere, to earn Rs. 60 weekly at home. Full details and working plan sent for 5 annas stamps. Apply BUSINESS STANDARDS SERVICE BUREAU, 10, Temple Road, Colombo, CEYLON. A 22771

WANTED—A JUNIOR PARSII LEGAL PRACTITIONER with five to Ten Thousand for a Delhi Office. Safe investment and best practice guaranteed. Apply D. D. GORA & CO., Brandveth Road, Lahore. A 22768

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A CUSTODIAN for Safe Deposit Vault. Apply stating salary and qualifications, with copies of certificates and references in writing to SECRETARY, THE BOMBAY BULLION EXCHANGE, LTD., Shroff Bazar, No. 2. A26126

WANTED—ACCOUNTANTS and CA- SHIERS, for our branches in U. P. Cash security from Rupees 2,000 to 5,000 essential without which no application will be considered. Apply immediately stating along with other particulars (a) cash security you can give (b) the minimum pay acceptable. SECRETARY, U.P. Circle, Hindustan National Bank, Ltd., ALLAHABAD. A 22705

WANTED—STUDENTS to take advantage of our Unique and Most Rapid POSTAL Course in SLOAN-DUPLOYAN Shorthand. Only 12 Easy Lessons. Success Guaranteed. English Degrees and Diplomas are awarded. Latest Speed Record 300 word in one minute. SLOAN-DUPLOYAN Shorthand FREE from Sole Headquarters in India:—THE INDIAN CORRESPONDENCE COLLEGE, Batala. (Punjab). A 22504

LEARN TYPEWRITING FREE on New Machines, STANDARD TYPEWRITER COMPANY, 321, Hornby Road. A 22717

SITUATIONS WANTED.

COMPETENT ACCOUNTANT, having eight years' experience, knowledge of Gujarati Book-keeping and Accounts, seeks situation best references. Please write Box No. 1267, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." B 2750

WANTED—POSITION by a young Gujarati Graduate, thorough business-man, expert in organisation, management, office routine, fully conversant with and competent to start and develop very profitable new lines, local or overseas. Please write to Box No. 1261, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." B 22764

UNDERGRADUATE, knowing Typing, Accounts and General Work seeks EVENING SPARETIME JOB. Apply Box No. 1264, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." B 22763

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO BE LET—GODOWNS, ROOMS for residence and office use, "Abba Building," Cornea Road. HAJEE MAHOMED ABBA & CO., Juckeria Masjid, Bombay. C 22600

KHAR SCURB TO LET.—Ground floor of newly commodious airy bungalow with garden, near station. Rent Rs. 55. Apply GOVINDRAO KULKARNI, 222, Khair. C 22776

FRUITS FLOWERS SEEDS

THE BEGUM NURSERY.—Nurserymen and dealers in Plants of every description can supply Manure, Red Earth and Pots of sizes. Khetwadi 6th Lane, Sandhurst Road, Bombay No. 4. Prop.—S. S. TAKLE. F

FOR SALE AND WANTED.

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:
Rs.
Corona Four (Four Bank key-board) 225
New 195
Corona Improved Model with case 110
L.C. Smith Rs. 95. Brief Size 110
Woodstock fscap. like new 100
Oliver No. 9 Brief slightly-used 170
Hammond Multi. 85, Fox Standard No. 10 Rebuilt Typewriters: Remingtons No. 10 and all and Oliver No. 9 at exceptionally low prices.
Ribbons, Carbon and typewriter papers. Repairs to all Makes.
THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay. Estd. 1903.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—New York No. 20, Foolscap or Brief Size, Rs. 200; Oliver 3, Rs. 60, Brief 70, Empire 1, Rs. 75. Remington 10, Rs. 125 to 200, Brief Rs. 140 to 200; Gujarati Rem. 200, Brief Rs. 125. Visible, Rs. 190; Corona 120, Maharti 125. Rem. Portable, Rs. 145; Corona, Improved, New, 195. Corona Four, Rs. 225. NICOLL & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts, opposite Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 31228. M 2276

TYPEWRITER PRICES EXCEPTIONALLY REDUCED.—Write or call for Price List. Oliver No. 5, Rs. 80; 9, Rs. 125. Remingtons 10 and 11, Rs. 110 upwards. Also Corona 3, Latest Improved Model). American Factory Rebuilt as New Remington Visible Typewriters at Second-hand Prices. Do investigate. STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., 319, Hornby Road, opposite Petit Institute, Fort, Bombay. N

PROFESSION.

GOVERNMENT BOILER ACT and BOARD OF TRADE EXAMINATIONS—Tuition for these examinations given by British Experts, at moderate cost to candidates eligible therefor, no matter where they reside. Apply Box No. 1062, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 24391

ART as taught in Italian Academies, is also taught in Bombay. Join the Academical and Scientific Training College of Fine Arts, Thakurdwar. Attendance—any 2 hours daily between 7 a.m. and 9 p.m. Low fees. P 22466

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY. (Under Special Diet.)
FREE SAMPLE PACKETS OF THE Infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once per V.P.P. for As. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Consumption, Dyspepsia, etc., etc., **PANDIT KRIPARAM** (Specialist in Leprosy), 8, Nandihagan Lane, Salkhia (Howrah).
N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment." A guide to cure Leprosy, Price Rs. 2, postage extra.

MATRIMONIAL.

WANTED for a Saraswat of good position in life, a girl between 20/25 in good health and of a respectable family, either a virgin or a widow. Correspondence strictly private. Apply Box No. 1269, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." M 22736

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

USE only our Swadeshi fast coloured tussore, which stands hard Dhobi washing. **SILK MART**, Surat. T 22555

EGYPTIAN THERMAE. IMPERIAL TURKISH BATHS and MASSAGING INSTITUTE. Nurse Attendance. Ash Lane, Back Paper Currency. T 22773

BUILDING MATERIALS, such as a mixing machine and steel and timber centerings are for sale. Materials can be seen on Site at Worli Point, Hornby Veldard. Please write to **GAGRAI MARKER & CO.**, Nagdevi Street, Bombay. K 22777

Where other Patents A failure!

P. RAMACHENDRAVIA, Esq.
Honorary Magistrate, Kurnool.

"The 2 Doses of Kesari's LODHRA gave an instant relief in case of a dreadful disease of vomiting and chronic uterine disorders attended with fever, and in a case where many Indian and European medicines have failed. I will call it an 'Ambrosia.'"

For full Particulars consult your Chemists or Apply to "Kesari Kuteeram", Egmore, Madras. Bombay Agency with **KAVIRAJ PICHU AIYER**, 17, Fird—Buildings, Matunga, BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

BEST OPPORTUNITY FOR MUSIC LOVERS.
In HONOUR of HOLY FEAST.
GRAND MUSICAL DANCE
AND
SPECIAL CONCERT
BY
The Lady Dancers
well-known in India
Tomorrow (Sunday), afternoon at 3 p. m.
AT
DWARKADAS MANSION,
(3rd floor.)
near Marwari Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road.
Rates Rs. 5, 2, 1 and As. 8.
Apply for seats at the HALL.

FIRST TIME IN BOMBAY.
THE BOY PRODIGY
(under 10 years)
Kumar MANMOHAN CHANDRA
Famous Boy Musician & Songster
will give a
GRAND MUSICAL CONCERT
playing on 25 Musical Instruments.
TO-NIGHT at 9 p. m. (S. T.)
AT
DWARKADAS MANSION,
(3rd floor.)
near Marwari Vidyalaya Sandhurst Road.
Rates Rs. 5, 2, 1 and As. 8.
Apply for seats at the HALL.

MAJESTIC CINEMA
GIRGAON ROAD
Coming! Coming! Coming!
NEERA THE
Beautiful Snake of Aravali.
All the thrilling stunts, hazardous exploits
and adventures of American Serials and
Poetic beauty of English Dramas are
condensed in this eight-reel drama
NEERA
NEERA
NEERA
A series of exquisite and engaging dances,
sensational fights, hilarious situations
and splitting humour running through-
out shall shake you in your Cosy Chairs.
NEERA
NEERA
NEERA
Watch—the 6th March, 1926
MAJESTIC CINEMA
GIRGAON ROAD.

GLOBE CINEMA
SANDHURST ROAD
GRAND SELECTED PICTURE
for the HOLI Week
MADAN THEATRES LTD.
present
"PATI BHAKTI"
DO NOT MISS!!
2 Hours Programme.

WONDERFUL DELINEATION WITH
AMAZING ACCURACY.
Professor PANDIT MOTILAL, F.B.I.M.S.
(London), Scientific Astrologer and Pal-
mist, Secretary, British Institute of Men-
tal Science (Incorporated by Act of Parlia-
ment), Central India Branch, Mhow, C.I.
Examines Horoscopes, undertakes all Astro-
logical works, delineates Palms, Questions
answered, Advice on health, business, mar-
riage, Marriage, Friends, Courtship, etc.
at reasonable fees. Charges for one year in
detail Rs. 3. Brief reading of your life
Rs. 5. Full character reading Rs. 1.
Send time, date, month and year of birth
or time of writing letter to above address
Trial solicited. Testimonials highest from
civil and Military officers.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
TO-NIGHT at 9-30 P. M.
TO-MORROW AT 5.30 P.M.
**THE BOMBAY AMATEUR
DRAMATIC CLUB**
presents
**"LORD RICHARD
IN THE PANTRY"**
A Farce in 3 Acts.
Booking at Rose & Co., upto 1 p.m. From
3 p.m. at the Theatre.
Sunday Booking at Theatre from 10.30 a.m.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
TO-MORROW NIGHT AT 10 P. M.

QUO VADIS
The Immortal Story of
THE DAWN OF CHRISTIANITY
featuring
LILIAN DAVIS HALL
and
EMIL JANNINGS
In the History of Screen Craft
There has never been a picture like this.

EMPIRE THEATRE
Today and Tomorrow at 4.30, 6.30, 8.15
and 10 p.m.
DO YOU TELL LOVING LIES?
"LOVING LIES"
Featuring EVELYN BRENT.
Two Love Stories in one—a poignant
Tragedy and a drama of the Eternal Tri-
angle!

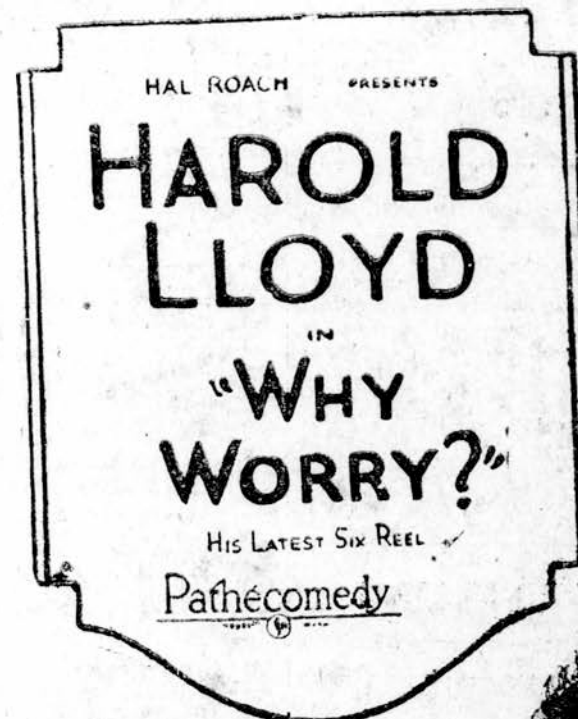
EMPRESS THEATRE.
Today and Tomorrow at 2.40, 4.30,
6.20, 8.15 and 10 p.m.
SUNDAY MORNING Special Show at
10 a.m.
"MARIE ANTOINETTE"
Featuring DIANA KARENE.
A Fascinating Story of Human Life, Vicis-
situdes, Smiles and Tears.
A Film of Historic Interest.

SHARDA FILM CO'S.
HISTORICAL MASTERPIECE
FULL OF LOVE & FIGHTING STUNTS
VASANT BALA
Starring Miss JONES As VASANT BALA
and also a BEAUTIFUL DANCE
on the Stage.
TIME AND RATES AS USUAL
TO-NIGHT and till FRIDAY
KRISHNA CINEMA
DUBASH THEATRE
New Charni Road.

IMPERIAL
CINEMA, LAMINGTON ROAD
presents
TO-NIGHT and THIS WEEK
KOHINOOR'S LATEST COMEDY
**"BREEFLASS
BARRISTER"**
featuring
Mr. SIDIMYA, well-known Comedian with
Miss GOHAR and Miss MOTI.
DAILY FOUR SHOWS:—
At 5, 7, 9 & 11 p.m.
EXTRA SHOWS ON
Sat., Sunday, and Holidays at 3 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

PATHE CINEMA ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.
TIME: 6, 8 & 10 P. M. MATINEE TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4 P. M.



For The SECOND WEEK'S RUN
Due to its Tremendous Success and
for the Benefit of the Public who
could not gain admission.
**THE BIGGEST LAUGH OF
THE SEASON**

Harold Lloyd
IN
"WHY WORRY"

Be WISE & BOOK YOUR SEATS TO-DAY!

PATHE SUPER GAZETTE
Includes
BOMBAY'S NEW RACE COURSE
Showing
Their Excellencies' first public visit
to the Course
The Byulla Club Cup and Turf Club Cup.
NO INCREASE IN PRICES This Week.



A WONDER!! MAHARASHTRA FILM Co. of Kolhapur Presents **A WONDER!!**
The new Mythological Film

A staircase to heaven!!

GAJGOURI

LOVERS OF FOREIGN PICTURES SEE
THIS AND JUDGE

See the valour of Bhimai you will be
puzzled to give him name for his
strength—



Indra's Airavat coming
down from sky to earth

GAJGOURI

A PICTURE WHICH IS THE
PICTURE

See the quarrel-producing Narad how
he works out the whole thing!

Purely Oriental
Scientific

DANCE
DON'T FAIL
TO SEE IT.

Commencing from TO-DAY Saturday 27th
AT

**Cinema
Majestic**
GIRGAUM.

A
PROGRAMME
Worth Taking Your
Families to see
TO-DAY.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Feb. 26.
A further drop of 26 to 27 points in old crop and 14 to 15 points in new crop in New York futures has been reported today. The market eased on further long liquidation. Liverpool has been reported 15 to 14 points down. The decline was due to general selling. Messrs. Umrigar and Vessagars' New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co. cable under date 25th inst. as follows:—
"Market declined on considerable long liquidation and poor support."
In accordance with further lower advices reported from Hong Kong the Marwari Bazar opened Rs. 34 lower with Branch April/May at Rs. 338. Touching Rs. 357 1/2 the price advanced to Rs. 359 1/2 on buying by several Commission Houses. At this level Shariffs were sellers which caused the rate to recede to Rs. 358 1/2 and the market closed at the same rate. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 360 3/4 and closed at Rs. 359 1/2 on Commission Houses and European Exporters selling.

Branch July/August opened at Rs. 356 and advanced to Rs. 357 1/2 on buying by Commission Houses and closed at Rs. 357 1/2. Shariffs being moderate sellers. Omra March opened at Rs. 332 and advanced to Rs. 334 1/2 on Shariffs buying closed at Rs. 333 1/2. Whilst Omra May opened at Rs. 329 and going up to Rs. 331 on Exporters buying closed at Rs. 330 1/2. Bengal March and May were quoted Rs. 273 and Rs. 277 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton continued to remain dull yesterday and the demand was nominal.

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, February 26.	
Fully Good Branch April/May	359 1/2
Fully Good Branch July/August	357 1/2
Fully Good Bengal March	273 1/2
Fully Good Bengal May	277 1/2
Fine Omra March	334
Fine Omra May	331 1/2

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

	Super.	Fine.	Good.
M. G. Bengal	292	292	290
M. G. S. Punjab	298	298	276
M. G. Omra No. 3	350	340	325
M. G. Central Provinces No. 1	385	375	360
M. G. Central Provinces No. 2	373	363	348
M. G. Branch No. 2	385	380	374
M. G. Southern Khandesh	330	320	305
M. G. Mathia	295	285	272

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, February 26.	
Fully Good Branch April/May	359
Fully Good Branch July/Aug.	356
Fully Good Bengal March	273
Fully Good Bengal May	277
Fine Omra March	333
Fine Omra May	330

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, February 26.	
Cotton	21,922 Bales.
Wheat	5,310 Cwts.
Linsed	1,621 Cwts.
Groundnut	1,710 Cwts.
Castorseed	7,131 Cwts.
Rice	2,599 Cwts.
Myrahollam	2,180 Cwts.
Cottonseed	2,342 Cwts.
Mowraeed	5,812 Cwts.
Gram	Nil
Juar	767 Cwts.
Nil	1,093 Cwts.
Masur	544 Cwts.
Barley	877 Cwts.
Oat	2,895 Tons.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 26th February 1926.

	21,922 Bales.
Cotton	5,310 Cwts.
Wheat	1,621 Cwts.
Linsed	1,710 Cwts.
Groundnut	7,131 Cwts.
Castorseed	2,599 Cwts.
Rice	2,180 Cwts.
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Juar	1,093 Cwts.
Nil	544 Cwts.
Masur	877 Cwts.
Barley	2,895 Tons.
Oat	

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Feb. 26.	
Bengal Superfine M.G.	295
Bengal Fine M.G.	285
Bengal F.G. M.G.	285
Sindh-Punjab Fine M.G.	282
Sindh-Punjab F.G. M.G.	282
Punjab-Americans M.G.	350
Wardha-Hing Fine M.G.	350
Nagpur Fine M.G.	350
Yestmal Fine M.G.	350
Pulgaon Fine M.G.	350
Arvi Fine M.G.	350
Amraoti Fine M.G.	350
Khamgaon Akola Fine M.G.	350
Mulkapur Fine M.G.	350
Khandesh Fine M.G.	350
Branch Fine M.G.	350
Branch Fully Good M.G.	350
Branch Fine M. G.	350
Mathia Fine M.G.	350
Mathia F.G. M. G.	350
Dharwar S.G.	350
Coompta M. G.	350
Western M. G.	350
Western H. G.	350
Miraj M. G.	350
Cambodia M.G.	350

C. M. PAREKH'S QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Feb. 26.
Jute—Albion 420; Alliance 420; Barnagore 430; India 365; Birla 612; Belvedere 408.70; Budge Budge 368.70; Caledonia 453; Chapandi 144; Clive 31.4.31; Cuda 4.12; Cheviot 265; Deltahouse 318; Delta 410; Empire 433; Fort Gloster 710; Fort William 273; Gondalpara 750; Gouper 630; Hukimchand 9; Hooghly 63.8; Howrah 35.8.35; India 180; Kamargahy 480; Kankarabari 330; Kelvin 700; Kinnison 855; Lansdowne 216.8; Lawrence 550; Lethian 330; Nabhai 380; National 23.4; New Central 470; Northbrook 45.8; Nuda 45; Orient 190; Presdley 6.14; Reliance 53; Soorah 29.30; Standard 340; Union 480; Waverly 6.10; Hessian 16.9; Jute 103.12.
Cotton—Dundee 161; Kachhram Cotton 4.
Miscellaneous—Imperial Bank 1500; Imperial Bank 387.
Remarks—Jute shares declined sharply at the close. The tone of the market weak. Market responds on Monday.

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	Since 1st September	This year	Last year
Khandesh ..	1,019	2,56,704	1,86,593
Central India ..	2,415	2,82,561	1,78,915
Barisi and Nagar ..	471	1,53,233	1,34,727
Hyderabad-Gaonani ..	66	55,894	68,893
Hyderabad ..	3,375	3,52,685	3,93,180
Central Provinces ..	390	1,80,231	1,96,617
Total Omras ..	7,736	12,81,308	11,58,936

Dholera ..	1,082	1,41,668	81,442
N.W. Provinces ..	377	1,23,446	1,26,295
Rajputana ..	2,905	70,311	34,817
Sind-Punjab ..	2,066	1,83,233	2,74,172
Branch ..	8,545	1,62,107	20,076
Coompta & Dharwar ..	15,743	15,732	
Western-Northern ..	9,846	17,283	
Cocoonada ..	1,471	918	
Tinnevely and ..			
Cambodia ..	6,513	8,233	
Persian ..	2,167	1,167	
African ..	200	9,048	
Egyptian and ..			
Comilla, Burma & other sorts ..	1,211	33,120	23,990
Total ..	21,922	20,31,542	17,70,490

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	1st Sept.	18th Feb.	This Last year
Europe ..	2,740	2,71,592	2,33,864
Japan & China ..	12,100	8,34,080	8,20,085
Coast Ports ..	106	13,062	8,402
Up country by Rail ..		45,934	7,907
Adios in harbour ..			
for Europe, China and Japan ..		1,30,592	72,251
Total ..	14,946	12,96,160	11,42,510

COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 25.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 7,000 bales.
Total Day's Sales on Spec and for Exp 500 bales.
Total Day's Sales of East Indian 750 bales.
Mid American Spot Universal Standard fair demand 168.
Egyptian F G F Sakellari 17.50.
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)—
March 19.66
May 19.10
July 18.51
New York Noon Call—
March 19.60
May 19.04
July 18.47
New Orleans 10 a.m.—
March 18.86
October 17.27

COTTON-OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Feb. 25.	
Months	Today's price.
March	9.81-15
May	9.74-14
July	9.66-13
October	9.38-11
December	9.30-11
January	9.31-10

EGYPTIANS.

Liverpool, Feb. 25.	
Months	Today's price.
March	16.15-25
May	15.80-20
July	15.80-20
November	16.00-30

EGYPTIAN COTTON-CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Feb. 25.	
Months	Today's price.
February	16.51-01
March	16.51-01
April	16.51-01
May	16.51-01
June	16.51-01
July	16.51-01
August	16.51-01
September	16.51-01
October	16.51-01
November	16.51-01
December	16.51-01
January	16.51-01

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Feb. 25.	
Months	Today's price.
February	9.83-16
March	9.81-15
April	9.74-14
May	9.73-13
June	9.68-13
July	9.64-13
August	9.38-11
September	9.32-10
October	9.35-14
November	9.27-14
December	9.27-14
January	9.27-14
February	9.25-14

COTTON-ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Feb. 25.	
Scinde, "Good"	7.30
Scinde, "Fully Good"	7.30
Scinde, "Fine"	7.30
Bengal, "Good"	7.30
Bengal, "Fully Good"	7.30
Bengal, "Fine"	7.30
Oomra, "Good"	7.30
Oomra, "Fully Good"	7.30
Oomra, "Fine"	7.30
Branch, "Good"	8.20
Branch, "Fully Good"	8.20
Branch, "Fine"	9.00

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Feb. 25.
COTTON—
Day's Receipts at all U S Ports 29,000.
Day's Exports to Great Britain 1,000.
Market responds on Monday.

Day's Exports to Continent 7,000.

FUTURES AT NEW YORK—	
March	19.57-26
May	19.00-27
July	18.44-26
October	17.85-14
Spot Cotton at New York	20.10-25
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	19.95-35

FUTURES AT NEW ORLEANS—

March	
March	18.80-23
October	17.18-15
Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 19 1/8	
Demand Bills 4562	
Silver Commercial Bars 66 5/8	

CLOSING PRICES.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.	
New York, Feb. 25.	
Futures at New York—	Today's price.
March	19.57-26
May	19.00-27
July	18.44-26
October	17.85-14

Cotton Delivery Mid Uplands G O C Liver.
Months
March .. 9.81-15
May .. 9.73-13
July .. 9.64-13
October .. 9.38-11
December .. 9.30-11
January .. 9.31-10

WHEAT.

London, Feb. 25.	
Barletta Russo—611 lbs Feb/March sell.	51.9
Rozario Santa Fe—571 lbs Feb/March sell.	51.9
Tone—Steadier.	
Australian Feb/March buyers	57.6

SEEDS.

London, Feb. 25.	
Linsed Argentine (La Plata)—	
Feb/March sellers 14 3/4	
April/May paid 14 13/16	
Tone—Easier.	
Cottonseed Bombay Feb/March sellers 7 11/16	
Cottonseed Bombay Feb/March sellers higher demand 17 1/2	
Linsed Bombay Feb/March nominal 18.	
Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton	
April/May Newerop sellers 419 7/8	
Rapeseed, Toria, per ton Feb/March	
229 3/8	
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, per ton not quoted	
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton April/May	
sellers 419	
Tone of Rapeseed—Steadily held.	
Yellow Cawnpore April/May Hamburg sellers	
20 7/8	

LINSIED.

London, Feb. 25.	
Linsed Calcutta Pure Basia Bags—	
Feb/March sellers 15 1/8	
April/May done 15 1/8	
Tone—Quiet rather easier.	
Raw Linsed Oil Naked Spot Net—	
March/April offered 30 1/2	
May/August paid 30 1/2	

JAVA SUGAR.

London, Feb. 25.	
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta—	
July/September sellers 15 1/2	
October/December sellers 15 1/2	
Fine White Java C & F Bombay—	
July/September sellers 15 1/2	
Fine White Java C & F Karachi—	
July/September sellers 15 1/2	

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Feb. 26.
We have nothing special to report in our market which ruled steeper so far as ready sugar is concerned with small stocks and limited demand and prices remained unchanged with declining tendency as heavy quantity of expected very shortly. There was free offering of Beet Sugar from Continent and a large business has been done in same for February March shipment at 16 1/2 to 16 3/4 B H. A fair quantity of White Javass was done amongst dealers for February/March at 17 1/2 to 17 3/4 B H. While Newerop was done in July/September at 15 1/2 to 15 3/4 B H. In face of large business done we do not expect fresh business for the present. Karachi and Calcutta reported steady markets with small business. A fair quantity of White Javass was done amongst dealers for February/March at 17 1/2 to 17 3/4 B H. While Newerop was done in July/September at 15 1/2 to 15 3/4 B H. In face of large business done we do not expect fresh business for the present. 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BOMBAY MARKETS

WEEKLY REVIEW.

COTTON.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

During the week under review Home markets have been fluctuating but on the whole show a sharp decline both in New York and Liverpool as compared with last week. Early in the market advanced on New Orleans and Well St. buying. Later the value eased on Jung liquidation and Southern selling. At the close the market was easier.

Rather quiet and featureless markets, with probably a downward movement, have been witnessed since our last report and prices have again fluctuated within comparatively narrow limits. At the moment the market is wearing a tired appearance and is in more need of fresh stimulus, the best source of which would be an increased demand from the trade. There is no doubt the market is suffering from lack of buying and general absence of business, and though there is no change in the inherent strength of the situation the tendency is for prices to slide away gradually until something further turns up.

There has been but little alteration between the various months, though this crop has tended to lose ground somewhat as compared to next. We still hold our view that there will be continued weakness in the nearer months, and that the premium which July holds over October will further shrink as time goes on.

Reports from Manchester have run on somewhat quieter lines, but there is no doubt that the country underneath the surface is of quite large dimensions. It is difficult for us to understand why there is not more enterprise in the various markets as the outlook of the past few weeks should have inspired confidence in the stability of current rates, but apparently customers abroad keep on hoping for lower prices. It would not surprise us at all if a further substantial advance brought with it greater activity and created a stronger buying movement.

Broadly speaking we still consider the "Bull" side the better one to follow. For the present we do not expect a very material movement until fresh factors begin to exert their influence, such as the prospects for the next crop in the way of acreage and weather etc. These latter will certainly play a prominent part and we are most likely to be ranged on the "bullish" side. Moreover the position fundamentally remains sound, so that we cannot see anything justifying a confident "Bear" sale. We still adhere to our view to take advantage of weak sessions in which to effect purchases of distant new crop cotton.

As regards the local market the position so far as future contracts are concerned is exceptionally strong owing to the security of tenderable cotton, but these quotations are no guide as to the market in the expectation of buying at a much more lower level, and consequently stocks day-by-day are accumulating.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week:

New York March last week 20.15; this week 19.57 minus 58.
New York May last week 19.38; this week 19.40 minus 52.
New York July last week 18.92; this week 18.44 minus 48.
New York October last week 18.16; this week 17.55 minus 32.
New York December last week 17.50; this week 17.48 minus 32.
Liverpool March last week 16.08; this week 9.31 minus 27.
Liverpool May last week 16.01; this week 9.71 minus 28.
Liverpool July last week 9.90; this week 9.74 minus 26.
Liverpool October last week 9.57; this week 9.35 minus 22.
Liverpool January last week 9.48; this week 9.27 minus 21.

PIECEGOODS.

The Cloth Market has been rather featureless during the past week, and no particular developments can be discerned. This is not surprising as usually four days before the "Holi" the buyers stop purchasing. But it is noted that a fair demand will set in two days after the "Holi". The inquiry during the earlier part of the week was on a small scale. Stocks have been accumulating in the warehouses as well as in the godowns of buyers.

Grey Shirtings of Manchester make have not shown any improvement. Drills have been steady. Grey Jacquets have been selling at cut prices. White Shirtings have met with a small demand. 32 inches by 20 yards White Mulls, suitable for Madras, have declined by eight annas per piece. White Nainsooks have hardly shown any change.

The Manchester Market has been firm and steady and in some cases the quotations have been higher. This, no doubt, has given some support to the market here. Fresh business is very limited at present and only small lots have been booked. For Dhories very distant delivery time has been required.

Local Mill Cloths have remained steady in value, and it is expected that the demand will assert itself after the "Holi" holidays are over. During the last month about thirteen to fifteen thousand bales have been sold by the Mills as already reported. The following sales are reported to have been made by the Mills during the week:

250 bales of Petit Group Mills, Longcloths at Rs. 1/1/3 to Rs. 1/1/6 per lb and Calendar Shirtings at Rs. 1 per lb.

100 bales of Corra Mills, Longcloths at Rs. 1/0/6.

100 bales of Corra Mills, Shirting Calendar at Rs. 0/15/9.

Negotiations for further sales are in progress. About 700 bales piecegoods are being sold at the shop of the Century Mill every week.

The quotations for the leading chops of Grey and Whites are as under:

GREY SHIRTINGS—

Ralli's Earl No. 2000+39+371/38	10 4 0
" 100000 .45x "	12 4 0
" No. 33,000 .45x "	10 0 0
" No. 2400 .37x "	8 8 0
" No. 4545 .38x38 "	10 8 0
" No. 15000 .44x38 "	10 8 0
" No. 16000 .44x38 "	11 0 0
" No. 17000 .44x38 "	11 8 0
Graham's No. 2730 .39 "	10 4 0
" No. 2750 .45 "	12 4 0
Dewhursts BBB .38x38 1/2 "	17 8 0
" BB .38x38 1/2 "	15 8 0
" Rupee No. 5 .38x38 1/2 "	14 0 0
Ritchie's No. 510 .38x37 1/2/38 "	10 4 0
Lyon's Shunker .39x38 "	10 4 0
Fleming's 1904-1906 45,48,51x38 "	16 8 0

GREY DRILLS—

P. pperell's Dragon 29x40 Net	19 0
Ralli's Musjid No. 425,26x40	

GREY JACONETS.

Ralli's No. 18 .45x22	6 5 0
" No. 18 .40x22	5 11 0
" No. 138 .40x22	5 2 0
" No. 636 .44x22	5 10 0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Liepman's No. 1500 32x42	20 12 0
H. B. T. C. 40000 .36x40	25 0 0
Ralli's No. 9889 .33x40	17 8 0

WHITE MULLS.

Ralli's No. 6 .41x19	7 8 0
" No. 60 .46x19	8 4 0
" No. 600 .51x19	9 0 0
" No. 6000 .56x19	10 8 0
" No. 88 .58x20	7 0 0
" No. 1270 .27x18	3 2 0
" No. 166 .39x20	7 4 0
" No. 818 .39x20	7 6 0
" No. 1440 .36x20	4 12 0
" No. 1703 .52x20 Net	14 8 0
" No. 224 .44x20	7 4 0
Ritchie's No. 1200 27x18	3 2 0
" No. 119 .37x18	4 0 0
" No. 229 .42x18	4 0 0
" No. 339 .47x18	5 0 0
" 1K-4K38, 43, 48, 53x18 Avg.	
" No. 95 .58x20	6 12 0
" No. 66999 .40x18	5 8 0
" No. 86999 .40x18	6 0 0
" No. 775 .40x18	6 0 0
" No. 875 .45x18	6 8 0
" No. 975 .50x18	7 0 0
" No. 615 .50x18	7 0 0
Graham's Balloon .58x20	6 12 0
Fleming's No. 8080 .26x18	2 12 0

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7070-9090 27x18	3 10 0
" No. 61-81 . "	3 8 0
" No. 1850 . "	2 12 0
" No. 1900 . "	2 14 0
" No. 2600 . "	3 0 0
" No. 21021 . "	3 2 0
" No. 39620 T.N. 38x22	5 7 0
Graham's Nos. 88-8888 28x18	4 3 0
" No. 95950-97970 . "	7 0 0
" Sarawati 36x18	4 12 0
" Tipoo/VWWV 34x18	5 4 0
" No. 33340/33350/33360	5 12 0
Lyon's No. 4545-5656 . "	2 6 0
Greaves' No. 8000 T.R. 38x22	3 6 0
Ritchie's Nos. 3500-4510 . "	3 6 0
S.W. and Co's. Nos. 5800-5820 "Motor Car"	3 6 0

The above quotations are on Bazaar terms with discount of three and a half per cent on Grey and four per cent on White Goods.

JAPANESE GREY CLOTHS—

No. 666 Shirtings .38x38	Net 9 12 0
" 2500 Shirtings 38x40	12 12 0
" 5151 .44x38	16 8 0
" 4141 .44x38	10 12 0
" 5544 .44x38	10 12 0
" 3800 .44x38	16 8 0
" 3" Sheetings .30x36 Ex. Bond	9 8 0
" 3" Dragons .30x36 Ex. Bond	9 8 0
" Elephant" Drills 29x	17 0 0
" Duck Drills .40	15 0 0

YARN MARKET.

February 26.

Since our last report Indian yarns have ruled very quiet and prices have recorded a further fall to the extent of about a quarter of an anna per lb. around in the absence of any satisfactory demand from the consuming districts. The loss of confidence is still evident and the dealers have been passing very anxious times inasmuch as they are not able to dispose of their holdings although they are very eager to do so. Stocks however with the dealers are new very small and consuming centres also do not report big stocks but as the feeling at the moment is bearish all buying is held to month only. Cotton has remained rather steady though during the latter part of the week prices have eased to some extent and this has created an easier feeling in Indian yarns. In case of Japanese and English yarns however position has been distinctly better during the last two weeks and prices have improved in almost all sorts and grades. There has been very satisfactory inquiry from dealers as well as from mills have shown much improvement and even forward business has been done to the extent of about three to four thousand packages, all told during the week under review.

English Yarns.—The position has shown some improvement and business has been done in two fold yarns as well as in Cops to the extent of about a thousand packages. At the close of the week however due to fall in the cotton rates the feeling has been bearish and inquiries are very limited.

Japanese Yarns.—Prices have improved further and dealers have been busy buying near and forward shipments anticipating the requirements of the up-country markets and the general feeling is distinctly healthy. At the close of the week however the decline in exchange along with the decline in raw cotton rates has made the feeling easy and buyers have temporarily withheld from the market, although the rate for ready goods have remained practically unchanged on account of the shortage of stocks. Samping have declined and the decline in exchange has certainly made the dealers nervous and they have stopped buying at the moment. Business during the last fortnight has been done to the extent of 4,000 packages in all.

Indian Yarns.—A great deal of anxiety has been noticeable amongst the dealers in Indian yarns and although they are very anxious to operate near purchases the very unsatisfactory off-take has been making them nervous and they prefer to wait and watch the development in the local market as well as in the up-country markets. Our mills are very anxious to dispose of their accumulated stocks in various kinds of yarns at fairly reasonable prices but the prices offered to them have been so very low and discouraging that in many cases the strong holders are not prepared to sell their yarns at heavy losses. Some of the week mills however have been obliged to sell and business in such terms below 12% has been done in small lots at very low rates. Besides, the wild rumours from several quarters depressed the market further and at the moment merchants, dealers and Mills have been viewing the whole situation with a great deal of anxiety. Up-country reports are still very poor and it appears that there are no buyers for any sorts of Indian yarns at the moment. China is hopeless and latest reports received from Calcutta and Rangoon are very pessimistic.

The outlook is in our opinion not at all unhealthy and we believe we shall see some light in the near future.

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully Good M G Broach April/May opened on the 19th instant at Rs. 3634 and declined to Rs. 3600 on Commission Houses and Shroffs selling. From this level the value gradually improved to Rs. 3700 on buying by Commission Houses and prominent Shroffs. At about this level several Commission Houses sold which caused the prices to decline to Rs. 3581 and the market closed on the 25th instant at Rs. 3581. Whilst Broach July/August opened on the 19th instant at Rs. 3661 and eased to Rs. 3621 on Japanese Houses and general selling. From this level the prices advanced to Rs. 3660 on Shroffs buying; but the market again declined to Rs. 3531 on Commission Houses and general selling and closed at Rs. 3581 on the 25th instant.

Pina Oomra March opened at Rs. 3361 and going down by a rupee and a half advanced to Rs. 3400 on buying by Shroffs and Commission Houses. From this level the market dropped to Rs. 3331 on Commission Houses selling and closed at Rs. 3351 on the 25th instant. May Oomra opened on the 19th instant at Rs. 327 and declined to Rs. 3241 on Shroffs and general selling. On buying by Commission Houses the market improved to Rs. 3381; but again eased to Rs. 332 on Commission Houses selling and closed at Rs. 3321 on the 25th instant. F G Bengal March opened at Rs. 281 and closed at Rs. 2771 the highest being Rs. 2921 and the lowest Rs. 2771. Whilst May opened at Rs. 281 and closed at Rs. 2811 the highest being Rs. 2851 and the lowest Rs. 281.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS

Bombay, Feb. 24.

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants Association, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.)

Rs. As. Ps.

KHADI:—

Textile	Per lb	0 14 6
Century	"	0 13 6
Jacob	"	0 13 6
E. D. Sassoon	"	0 13 6
Elphinstone	"	0 13 6
Bombay Cotton	"	0 0 0

LONG CLOTH (Full weight) 34/40 In.—

Standard	"	1 3 0
Century	"	1 2 9
Hindustan	"	1 3 9
Fazal (Mahal)	"	1 3 9
Phoenix	"	1 3 9
Pabany (Phoolmah)	"	1 3 0
Manchil (Patangia)	"	1 3 0
Kullamardan	"	1 3 0
Daud Sahib	"	1 1 6

LONG CLOTH (Light weight) No. 5202/5303:—

Rachael Mill	"	1 3 3
Hindustan	"	1 3 9
David Mill	"	1 3 3
Apollis	"	1 3 3
E. D. Sassoon	"	1 2 9

LONG CLOTH X Quality:—

Kohinoor Mill	"	1 2 6
Swan Finlay	"	1 2 3
Gold Mohor	"	1 1 0

LONG CLOTH Satin Calendar 34-42 In.—

Textile (Hand)	"	1 2 0
Spring (Merchant)	"	1 2 0
Century (Bugle)	"	1 1 0
Apollis (Fyala)	"	1 0 9
Tata Mill (Darji)	"	1 1 6
Sakuntala	"	1 1 3
Sundari Brand	"	1 1 3

DHOOTIES 7 9 Yards:—

Spring (Balance)	"	1 3 6
Jacob E. D.	"	1 2 0
Century	"	1 3 0

DHOOTIES 10 Yards:—

Spring (Balance)	"	1 2 6
Century	"	1 2 0
Jacob E. D.	"	1 1 0
1386 Tata	"	3 5 0

CHECK GREY DRILL by lbs. 5:—

Bombay Cotton	Per piece	5 0 0
Jamshed	"	5 0 0
Century	"	5 4 0
Pearl Pabany # 5	"	5 8 0

BLEACHED CHECK:—

Kasturhand Mill:—	"	6 5 0
Bombay United	"	0 0 0

BLACK CHECK:—

5800 Sholapur	"	12 7 0
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GABRIN No. 5124:—

Pearl Pabany	"	9 6 0
Hindustan	"	9 12 0
E. D. Rachael	"	8 4 0

SALITA:—

Century	Per lb.	1 1 6
Textile	"	1 1 6
Spring (Merchant)	"	1 1 0

STRIPED SADIS Yards 12:—

777 Kohinoor	Per Piece	2 11 6
777 Cresecent	"	2 11 6

DUKDI Yards 12 13 14:—

Kanta	Per lb.	1 6 6
Great	"	1 6 0
Phoenix	"	1 6 0

KASHMIR'S CORONATION.

FINAL RELIGIOUS CEREMONY.

JAMMU, Feb. 25.

To-day saw the final religious ceremony of the Maharaja of Kashmir's Coronation at Barabagh from 7 to 11 a.m. On this occasion His Highness was accompanied by Her Highness the Maharani. The ceremony was performed on a dais placed on the skins of tiger, leopard, lion, black buck, wild cat and bull, and the actual ceremony was somewhat similar to that described yesterday.

About 9.30, for seven minutes, the holy water was poured over the heads of Their Highnesses conveying the blessings of God upon them and upon the State. They were anointed with ointment and several hands with bagpipes, drums, musicians and nautch girls played, and sang their loudest in the court-yards and halls below. At the same time, scores of Pandits chanted the vedas in the Palace rooms.

At length the religious ceremonies which began on 12th December and which under the advice of Pandit Devraj had been arranged by General Jitad Singh, the Revenue Member of the Council, were over after nearly three hours during which time the Maharaja went through them with full devotion and fidelity to the injunctions of the Shastras, grudging neither time nor trouble.—A. P.

TO-DAY'S RACES.

SELECTIONS BY LUCKY LAD.

THE PALL HILL PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 1 1/2 Miles.

FRONTIER FORCE	1
GOORJEE	2
FATHA	Fluke.

THE PALL HILL PLATE—Div. II.

PROMISE	1
RAVI	2
NAYIM	Fluke.

THE PALL HILL PLATE—Div. III.

COLLINGWOOD	1
MAMELUKE	2
ARAB PRINCE	Fluke.

ST. PATRICK HANDICAP.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

RIVERINE	1
THE FLIVER	2
PROSE AND VERSE	Fluke.

THE SWINDON PLATE. Div. I.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

REVUE	1
CRUSHED GLASS	2
HOT LIPS	Fluke.

THE SWINDON PLATE. Div. II.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

SHINGLED	1
STORMONT	2
MOTU PROPRIO	*Fluke.

THE AGA KHAN CUP.—Distance 1 1/2 Miles.

GREEN ISLET	1
CHURCHTOWN	2
LOMONDS HILL	Fluke.

LEOPARDS TOWN PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

PENETRATE	1
LUCKY LAD	2
LADY THEO	Fluke.

THE MELTON PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

KHURDISTAN	1
HONGKONG	2
DURBAN	Fluke.

SELECTIONS BY "SENEC."

THE PALL HILL PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1 1/2 miles. 2.30 p.m.

ARABIAN STAR	 1
FRONTIER FORCE	 2
SABAH	 3

THE PALL HILL PLATE. Division II.—Distance 1 1/2 miles. 3.0 p.m.

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TOTAL RUIN IN STORE!

LLOYD'S FEARFUL EXPLOITS.

URGENT NEED OF SEARCHING ENQUIRY.

CORPORATION'S UNANIMOUS DEMAND.

Excitement ran high in the Municipal Corporation Hall on Friday afternoon when the Corporation members gathered to record their protest against Lloyd's folly and to urge the Government to appoint a committee of enquiry thoroughly to investigate the muddle disclosed in the minority report of the Advisory Committee.

FURTHER ENQUIRY NEEDED.

Mr. H. P. Mody who moved the resolution spoke for twenty minutes and made out a strong case for a further enquiry for the enlightenment of the public, though, at the same time, he was cautious enough not to urge the Government to suspend the work of the Reclamation Scheme pending the enquiry committee's report.

Sir Dinshaw M. Petit who seconded the motion viewed the project through the spectacle of a shrewd business man and pointed out that the scheme was bound to be a failure as it was handled without any regard being paid to the past experience or business principles.

The Hon. Mr. P. C. Sethna compared the Scheme with the Port Trust Reclamation Scheme and wanted to know from the Government as to how the former had proved so huge a success while the latter a dismal failure.

ALL PARTIES UNITED.

For once in the history of the Municipal Corporation members of all parties were one in their condemnation of the scheme and its promoters and denounced vehemently the Lloyd's folly in unmistakable terms urging the Government not only to enquire into the estimate and expenditure figures but also to apportion blame to the persons responsible for the financial chaos and disastrous muddle. The Corporators sank party consideration and with striking unanimity rose to the occasion in demonstrating their unity of purpose on a question which had brought such economic ruin to the city for a many years to come.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

A special meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday to consider the situation created by the Back Bay Reclamation Failure. Mr. Joseph Baptista presiding.

Mr. H. P. Mody who was the first of the signatories of the requisition moved the following resolution:—

"That the letter from the Deputy Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Development Department, dated 25th February 1926, forwarding a copy of the Press Note dated 6th February 1926, on the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme together with a copy of the report referred therein be recorded.

"That the Corporation are of opinion that the majority and minority reports of the Special Advisory Committee of the Development Department on the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme disclose a state of affairs which calls for the immediate appointment of an independent body with a view to inquire into the financial and technical aspects of the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme and the liability of those responsible for the position of affairs disclosed in the reports.

"That the Corporation strongly urge that no final decision should be taken even in regard to the modified scheme now proposed without examination by such a body and that the Advisory Committee be transferred into an Executive Committee with power to control the activities of the Department at every stage."

"FORCED IT DOWN THEIR THROATS"

Mr. Mody said the people of Bombay had received the report of the Advisory Committee on the Development Department of the Reclamation Scheme with feeling akin to apprehension and he thought they would have to go back many years in the history of the Corporation before they found a parallel of miscalculation and bungling which the prosecution of the ill-fated Reclamation Scheme had launched them. Many men of imagination cast their covetous sight at the Back Bay sea in the past, but the difficulty placed in their way deterred them to put into operation the herculean scheme, but it was left to their ex-Governor Sir George Lloyd to force the scheme down their throats. That it did not encounter any volume of opposition was due to the fact that Sir George was regarded as a man possessed with considerable driving force and intellectual power. The Government on their own responsibility sanctioned the whole of the project in 1922 and thereafter a steady stage of miscalculation followed.

"TOTAL RUIN."

Mr. Mody then referred to the purchase of the dredger and said an expensive dredger was bought and it was found that it was not capable of doing even one-fourth of the originally estimated work. The result was that the public of Bombay at the eleventh hour were told that the scheme was going to cost them Rs. 11 crores against the original estimate of 4 crores and would not be ready before 1944 by which time the people of Bombay, Mr. Mody remarked, would have the pleasure of seeing the Back Bay in an ugly and disfigured state. They were assured as late as 1923 by the Director of the Development Department that the expenditure of the scheme would come within the estimates, but now they knew the real state of affairs from the report of the Special Advisory Committee. The Bombay Municipal Corporation therefore as a most representative and influential body in the city had a right to pronounce its emphatic opinion and to

tell the Government that the Reclamation Scheme would lead the city to total ruin.

CORPORATION'S DEMAND.

The Corporation, therefore, asked for two things, viz., examination of estimates and assessment of the liability and responsibility of those who had laid the public into such a serious plight. The Corporation did not ask from the Government more than the public opinion had a right to demand. The Government had asked the public of Bombay to make the best of the worst job and the Corporation only asked that the whole matter be enquired into and thoroughly examined and responsibility brought home to those concerned for the bungling, miscalculation and maladministration. The Corporation did not say that the scheme be abandoned. On the other hand the Corporation believed that the report as placed before them did not contain all the facts which they required to come to a definite conclusion. A more searching enquiry might prove that blocks Nos. 1, 2 and 8 be completed or that they be not completed. But the Corporation were not in a position to express an opinion without verifying the estimates and the expenditure. He said again that the Corporation did not mean to stop the work, but it reserved its judgment until it had an opportunity of examining all the facts and figures with the expert advice of the Committee.

A WHITE ELEPHANT.

Sir D. M. Petit seconded the proposition and said the situation they had arrived at that day in regard to the Reclamation Scheme was not due to the fall of prices in the market or had trade conditions prevailing at the time but it was absolutely due to the false figures laid before them intentionally or unintentionally by the Government in the Council for its support. The figures were such that even to-day in spite of depreciation in the market, he made bold to say that the scheme would be a failure. He urged the Government to appoint a committee in whom the public had confidence with a non-official majority. He also suggested the inclusion of a High Court Judge as its chairman because it was necessary he said to apportion blame upon the individuals who were responsible in bringing about such a situation involving the city to a loss of several crores of rupees.

The Committee would have to find out as to what materials the Government had put before the Legislative Council to insure the success of the scheme. It was customary, he said, while sending an order for machinery to point out the capacity of the machinery. He wanted to know whether that was done in the case of the dredger which was ordered by the Development Department and which had proved a failure and a white elephant. If it was the fault of the dredger then they could apportion the blame to the manufacturers if not to the indentors. The committee also should enquire whether the Port Trust and Royal Marine engineers were consulted or not.

PORT TRUST SCHEME SUCCESS.

The Hon. Mr. P. C. Sethna in supporting the proposition pointed out that it had suited the Government to send a copy of the Press Note to the Corporation, but it had not suited them to send also a copy of the Bill pertaining the Reclamation Scheme when it was introduced. He was a member of the Legislative Council in 1920 when Sir George himself introduced the Bill on 2nd August 1920 and the details which he then gave to the Council were considered as momentous. He (speaker) then asked Sir George Lloyd as to why the Municipality was not consulted in regard to that project and also why a free hand was given to the Director of the Development and in reply he said he would give an Advisory Committee as he said there was considerable difficulty in consulting the local bodies. The Bombay Port Trust had a reclamation scheme at Sewree which was giving them a handsome return and it was the duty of the Government to find out the reason why there was something wrong regarding the Back Bay Scheme.

Mr. R. H. A. Delves then suggested appointment of two committees, one for going through the figures while the other to apportion the responsibility.

Mr. J. B. Petit supported the motion and urged the Government to appoint an impartial committee of enquiry to go into the whole question.

Mr. Fazal Ibrahim as a member of the Advisory Committee said Sir George Buchanan had submitted a report in 1919 while the Reclamation work was started in 1921. If it was not due to the advice of Sir George Buchanan it was possible Sir George Lloyd would not have launched the scheme.

SUSPENSION NECESSARY.

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai then moved an amendment to add to the resolution the words to request the Government not to proceed with the work of Block Nos. 1, 2 and 8.

The President advised Mr. Mohanlal Desai to be unambiguous on a question of such an importance and if possible not to divide vote by moving the amendment.

Mr. Desai said if the work was suspended for three or four months it would not involve the public into a loss. Besides he expected the Enquiry Committee to complete its report by that time.

Mr. E. N. Motiwalla seconded the amendment and said high officers of Government had given them false hopes and the public were launched into a terrible loss. He therefore thought that suspension of work was necessary.

"CHRONICLE'S" COURAGEOUS STEP.

Mr. Kanji Dwarakdas supported the ori-

WESTERN INDIA TENNIS.

HADI AND ALI RAZA BEATEN

MRS. JONES AND MRS. COOPER WIN.

Weather conditions were vastly improved when play in the Western India Championships was commenced on Friday. The final of the ladies' doubles ran into three sets. Mrs. Jones and Mrs. Cooper winning eventually. There was not much to choose between the contestants as Mrs. Bamford and Mrs. Cunningham shaped very well on occasions. A notable feature of this match was that points were rarely won but often lost. Mrs. Row proved to be no match for Mrs. Covell who won as she liked. Bhojwani and Hiranandani delighted their admirers by winning decisively their argument with Hadi and Ali Raza. Their combination was excellent and when it came to hard driving, volleying and smashing, Hadi and his partner faded out of the picture. The better pair won.

AN EXCITING MATCH.

The keenest struggle of the day took place in the mixed doubles match between Mrs. Clayton and Annett and Mrs. Wright and Pitt, and had to be postponed when the score stood at one set all. This was a match in which the lob was exploited to the full, the ladies making good use of it as a defensive stroke. Annett led at 5-2 in the opening set but good net play by Pitt gave him five successive games and the set. In the next one, also, Annett led at 4-1, but his opponents backed up, and the pairs went neck and neck until 26 games had been played when Mrs. Clayton brought the score to one set all, play being discontinued for the day. It was an interesting set, the ladies showing to advantage. Mrs. Wright by some fierce driving and Mrs. Clayton by her extraordinary agility. In the last few games Mrs. Clayton had to bear the brunt of the attack and it was mainly on account of her good play that Annett could equalise. Pitt, perhaps, overdid the coaching game, and this was surprising as Mrs. Wright was as good a partner as could be desired.

TO-DAY'S FINALS.

The final to-day between the Sindhis and the Hydrabadis should provide some keen tennis, but the odds appear to be slightly in favour of the former. If Mrs. Clayton wins her mixed doubles match, she will have to play another in the semi-final round, and to cap it all a singles final against the redoubtable Mrs. Covell.

RESULTS.

LADIES' DOUBLES—FINAL.
Mrs. Jones and Mrs. Cooper beat Mrs. Bamford and Mrs. Cunningham 2-6, 6-2, 6-2.
MEN'S DOUBLES—SEMI-FINAL.
Bhojwani and Hiranandani beat Hadi and Ali Raza 6-3, 8-6.
LADIES' SINGLES—SEMI-FINAL.
Mrs. Covell beat Mrs. Row 6-0, 6-1.
MIXED DOUBLES—3RD ROUND.
Annett and Mrs. Clayton vs. Pitt and Mrs. Wright (unfinished) 5-7, 14-12.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

QUEEN'S ROAD.
No. 1. MIXED DOUBLES—3RD ROUND.
Annett and Mrs. Clayton vs. Pitt and Mrs. Wright. 4-15 followed by
MIXED DOUBLES—SEMI-FINAL.
Leley Bean and Mrs. Jones vs. Winners of above.
No. 2.
MEN'S DOUBLES—FINAL.
Bhojwani and Hiranandani vs. Mahomed Hussein and Karamchand at 4.15 followed by
LADIES' SINGLES—FINAL.
Mrs. Covell vs. Mrs. Clayton.

PROTEST AGAINST "LLOYD'S FOLLY"

PUBLIC MEETING OF BOMBAY CITIZENS

The Indian Merchants' Chamber have decided to hold a public meeting in association with other public bodies, to protest against the policy of the Government of Bombay in connection with the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme which has resulted in such serious losses and to demand a searching inquiry into the whole matter to determine who is responsible for the present disastrous results.

ginal proposition and complimented the "Bombay Chronicle" on the courageous step it took in publishing the report of the Development scandal and thus opening the eyes of the public. He urged for a committee for enquiry. Sir Lawless Hepper, he said, was going on leave and the Corporation should know, whether he too was responsible for the muddle and if so to what extent.

Dr. R. M. Mistry then supported the proposition while Mr. H. Davis expressed his agreement with the suggestion of Mr. Delves. Mr. I. S. Haji then got up and was making a speech but the house was not in a mood to hear him and they interrupted him by shouts of "vote, vote" till he was inaudible and, consequently, sat down.

PROPOSITION CARRIED.

The amendment was then put to the vote and was lost only nine voting for it. The original proposition was then put to the vote and was declared carried unanimously as even those who were for the amendment also raised hands and supported the original proposition.

The Corporation then adjourned.

WASH THE HANDS OFF THIS BUNGLE.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.
Commenting on the Back Bay Scheme "Commerce" says "the whole scheme is a colossal demonstration of the folly of the State management. The enterprise was as dubious as the project of the Channel Tunnel at home. But the sense of caution was discouraged by the eager initiative of Government. While supporting the opinion of Mr. Reid, the paper says "Let what is left be trusted to private enterprise, the State having bungled enough."

COLLEGE ATHLETICS.

GRANT MEDICAL SPORTS

M. D'AVOINE WINS THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

The annual athletic sports of the Grant Medical College held on the Kennedy Sea Face yesterday afternoon, attracted a large crowd. The Governor graced the occasion with his presence and distributed the prizes at the conclusion of the programme. It was pleasing to see that the committee had made excellent arrangements to maintain order, and consequently everything worked smoothly. M. D'Avoine with seven firsts to his credit was by far the best athlete and deserved to win the individual championship. Distributing his attention to almost every event, he excelled in them and displayed that versatility which is so rare among athletes.

Great interest was aroused by an exhibition of strength which played a prominent part in the afternoon's entertainment. Mr. Nanjani, the well-known strong man, underwent the trial of having a loaded cart pass over his chest, and later dragged the same cart some distance by means of his hair. Mr. Katrak's most popular feat was that of hanging by his neck, while Mr. Dubash concentrated his attention to the banking problem, in short, he prevented a motor car from moving by first pushing against the front of it, and then holding down the wheel.

After Capt. Bhatia, the Dean, had made a short speech of welcome to the Governor, Mr. S. M. Hassan, the General Secretary read out his report and outlined the sporting activities of the College during the past year. In replying Sir Leslie Wilson congratulated the competitors and enjoyed the feats of Messrs. Nanjani, Katrak and Dubash. Cheers for the Governor brought the proceedings to an end.

RESULTS.

3 Mile Race:—1. Wable, 2. Ranade, 3. Joshi—19 mins. 39 1/5 secs.
Slow Cycle Race:—1. Dravid, 2. Naidu, 2. Shilpa.
Throwing the Ball:—1. M. D'Avoine, 2. Desai.
3. Raut.
Pole Jump:—1. Sheorey, 2. Nanjani, Ht. 7 feet.
100 Yards:—1. M. D'Avoine, 2. S. Kail, 3. Raut.
Putting the shot:—1. Kail, 2. M. Dubash, 3. M. D'Avoine.
Long Jump:—1. M. D'Avoine, 2. Kail, 3. Raut.
Half Mile:—1. M. Siddique, 2. M. Dubash, 3. Ranade.
Observation Race:—1. Miss Pereira, 2. Miss Robertson, 3. Miss Navalkar.
High Jump:—1. M. D'Avoine, 2. S. Kail, 3. Engineer.
Three-legged Race:—1. Guerra and Figueiredo, 2. Marathe and Kale.
220 Yards:—1. M. D'Avoine, 2. S. Kail, 3. Raut.
120 Yards Hurdles:—1. M. D'Avoine, 2. Engineer, 3. S. Kail.
One Mile Race:—1. Joshi, 2. M. Dubash, 3. Engineer.
Relay Race:—1. St. Xavier's College Team.
Quarter Mile:—1. M. D'Avoine, 2. Joshi.
One Mile Cycle Race:—1. M. Dubash, 2. Narulkar, 3. Shalini.
Musical Chairs:—1. Miss Mathias, 2. Miss Cooper, 3. Miss Dalal.
The Race:—1. Raut, 2. Joshi, 3. Patwardhan.
Ex-Students' Race:—1. Dr. Allan D'Souza, 2. Dr. I. D'Avoine.

GRAND VARIETY CONCERT.

IN AID OF PANDHARPUR ORPHANAGE

The Grand Variety Concert organised in aid of the Pandharpur Orphanage on Friday evening in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall was a brilliant success.

The concert was a revelation to many as it demonstrated for the first time the possibilities of Indian music and art for such entertainments. The concert struck a distinctly Indian note throughout the programme, especially by the presentation of tableaux from Ajanta paintings and the graceful Indian dancing of the youthful dancer Baby Nargesh Shushruti, not to mention the Garba and the various Indian songs. The thought and attention paid to give a truly Oriental atmosphere to the concert and the artistic taste and ingenuity displayed by Mrs. Atiya Begum and Mrs. Land in getting up the Ajanta tableaux deserve a word of praise. One only wished that the Oriental effect of the whole show was not spoiled by the inclusion of western music—however beautifully and charmingly rendered—but which was in the present instance out of tune with the other items on the programme.

AJANTA FRESCO.

Of the three tableaux, all of them admirable in themselves, the Ajanta tableaux was the chief feature of a master artist. It depicted a fresco from Ajanta representing the teaching of Buddha. On the other hand, one depicted the Ragini scene while the third was a representation of Raja Todar Mulla, after the Moghul style. As remarked by Mrs. Atiya Begum, the details in the Ajanta tableaux had to be slightly varied as the modern Hindu girls were not so advanced in the method of dress as their more fashionable sisters 2,000 years ago were.

DANCING PRODIGY.

The dancing prodigy Baby Nargesh who was equally free and graceful both in the Indian and Western dancing took the house by surprise and received a shower of well merited encores.

Mr. K. Narayan then thanked the gathering for the response they had given to the concert and dwelt upon the origin and laudable objects of the Orphanage and Foundling Home founded by Rao Sahib Lilashankar Unai Shankar some fifty years back. He praised the girls and organisers who had worked so hard to make the concert a success.

The concert has realised about Rs. 5,000 to the funds of the Home.

At a bye-election to the Madras Legislative Council from the North Arcot District, Kova Venkatarangam Naidu, Congress candidate, was declared duly elected polling 6,428 votes as against V. S. Padmanabha Mudaliar (Justice Party) who secured only 1,641 votes.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

The s.s. Rajputana with the English mails leaves at 1 p.m.
Bombay Spring Meeting: First Day.
Tennis—Western India Championships: Finals.
Queen's Road Court, 4.15 p.m.
Age Khan Hockey Tournament starts: Eastern Telegraphs vs. Hindu Young. Cricketers. Gymkhana Ground, 4.15 p.m. Lusitanians vs. St. Andrews Athletic 5.30 p.m.
SUNDAY, Feb. 28.

Public lecture at the Bombay Students' Brotherhood premises, Sandhurst Road, given by S. Baizee Rehemani on "The Indian Art", at 6.30 p.m. (S.). Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, presiding.

POSTAL NOTICE

Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, and Japan per S.S. "Delta" will be closed at the General Post Office at 8.45 a.m. on Tuesday the 2nd proximo.

BOMBAY Y.M.C.A. CENTRAL BRANCH.

Today (Saturday) February 27th, the usual Popular Saturday Evening will be held in the Y.M.C.A. Hall, Wodehouse Road, at 7.15 p.m. All are welcome.

BAND AT DADAR MATUNGA COLONY.

The Band of the 1/4 Bombay Grenadiers will play a programme of music at the Dadar Matunga Bandstand to-morrow (Sunday) at 5.30 p.m. (S.T.).

ATTORNEYS' BILL CLERKS' ASSOCIATION.

The annual social gathering of the Attorneys' Bill Clerks' Association will be held at Vantashram Hall to-morrow (Sunday) at 5 p.m. when Mr. Carol Solicitor will preside.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A quarterly meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5.30 p.m. (S.T.) and subsequent days till the work is completed, at the Congress House.

ST THOMAS' FEAST FUND.

The annual general meeting of Aldonenses will be held at the Goan Union High School, Dabul, at 11 o'clock to-morrow (Sunday) in connection with the above fund.
All Aldonenses are requested to attend the meeting.

CITY'S HEALTH.

The following statement shows the total mortality from 6 a.m. of Thursday to 6 a.m. of Friday:
Small-pox 4 attacks 3 deaths; Cholera Nil attack; Nil death; Plague Nil attack; Nil death; Influenza Nil attack; Nil death; Total mortality (exclusive of stillborn) 97.
The total mortality this day last year was 98.

COMMERCE GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION.

A Social will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4.30 p.m. when Mr. D. Watson, (Messrs. Duncan Street and Co.) will be present. Commerce Graduates are requested to attend. The Association Rooms will be open from 11.20 a.m. as usual.

ATHLETIC TOURNAMENTS. VILE PARLE.

Under the auspices of the Physical Welfare Association the annual tournaments will be held on the grounds of the Parle Tilak Vidyalaya on the morning and evening to-day and to-morrow.
The prizes will be distributed to-morrow (Sunday) at 6 p.m. by Mr. N. C. Kelkar.

CONGRESS AND SWADESHI.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at a meeting of its Council held on Thursday has appointed a Committee to take measures to popularise the use of Swadeshi articles. The Committee will prepare a scheme of propaganda for extending the use of Swadeshi.

CHITRAKUT MAHARAJ'S FREE MEDICINE.

The Bombay Humanitarian League and the Matunga Branch Association have arranged once again to supply free medicine for the chest diseases to-day (Saturday) night at 7 p.m. (S.T.) at King's Circle, Matunga (G. P. O.). The patients are requested to bring with them 10 tolas of "khir".

LECTURE ON INDIAN ART.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, the Young Men's Pattee Association and the Muslim Students' Union, Mr. Faizee Rehemani will deliver a public lecture to-morrow (Sunday) at 6.30 p.m. (S.T.) on "The Indian Art" at the Bombay Students' Brotherhood Hall, Sandhurst Road, Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas will preside.

AN INDIAN DANCER HONOURED.

The Mysore Concert Party, gave a dance concert at the Donor Thackersey Hall Parle where the Baby Show was organised. The public was entertained with dancing, such as Krishna Leela, Pasdela, and other spiritual dances, under the guidance of Yajaman Kittanna. Mrs. Hirabai Mahankar presented Miss Subhanna with a Gold Medal in appreciation of her dancing.

STEAMERS' MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Line s.s. "Murchie" arrived in London on the morning of 25th inst.
The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Rangara" with the Mail from Bombay of 13th instant, arrived at Marseilles at 8.30 a.m. on the 24th instant. Passengers travelling by the P. and O. Special Train were due to arrive in London on Saturday afternoon. The Mails left by the Mail Special and would be delivered in London on Sunday morning.

LECTURES BY PROF. JACKSON.

Professor A. V. Williams Jackson, the well-known Oriental Scholar of the Columbia University, will deliver a series of three lectures under the auspices of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, at the Institute Premises, Sukhadvala Building, Ravelin Street of Hornby Road, Fort at 5.45 p.m. (S.T.) as under:—
Monday, (the 1st March): "Zarathushtra and His Message". President Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Bhai, K.C.S.I.
Tuesday, (the 2nd March): "The Track of Alexander the Great in the East".
Wednesday, (the 3rd March): "Influence of Zoroastrianism on Manichaeism". President—Jehangir Bomanji Petit Esq. J.P.

TO-DAY'S MOONLIGHT WIRELESS CONCERT.

A select programme of vocal and instrumental music by Mr. E. C. Jolley's "Merry Makers" will be broadcast by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club to-day (Saturday) at 9.30 p.m. (S.T.) sharp. Call sign 2 F. V. Wavelength 387 metres.
The above concert will be received by the Bombay Municipality and can be listened into at the Esplanade Bandstand.

TO-MORROW'S

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(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, Ismail Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay.)

MAY.

26th February, 1926

Previous Closing Rate	9.73
To-day's Opening Rate	9.75
Difference	+12
To-day's Closing Rate	9.59
Difference	-14

Khandi Closing Rate.	Rs. 359.00
Sewri Closing Rate	Rs. 359.80

"WILLINGDON FIASCO ECHO"

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—My attention is drawn to the report of a case argued at the Esplanade Police Court before the learned 3rd Presidency Magistrate which appears in today's issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" at page 5 column 3 under the heading "Willingdon Fiasco Echo." This report is incomplete and is likely to be misunderstood by your readers, and in fairness to my client, you will be so good as to publish the following to complete the same.

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The Bombay Chronicle.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1926.

THE BENGAL TERROR.

"For three minutes", our Delhi cor-
respondent says, "the Legislative Assembly
Chamber rang with cries of shame on the
Government from the non-official benches
when the adjournment motion sponsored by
Mr. Goswami about the hunger-strike in the
Mandalay jail was declared carried by 57
votes against 49". The indignation aroused
in the Assembly by the disclosures made
will find an echo throughout the country.
The disclosures contain nothing that the
country did not already know about the
Bengal Terror and of its authors. But the
authority with which they are made brings
into relief, not merely the inhumanity and
savagery which has characterised the treat-
ment of political prisoners in this country
but also the wickedness of the system of
administration which prompts its agents to
discard considerations of humanity. The
outstanding fact that emerges from Lt.-Col.
Mulvaney's statements, extracts from which
we publish elsewhere, is that the real rulers
of the country are the Police for whom
lawless laws like Regulation III furnish
weapons to deprive inconvenient politi-
cians of their liberty and whose authority
reaches even behind the prison walls.

Lt.-Col. Mulvaney speaks with unques-
tioned authority on the treatment of politi-
cal prisoners. As he himself says in his
statement he was "in charge of one or the
other of the Calcutta jails since the very
beginning of the anarchical movement and
had perhaps more to do with the imprison-
ment of political prisoners than any jail
officers in India". He is, according to the
testimony of Mr. Bepin Chandra Pal, who
was a prisoner under his charge, "a strict
disciplinarian" and confessions coming from
such a man are hardly likely to give an
exaggerated picture of the Terror of which
political prisoners were victims. What

does he say about this Terror? He writes:

"I say deliberately and with full con-
sciousness of the serious nature of my state-
ment that not only was the confinement
to which these men were subjected positively
inhuman but that, in fact, misleading re-
ports were submitted to the Government...
the confinement was... so severe as to
be injurious to their health... and
as would drive a sensitive man insane."

It is not surprising that even a strict
disciplinarian revolted against the cruel
barbarism. "I feel very strongly on this
point," he writes, "and I write under the
greatest restraint, for I consider that the
share I was compelled to accept in this
painful business was and is a disgrace
which can never be obliterated and I cannot
say less than that my feelings were out-
raged by the cruelty of the treatment I was
ordered and expected to carry out." But
while there was one honest man who felt
the disgrace of this "painful business" there
was another, who evidently represented
the mind of the official hierarchy,
impregnable to all humane
considerations and who virtually
ordered Lt.-Col. Mulvaney to per-
jure himself. The Inspector-General of
Police wrote to him, to withdraw his earlier
report, which contained the terrible truth
and substitute a false report instead. He
wrote:

"Please reconsider this letter. Remember
it has to go to Simla and it will rouse the
Olympian wrath. The degree of solitary
confinement is dictated to us by the Police
need of separating these prisoners not only
from other native prisoners but from each
other. I think you might so far report that
the prisoners are in solitary confinement
and are permitted exercise daily and that
both are cheerful and the health of neither
has suffered or words to that effect."

We should think the records of even the
Tsarist bureaucracy could hardly supply a
more atrocious document than this letter
from the Inspector-General to his sub-
ordinate. The claim of Indians to control
the administration of their country is
repeated on the plea repeated ad nauseam
that they lack the indispensable qualifica-
tions competently summed up in the
phrase "British character". Is it a trait
of "British character" that is revealed in
the letter of the Inspector-General? We
trust not. We wish the British people
could realise to what base uses their agents
put their powers in this country. How
they prostitute the power that is placed in
their hands!

The Inspector-General had his way. A
deliberately false report was made to the
Government of India. This Inspector-
General however, was not the only official
concerned in this sinister conspiracy. Lt.-
Col. Mulvaney refers to a Special Secretary
from whom evidently emanated "more
drastic orders" which he later refused to
obey. The Special Secretary could not him-
self have been the original author of these
orders nor could he have issued them with-
out the sanction of his superiors. The
Police, who really rule the country, were
their authors and they must have been in
accord with the consent of the Government
of Bengal. But the shameful story does not
end with these orders. Lt.-Col. Mulvaney
evidence before the Jail Committee was
suppressed by the Government of India,
whose spokesmen have missed no opportu-
nity of throwing dust into the eyes of the
public by declaring that everything was all
right with the treatment of political
prisoners. Sir Alexander Muddiman sur-
passed the achievements of these official
apologists by daring to suggest that Lt.-
Colonel Mulvaney's second letter to the
Inspector-General was not written under
pressure. We can only say of his per-
formance that it was in every way worthy
of this most discreditable record of British
administration in India.

A DHOLPUR MYSTERY.

Evidence accumulates from day to day of
the miserable condition of the subjects of
many of the Indian States who suffer under
the double tyranny of autocratic rulers at
the mercy of the agents of the Simla
autocracy. The much-advertised policy of
non-intervention is a convenient cloak under
cover of which the British bureaucracy, on
the one hand, refuses redress of grievances
to the people of the Indian States and, on
the other hand, exacts subservience to itself
from the rulers. There is now apparently
an unfortunate trouble brewing between the
Dholpur State and a section of its subjects.
The cause of the trouble is the alleged breach
of an undertaking given by the State four
years ago. The information published by
the "Tarun Rajasthan" to which our
Ajmere correspondent referred a few
days since, was sought
to be sent to this journal by telegram but
the message was returned to the sender under
the orders of the Collector of Agra, who
considered it objectionable. The message
published by the "Tarun Rajasthan"
speaks for itself and our readers will be
able to judge for themselves what little
ground the Collector of Agra had for con-
sidering it objectionable except that he may
have been anxious to avoid giving publicity
to the deplorable turn events seem to have
taken in Dholpur State. The action of
the Collector is the more difficult to under-
stand in view of the fact that the main
purpose of the message is to denounce the
methods adopted by the Thakurs to get
their rights recognised and to plead for a
mode of settlement of the dispute that will
avoid the shedding of blood and the inevi-
table suffering of women and children. With
the facts of the Nimachana tragedy still
fresh in the mind of the public the latter
cannot be assured of the wisdom or necessity
of the action taken by the Dholpur State
against the Thakurs until the matter in
dispute is investigated by an independent
Commission of Enquiry. Meanwhile, may
we expect the Dholpur State and the Gov-
ernment of India to throw some light on
the happenings to which the message the
"Tarun Rajasthan" has published refers?

THE BENGAL TERROR.

EUROPEAN JAIL OFFICIAL'S CONFESSION.

"Forward" publishes the following extracts from the Reports of the Indian Jail Committee (1919-1920) Vol. II, which, the Home Secretary, Government of India, informed Mr. Goswami, was not published... The extracts throw a lurid sidelight on the treatment meted out to political prisoners during the days of Bengal Terror, the manner in which official reports were concocted and the dictatorial powers of the Police—

Report of the Indian Jails Committee
1919-20 volume II, p. 36, Lt.-Col. Mulvaney,
2nd September, 1919, 440 (xix).

To give a concrete example of this I
would instance the treatment of state pri-
soners. It is well known that in recent
years Government have had more trou-
blesome matters to deal with than the pen-
sional complaints of all treatment of these
prisoners in jail. It is equally well known
that Government have invariably been able
to prove from official statements and re-
ports that these complaints were groundless
and yet in my experience there was every
reason for complaint. I have been in charge
of one or the other of the Calcutta jails
since the very beginning of the anarchical
movement and I have had perhaps more to
do with the imprisonment of political pri-
soners than any jail officer in India. And I
say deliberately and with full conscious-
ness of the serious nature of my statement
that not only was the confinement to which
these men were subjected positively inhu-
man but that, in fact, misleading re-
ports were deliberately submitted to the
Government. I feel very strongly on this
point and I write under the greatest res-
traint, for I consider that the share I was
compelled to accept in this painful business
was and is a disgrace which can never be
obliterated. And I cannot say less than
that my feelings were outraged by the
cruelty of the treatment I was ordered and
expected to carry out. My verbal represen-
tations on this subject not meeting with any
response, I decided at last in September,
1915 to bring the matter to the notice of
Government in the only way open to me,
and I submitted a report (appendix X) un-
der sec. 6 Reg. III of 1915 concerning two
State prisoners, in which I expressed my
opinion that the degree of confinement to
which they were subjected was so severe as
to be liable to injure their health, that
the confinement was more stringent than
that imposed under the Prisoners' Act or
under Jail Regulations, both of which
are limited strictly to seven days. Up till
now, however, the health of neither pri-
soner has suffered. Both are cheerful but
while Babu Bejoy Gopal Roy is increased
in weight from 159 to 167 lbs., Babu Su-
dhansu Bhasan Mukherjee has lost 6 lbs.
falling from 166 lbs. to 160 lbs.

(b) The arrangements made for their sup-
port are in my opinion adequate to the
supply of their wants according to their
rank in life. At least every week expressed
has up till now been gratified and both ex-
press themselves satisfied with their treat-
ment in jail.

D. O. Letter from the I. G. of Prisons,
Bengal to the Superintendent of the new
Alipore Jail, dated the 27th September,
1915. My dear Mulvaney, please reconsider
this letter. Remember it has to go to
Simla and it will rouse the olympian
wrath. The degree of solitary confine-
ment is dictated to us by the police need
of separating these prisoners not only from
other native prisoners, but from each other.
I think you might so far report that the
prisoners are in solitary confinement and
are permitted exercise daily and that both
are cheerful and the health of neither has
suffered or words to that effect. This
report will go to Simla. At the same time
I quite agreed to show your original letter
to the Chief Secretary and to represent the
degree of solitary confinement and see if
it cannot be modified at an early date. But
your letter of 24th if sent to Simla will
only lead to orders for change which we
can do ourselves in Bengal.

Yours sincerely,
Sd. W. BUCHANAN,
Inspector-General of Prison.

(If you agree cancel your No. 4179 of 21
in your books and substitute new one
W. J. B.)

Confidential D. O. No. 4179 (a) dated
Alipore Jail, September 28th 1916.

My dear Colonel, Your D. O. of the
27th places me in a very awkward position.
India wants my opinion any demands it
under Section 6 of Reg. III. In my letter
I have stated my opinion very mildly but
sufficiently. Really I feel more strongly
than appears from my letter. To me the
confinement to which these men are subject-
ed is very inhuman. It is such as would

(Continued on page 10.)

TRIFLES.

Intrigued by the conduct of Mr. Jinnah,
a Delhi correspondent has broadcasted the
following news—

"Explaining as to why he kept neutral
yesterday on the vote for omission of the
Railway Board demand, Mr. Jinnah said he
did not support the motion because it
might have conveyed that he and his Party
subscribed to the doctrine of 'grievances
before supply'."

Mr. Jinnah sat tight warding off all
ambiguities and his party has been saved
from all contamination with the doctrine
of "grievances before supplies". Such a
naughty doctrine!

The tactics of not voting at all to consoli-
date personal reputation reminds me of the
brain-wave of a Madras member in the first
Bengal Legislative Council. He put up the
right hand first and then the left hand
because he said he had no grudge against
anybody and he wished not to be mis-
understood.

The Hon. Mr. Cowasji Jehangir has
invited the members of the Legislative
Council to a picnic. He wants them to go
and have a look at the Back Bay. Con-
sidering the effect that visits to the scene have
had on the mind of Sir Leslie Wilson this
hardly seems expedient from the Govern-
ment point of view.

Lloyd George has to learn from George

not notice the evasion. The situation was
saved, but a certain though very unsatis-
factory amelioration resulted. While on
this subject I may add that after a time
I refused to obey the more drastic orders
and informed the Special Secretary of my
action. But it was not till shortly before
I left Calcutta that State Prisoners were
treated "officially" (in my jail) with reason
and humanity.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Copies of correspondence relating to the
treatment of State Prisoners.
Confidential No. 4179-24-1 dated Alipore,
the 24th September 1915.

From the Superintendent of the New
Alipore Jail to the Inspector-General of
Prisons, Bengal.

Sir, With reference to your endorsement
No. 741-D, dated September 22nd, 1915;
forwarding a copy of Government letters
No. 11224-P, dated September 17th, 1915;
in which a report regarding the confinement
of state prisoners in this jail is called for
under the Provision of Sec. 6 of Reg. III
of 1915, I have the honour to report as fol-
lows:—

(a) In my opinion the degree of confine-
ment to which the state prisoners are sub-
jected is so severe as to be liable to injure
their health. The confinement is more
stringent than any solitary confinement
imposed under the Prisoners' Act or
under Jail Regulations, both of which
are limited strictly to seven days. Up till
now, however, the health of neither pri-
soner has suffered. Both are cheerful but
while Babu Bejoy Gopal Roy is increased
in weight from 159 to 167 lbs., Babu Su-
dhansu Bhasan Mukherjee has lost 6 lbs.
falling from 166 lbs. to 160 lbs.

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sufficiently. Really I feel more strongly
than appears from my letter. To me the
confinement to which these men are subject-
ed is very inhuman. It is such as would

(Continued on page 10.)

Lloyd, Speaking in Parliament on the waste
of wild-cat schemes and profiteers, the ex-
Premier cried:—

"A million for drainage! What was the
use of pouring a million of money down
anyone's drains? (Laughter)."

George Lloyd could tell him the use of
it!

What the Bombay Legislative Council
could not do, the Bombay Corporation has
done. The Council could not have an
adjournment of the House because of the
meticulous ruling of the President that
Mr. Nariman had not asked for his con-
sent and therefore the motion regarding
the Back-Bay fiasco was out of order! The
Corporation has with one voice repaired
the omission, partly scared no doubt by
the offer of Mr. Cowasji Jehangir to hand
over the Development legacy to Municipal
control.

Wriggling has been recommended by an
American expert as a cure for anaemia
and indigestion. This may account for
the fact that Sir Henry Lawrence and Mr.
Cowasji Jehangir look so fit after their
exhausting efforts in attempting to justify
the Budget proposals.

"How did you get on in your examina-
tion?"

"I failed in Mercantile Law, Canon Law
and International Law."

"That's bad!"

"The worst is yet to come. I have to
tell my mother-in-law!"

WAYFARER.

Notes of the Day.

Studied Insolence.

We hope non-official members of the
local legislature and the public in general
will note the studied insolence of the Gov-
ernment reply to Mr. S. S. Dev's inter-
pellations regarding the alleged police
torture in East Khandesh. The official
manner of calming public apprehensions
in this very serious matter is to tell the
member from Dhulia that Government
have heard of the allegations and that
they have duly received his letters but as
regards the public demand into the alleged
abominable conduct of the police by means
of a judicial tribunal the Government only
repeat what they wrote to Mr. Dev after
his persistent efforts to secure some ac-
knowledge: "The District Magis-
trate has taken action upon all complaints
received by him against Police Officers
under the provisions of the law relating
to such complaints." Officialdom says, in
other words, that public opinion may be
sorely exercised over the Mehumbara in-
cidents, but that is no concern of ours. Mr.
Dev will do well to force a debate on the
question at the earliest opportunity in
the Council.

His Role.

Non-official members of the Bombay
Legislative Council must be wondering
whether in the changed India of to-day
there is any place for officials of the type
of Sir Henry Lawrence. The Finance
Member in the Bombay Government is a
curious combination of the priggish peda-
gogue and the doctrinaire bureaucrat, will-
ing to learn nothing new, unwilling to
grapple with the opposite point of view
and content only with the enunciation of
the doctrine that those who have the
might must be right. His speech in reply
to the criticism on his budget proposal
showed how the schoolmaster could only
reply peevishly regarding the apprehen-
sions about the Sukkur Barrage. "Just
as the collapse of a cotton mill in Bom-
bay," he says, "does not in-
volve the collapse of a jute
mill in Calcutta, so a failure to
reclaim land in Bombay does not involve
a failure to build canals in Sind." That
ought to be enough for all the naughty
children in the class, who will ask ques-
tions. As regards the financial muddle
the Government has got into, the bureau-
crat replies in effect, "You are no bet-
ter! Did not companies with a paid-up
capital of 11 1/2 crores pass into liquida-
tion during the last five years in Bom-
bay?"

A Discovery!

The Finance Member, however, amidst
all the tribulations and worries which
Lloyd's Folly has caused Sir Leslie Wil-
son's administration, worries which they
are now obliged to lament in public, has
found time to make a discovery. What
does it matter if he is led to a discovery
which has no foundation in fact? Let us
admire the industry with which he has
studied the effect of Mr. Nariman's spee-
ches on "audiences in Bombay City." At
one time according to Sir Henry Lawrence
they used to delight these audiences, but
he has now discovered that they "have
evidently fallen out of favour with them."
The Finance Member is in error, hopeless
error. The C. I. D. reports, that fountain
of wisdom from which

FRESH TAXATION FOR BOMBAY.

"STOUT" MINISTERS AT WORK
STAMP ACT BILL PASSES FIRST READING.

OPPOSITION'S CRY IN THE WILDERNESS.

(By Our Council Representative)
The Government won the day by a narrow margin of votes. The Bombay Council yesterday, agreed to the first reading of the Bill for making the taxation imposed under the Stamp Act of 1922 permanent. The result was due to the defection of a large number of non-Brahmins and the wholesale support of Sind Mahomedans to the Government. This was not altogether unexpected, especially, by those who were looking at the manoeuvres that were going on in the Council Hall throughout the day. The two "stout" ministers, as the Leader of the House called them were working up their followers for a majority, although the more honest of them refused to toe the line to them. The opposition to the imposition of this tax might be summarised in one sentence: the extravagance of Government. The House naturally enough feared to put more money into the hands of a Government whose record for prodigality with the taxpayers' resources was too notorious, and therefore vocal and intelligent portion of the House refused to give them a single pie more.

FINANCE MEMBER SILENCED.

The Finance Member's argument was that local bodies wanted more money to meet their growing needs and it was the Government's duty to put them in funds. He said the argument that they should refuse to tax themselves, until the Government of India came to their assistance, would not appeal to the more sober portion of the House, and also to the Government of India since the latter would at once point out that the taxation in this Presidency was not on a par with that levied in other provinces. It must, however, be remembered that the opposition came not only from the Swarajist members, but also from that darling of Government, the late Minister for Education, and non-Brahmins like Mr. Surve and Mr. D. R. Patil. In reply to the Finance Member his own words used on a former occasion that the incidence of taxation in Bombay was much higher than in other provinces were thrown in his face with some effect, but he was not very much perturbed by them.

PEASANT WORSE OFF THAN THIEF.

Dr. Paranjypte had no difficulty in showing that in this country the stamp duty was higher than even in England, and he had Lord Meston as his authority. Mr. Lalji Narani, on the other hand, complained that the commercial classes of Bombay were not in a position to bear any addition at taxation, as most of them were in a parlous condition. He contended the idea that the prosperity of the country had increased, and said that the average peasant in India was worse off than a thief or a wanderer in jail, because the latter was comparatively better fed and clothed. Mr. Addyan, as one belonging to the class of foreign exploiters in this country, fully supported any measure for fresh taxation, so long as it did not to a large extent fall on him.

MR. FACING BOTH-WAYS.

But Moulvi Rahuddin Ahmed excelled himself. In a speech full of similes and metaphors, he attacked the Finance Member very vigorously. In the beginning he said he had no objection to the Bill as a matter of principle, and then as usual he began slashing at the Finance Minister, whom he called a past master in sarcasms and jibes, which he levelled at his unfortunate opponents. But the Moulvi was a greater master than ever the Leader of the House, and his froth and foam entirely mystified the members as to whether he was supporting the Bill or opposing it. Those who knew the ways of the Moulvi, of course, quite realised the game he was playing all the while. Mr. Facing-both-ways himself chaperoned unwillingly members into the Government lobby, and tried all his powers of persuasion to influence the debating Thomases! That was the end of his adventure.

MINISTERS' "WONDERFUL" PROGRESS.

The two Ministers spoke of the wonderful progress their own particular departments had made during their excellent regime and asked their supporters to give the Government their votes. This bait of the two Ministers had the desired effect, and Government won by a small majority.

When the second reading of the Bill was taken up it was feared that the Bill would pass into law at one sitting, but the President allowed some amendments to be moved, although no previous notice of them had been given. But this proved of little avail to the opposition, as the very first amendment for publishing the Bill for the purpose of eliciting public opinion, within two months, was thrown out by even a larger majority. Before the other amendments could be taken up the House adjourned.

BACK BAY MOTION DISALLOWED.

Soon after the question hour Mr. Nariman made a vain effort to get the President's permission for moving the adjournment of the House for discussing the Back Bay Scandal, but the President would not give him the necessary leave. Mr. Nariman's motion was a comprehensive one, but the President was of opinion that the mat-

ter was neither urgent nor coming within the four corners of the rules made for the purpose. As a result Mr. Nariman failed in his attempt to discuss and incidentally pass a vote of censure on the Government.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

MOTION FOR ADJOURNMENT
DISALLOWED.

The Bombay Legislative Council resumed its sitting on Friday, Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola presiding.

After question time Mr. K. F. Nariman asked for leave under standing order VII (1) for the adjournment of the business of the Council for the purpose of discussing a definite matter of urgent public importance, namely the second ad-interim report of the Advisory Committee dealing with the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme. He wanted to move the following resolutions:—

"This Council is of opinion and recommends to the Governor-in-Council that in view of the revelations and disclosures made by the Advisory Committee, Majority and Minority Reports, further progress of the Back Bay Reclamation Scheme be immediately suspended and a thorough independent investigation be started by a committee with a non-official majority as to: (1) Whether it is financially and economically advisable to proceed any further with the Reclamation Scheme 1, 2 and 8 or any one or part of them; (2) who are responsible for this grave financial loss; and (3) to investigate into the past working and administration of the whole Development Department since its inception; (4) as to what were the qualifications of Sir George Buchanan to act as a Consulting Engineer to the Scheme and who was responsible for his selection; (5) to recommend the steps to be taken against all persons, high or low, who in the opinion of the Committee are liable for the losses; (6) whether any facts were deliberately concealed and misrepresented to the Council and the public, and who were responsible for such concealment or misrepresentation; (7) the Development Department be requested to give all facilities and assistance to the Committee and place all the documents, vouchers and other papers relevant to the inquiry, at its disposal; (8) the Committee be authorised, if necessary, to take expert opinion; (9) the Committee be requested to make an 'ad-interim' Report on item No. 1 in three months."

"NOT URGENT."

The President in refusing permission said the Hon. Member had to obtain his consent before the sitting commenced, and that had not been done. Besides, a motion was subject to the following restrictions, namely, that a motion must not revive discussion on a matter which had been discussed in the same session; it must not anticipate matter which had been previously appointed for consideration or with reference to which notice of motion had been previously given. For the last three days of the Budget discussion the Development Department was the main issue which was fully discussed. The members had also been given an assurance by the Member-in-charge to lay his cards fully before the House when the demand for the Development Department was made. If there was no discussion then a demand could not be regarded as urgent since the report was issued on January 26, and there was time enough for sending a resolution in the ordinary course, and in fact the leader of the Swaraj Party had already sent a notice of motion and it would appear in the supplementary agenda, and would be before the House in due course. Therefore, he refused to give permission.

BILL TO AMEND STAMP ACT.

Sir H. S. Lawrence then moved the first reading of the Bill to amend the Indian Stamp Act 1922. The Act was passed in 1922 to enhance stamp fees in certain cases, and was to remain in force for four years, and was to be then extended if necessary. It was now proved that it was necessary.

After remarking that during the last four years no complaints had been received that the duties imposed were in any way oppressive, or were an unfair handicap to the business of the public, Sir Henry went on to say:

"I understand from the discussion of the last few days that the ground on which certain members would ask the House not to renew this Act is that our revenues are so abundant that we have been able to build up our reserved balances to a figure exceeding five crores. It is important that the House should have a clear comprehension of this matter of reserve balances. This figure which on 1st April next is expected to be about 5 1/2 crores will contain nearly 2 crores in the Famine Insurance Fund. Now the Government of India Act and the Devolution Rules make it a statutory liability on this Government to build up the Famine Insurance Fund to a figure of 4 crores. Whatever opinion individual members may hold on (Continued on page 11.)

INTOLERABLE!

TREATMENT OF BENGAL
DETENUEESCALCUTTA TO OBSERVE
HARTAL

CALCUTTA, Feb. 26.

At a largely attended public meeting held at Mirzapore Square this evening to protest against the alleged ill-treatment of political prisoners at the Mandalay Jail and to consider the situation created by the recent hunger strike, Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta, the Mayor of Calcutta, announced that there would be a complete hartal on Sunday, the 28th February. Sir P. C. Roy presided over the meeting.

HUNGER-STRIKE NOT FOR PLEASURE

Mr. C. G. Biswas (Liberal) who was present at the meeting said there were occasions when in the presence of emergency all political parties sank their differences. The present was such an occasion. It was a lull upon any political party in India to say of it that in the matter of repressive laws it did not share the indignation which was felt by every other party in India and he did not hesitate to declare that he never could reconcile himself to any lawless law to permit Government to spirit away from their midst citizens for apparently no offence and then refused to bring them to trial. He referred to the official report that political prisoners were well treated. But he said certainly those at Mandalay had not gone on hunger strike for the mere pleasure of it and there could be no question that there must be a serious grievance. Even the information was not spontaneous, but it had to be elicited after a good deal of pressure. It seemed Government were not anxious to do what they professed to be doing. In the critical situation in which they were placed all differences ought to vanish and the country as a whole ought to present a united protest against the attitude of the Government.

SIGNIFICANCE OF GOVERNMENT'S
SILENCE.

Mr. Sen Gupta said that Government's silence might be due to the fact that another report like Col. Mulvaney's had been presented and that Government were busy modifying it. He asked the people to unite and work according to the lines suggested by the Congress.

Sir P. C. Roy said it was an irony that while they were listening in Calcutta to the Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivas Sastry's lectures on the rights of citizenship such a thing should happen in another part of the country. It was a procedure which no civilised country would tolerate and the Indian nation ought to be in mourning for it.—A.P.

ADJOURNMENT OF COUNCIL.

MR. SEN-GUPTA'S MOTION
DISALLOWED.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 26.

"Forward" publishes the following letter from the Secretary Bengal Council received by Mr. Sen Gupta in reply to his notice of motion in the Bengal Council regarding Mandalay Hunger-Strike. "With reference to your letter of 23rd instant in which you give notice to move a motion for an adjournment of business of the Council to discuss a definite matter of urgent public importance, viz., the recent hunger strike of Bengalee political prisoners, detained in Mandalay Jail under the Bengal Criminal Law Act 1925, I am desired to inform you that the Hon. the President is unable to give his consent to the motion as in his opinion, it is not a matter of urgent public importance nor is it primarily a concern of the Local Government but of Government of Burma."

TEXT OF LETTER TO MR. BOSE.

The same paper publishes the following letter dated February 25 received by Mr. S. C. Bose, Mr. Suba Bose's brother from Mr. Armstrong of the C.I.D. Intelligence Branch in reply to his queries regarding the hunger-strike! "With reference to your letters of the 23rd and 25th instant, information was received last evening that all State prisoners and detainees in Mandalay Jail have been on hunger-strike since the 15th instant. I presume that Mr. Subas Chandra Bose is one of them. I have already sent a copy of the telegram received from the Superintendent, Mandalay Jail, on the night of 22nd instant saying Mr. Subas Chandra Bose was well."—F. P. I.

CALLOUSNESS OF GOVERNMENT
CONDEMNED

CALCUTTA, Feb. 24.

Calcutta Corporation this evening passed a resolution condemning the attitude of Government in the matter of ill-treatment of Mr. Subhas Bose and other detainees in the Mandalay Jail, which led them to resort to hunger-strike and the callousness of Government in taking no steps to secure proper treatment and to bring the strike to an end.

The resolution proposing an address of welcome to the Hon. Mr. Sastry was also passed.—F. P. I.

NOAKHALI URGES IMMEDIATE
REDRESS

NOAKHALI, Feb. 26.

Telegrams received from the Intelligence Branch, Calcutta by Mr. Rajani Chandra Mitter, pleader and brother of Mr. Satyendra Chandra Mitter, a political prisoner at Mandalay, confirm the news of the hunger strike of the detainees in the Mandalay Jail. Before he was arrested Mr. Mitter was the Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee.

Various public bodies here have wired to the Bengal Government for their intervention and immediate redress of the grievances of detainees.—A. P.

OUR HUMILIATION

SELECT COMMITTEE
AN EYE-WASHDR. MALAN'S INSULTING
CONDITION

Dr. Malan's proposal and its final acceptance by the Viceroy make up a bitter cup of humiliation for the nation, says Mahatma Gandhi in "Young India." The Union Government has given a Select Committee that will take evidence on the principle as well as the details of the Asiatic Bill. Dr. Malan has hedged it in with four conditions: That the Paddison Deputation should be the only party to give evidence before this Committee on behalf of the Government of India, that there should be no other deputation, no "agitator"—this is Dr. Malan's own expression—sent from India to supplement that evidence; that the Select Committee should report on or before the 1st of March; and that the Bill should be taken up for final disposal during the present session of the Union Parliament.

ADDING INSULT TO INJURY.

In my opinion, not one of these conditions could be accepted by a free nation. The Paddison Deputation went only to collect facts, and not to negotiate. A far more important deputation would have gone if it had to negotiate and tender evidence. It is insulting to impose a condition that no other deputation should proceed to South Africa. It is still more insulting to insist that the Government of India could ever send an agitator to South Africa. The patronising language used by Dr. Malan regarding the Paddison Deputation only adds insult to injury. The condition that the Select Committee should report before the 1st of March makes it hardly possible for the Government of India or the Indian settlers to collect and marshal all the evidence that can be tendered to show that the principle of the measure is contrary to the settlement of 1914.

MERELY AN EYE-WASH.

The announcement, side by side with that of the appointment of the Select Committee, that the Bill is to be proceeded with during the current session of the Union Parliament, shows that the Union Government has made up its mind regarding what it intends to do and that the appointment of the Select Committee is merely an eye-wash designed to save the face of the Government of India and to hoodwink the world into believing that the Union Government wishes to do nothing unfair. From this so-called concession of the Union Government, therefore, I have no hope of any satisfaction for the doomed settlers. That Government is conscious of its strength and is bent on using all that strength against the settlers. It seems clear that the Government of India will accept the finding of the Select Committee and leave the settlers to their own fate. India in her present state will probably be able to do nothing more than registering another more strong, emphatic and unanimous protest against the action of the Union Government. What then will the settlers do? It is a question that they alone can answer.

LOCARNO AGREEMENTS.

DEBATE IN FRENCH CHAMBER

LONDON, Feb. 25.

Paris.—In the Chamber, the debate on the Locarno agreements was appropriately marked by utterances very friendly to Britain.

M. Boncour opening the proceedings drew applause from all sides of the House by reminding that on the occasion of the violation of neutrality guaranteed by Britain the latter intervened with unhesitating force.

Discordant strings were harped upon by M. Cachin (Communist) who spoke of the imperialist policy of Britain and a group of European nations against the Soviets, as also by Colonel Fabry who criticised the lack of precision in defining Britain's obligations. He said that the agreements were full of loopholes.

M. Briand jumped up and warmly asked when a country like Britain placed all her sea, land and air forces at the service of the cause, did that mean nothing? He added that the agreements assured them that Britain stood by France like Italy, Czechoslovakia and Poland. "If we had that in 1914, we should not have had the War."

The debate was then adjourned.—Reuter.

BRITISH AEROPLANE
INDUSTRY.

PLEA FOR IMPERIAL ORDERS

LONDON, Feb. 26.

In the House of Commons last night an appeal for an Imperial Conference to discuss aviation and find ways and means whereby Imperial orders could be placed in Britain was made by Brigadier-General Warner (Conservative) in the course of the debate on Air Estimates.

He drew a gloomy picture of the British aeroplane industry and said that Germany was capturing the industry. He instanced South Africa where he said the air service was equipped with German machines which received a subsidy of £8,000. He emphasised the value of the Dominions and particularly Australia, placed on aviation for surveying, exploration and other purposes.

Sir Samuel Hoare replying to the debate undertook to see that Air questions were prominently placed on the agenda of the Imperial Conference.—Reuter.

"HOME" DEFENCE

POLICY OF GOVERNMENT
OUTLINED.PRESENTATION OF AIR
ESTIMATES

LONDON, Feb. 25.

Presenting the Air-Estimates in the House of Commons, Sir Samuel Hoare, Secretary of State for Air, said that the air policy was to provide home defence against air attack, to provide air defence for suitable parts of the Empire, to undertake the required air work for the Navy and Army, to develop civil air routes over the face of the Empire, and "to help the British people to the utmost to become a people of the air."

As regards home defence, the present programme would bring the home defence squadrons from three in 1922 to 28 at the end of 1927, when Britain's inferiority would be somewhat less than one to two, compared with the total strength of "our nearest neighbour."

GOVERNMENT'S JUSTIFICATION.

Emphasising that the programme for 52 home defence squadrons remained intact, Sir Samuel said that the Locarno Pact, at the lowest estimate, must make less likely the possibility of war during the next few years. Therefore, Government were justified in proceeding, somewhat more slowly, in completing the programme, spreading the expense over a longer period and at the same time holding themselves free to speed up the programme, if the international situation, contrary to all expectations, necessitated it. He pointed out that no substantial change was being made in the airship programme and expressed the opinion that two new airships should, before the normal life of the present Parliament ended, have brought London and Bombay nearer together than were London and Edinburgh a century ago.

He concluded that efforts were being made to expand the air knowledge by means, in the first place, of creation of Auxiliary and Special Reserve Squadrons near great industrial centres, which in the case of London, Edinburgh and Glasgow were developing satisfactorily; secondly, by bringing the air programme into closer contact with science, which was outwardly expressed by two new squadrons at Oxford and Cambridge, and, thirdly, by bringing aviation within the reach of the ordinary citizen.

"THE FLAPPER OF THE AIR."

In this connection already a thousand members belonged to five-light-aeroplane clubs. As regards the present aeromach problems he remarked that as a result of trials of the new autogiro, "the flapper of the air", machines were being built to test its possibilities for civil and military purposes.

(Note.—A message of February 19th stated that the Air Estimates amounted to 16 millions net.)—Reuter.

LONG DISTANCE FLIGHTS.

In the course of his speech on the Air Estimates, in the House of Commons, Sir Samuel Hoare alluded to the programme of long-distance Empire flights, inaugurated by the Cairo-Nigeria flight last year, to be followed by a Cairo-Cape Town flight beginning on March 1st, and over Colham's route. It was also proposed, in the course of the year, to carry out a long-distance flight with a service of flying boats probably to Egypt, while the first section of the route to India would start in 1927 between Egypt and Karachi, saving five days over the existing methods of transport. He believed that when this first step had been taken, the demand for extensions would arise, and we should gradually see a London-Bombay air line created.

Sir Samuel Hoare alluded to the remarkable air operations recently carried out on the North-Western Frontier, and said they were interesting because that was the first occasion that the Air Force in India was allowed to operate independently of any ground force. The experiment was altogether successful. The operation was carried out for a very few weeks, and practically there had been no casualties.

ESTIMATES AGREED TO.

Winding up the debate, he promised to communicate to the Premier the weighty arguments advanced by all parts of the House in favour of a centralised Ministry of Defence. In the meantime, he hoped to foster closest co-operation between the three Chiefs of Staff. He frankly claimed that the British air force was the most efficient in the world today, flying twice the number of hours of any other, not excluding that of France which had the biggest air force in the world.

The Estimates were agreed to without division.—Reuter's Special.

A FATAL EMOTION.

LONDON, Feb. 25.

Brussels.—Overcome by emotion at the ceremony of her daughter's taking the "veil d'ouvrier" near Genoa, Madame de Wyere collapsed on the floor of the Convent Chapel, and died immediately.

She had been accompanied by her husband who, only yesterday, severed his long connection with the Belgian Cabinet by resigning the office of Minister of Agriculture.

His departure from the Cabinet is widely regretted because he was a valuable link between the Conservative and Democratic sections of the Catholic group, and contributed to the stability of several Governments at times of crises.—Reuter's Special.

The Assam Council has adopted a resolution suggesting formation of a committee of two officials and three non-officials to enquire into the problem of unemployment among educated young men.

THE TASK AHEAD

INDIA'S "LOCAL
TRADITION."LORD IRWIN'S PLEA FOR
UNDERSTANDING.

LONDON, Feb. 25.

Lord and Lady Irwin were the guests of the British Indian Union at a farewell luncheon, presided over by Lord Erleigh. There was a representative company including Lord Winterton, Lord Eustace Percy, Lord Hawke, Viscountess Falmouth, Sir Atul and Lady Chatterjee, Major-General Sir Herbert and Lady Unice, Countess Delaware, Sir Alfred Bowen, Sir A. Boyle, Sir Henry Burt, Sir William Carter, Sir Stephen Demetriadi, Sir Wyndham Dunstan, Mr. Philip Hartog, Mr. Hasan Khan Rafique, Sir Edward Denison Ross and Sir Ronald Lindsay.

A message was read from the Duke of Connaught, President of the Union, offering sincerest good wishes, and praying that success might attend Lord Irwin in carrying out the important and responsible duties to which he was called.

Lord Erleigh, proposing the toast of the guests, recalled his visit to India when he obtained a close-up of the Viceroy at work, adding that he was not sure whether the picture fell in the category of topical, sporting, educational or romantic, but in any event it was never a slow-motion picture. He paid a tribute to Lord Irwin's courage in undertaking five years' unbroken luncheon and dinner, and expressed the opinion that the landmarks ahead were likely to make his period of office memorable.

LORD IRWIN'S REFLEX.

Lord Irwin, responding to the toast, paid a tribute to Lord Reading's discharge of the duties of Viceroyalty, and said he was conscious of the debt he owed to Lord Reading as the latter's heir. Hypothetically that not a single element was so important in human relations as the very simple element of plain human understanding of one another. Lord Irwin expressed the opinion that many of the world's most obstinate and intricate problems arose from lack of simple human understanding. Many forces were working in favour of a better understanding, like scientific wireless broadcasting, etc., but far more important was the development of education which enabled the people to know how much they did not know. Unless the people realise the limitations of their knowledge they were likely to be in a measurable distance of making profound errors of judgment. Real education, bred in sympathy, opened up a great field, and increased the possibilities of understanding with the result that it was no longer possible for the communities to remain in any sort of mental isolation.

He considered that the people who kept alive the local tradition, custom and achievement, in drama, poetry and folklore were insufficiently appreciated. India was very rich in the local tradition to which it gave expression through poets, philosophers and skilled craftsmen. Behind the business administration and even politics to which, in some degree, it would be his sad fate to revert, it would be one of his principal duties to bring home to the Indian and British citizens alike the sense of obligation under which all lay to render India service in which every one had an indispensable part. He went to India not under-rating the difficulty of his task, but he was determined to render the best service possible.—Reuter.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

The Governor of Behar and Orissa will leave for Delhi on March 2nd and will stay there till March 8th. He returns to Patna on March 9th.

Pundit Motilal Nehru left Bombay last night for Ahmedabad. He will leave there again to-night for Delhi.

The Governor of the United Provinces left Howrah for Lucknow on Friday night. Pundit and Mrs. Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Prasad will sail for Europe on Monday next by the Triestino Lloyd steamship.

Captain the Hon. L. Montagu and the Hon. Mrs. E. Montagu arrived at Government House, Bombay, yesterday.

Sir Arthur Yapp lunched at Government House, Bombay, yesterday.

The Governor of Bombay attended the Annual Athletic Sports of the Grant Medical College, yesterday.

Lady Wilson attended the general meeting of the Y. W. C. A. yesterday.

The following dined at Government House, Bombay, last night:—The Aga Khan, the Hon. Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, the Hon. Mr. Justice V. P. Taraporewala, Cavaliere A. Monardo, Mr. and Mrs. M. Webb, Captain A. J. Kersford, Senior Don Alberto and Madame de la Guardia, Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Pais, Mr. Mohamed Ayub Shah Mohamed Khurra, Lieut.-Colonel L. T. Rose Hutchinson, Engineer Captain and Mrs. F. B. Phillips, the Rev. and Mrs. E. Hill, Major H. S. Thompson, Dr. A. N. Meldrum, Mr. C. W. E. Arbuthnot, Mr. N. R. Medley, Mr. G. M. Chanter, Mrs. Mangani, Mr. and Mrs. C. Demetriadi, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Elgee, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Stileman, Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Foreman, Mr. G. E. D. Langley, Mr. and Mrs. T. G. S. Little, Mr. and Mrs. K. MacIver, Mr. C. N. Moberly, Mr. and Mrs. K. S. Powala, Miss Rabbitt, Mr. E. Stuparich, Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Saklatvala, Mr. N. N. Wadia, Mr. G. Wiltet and Mrs. V. B. Iyer.

CANTON CUSTOMS INCIDENT CLOSED.

LONDON, Feb. 25.

Hongkong.—The Customs incident at Canton has been closed by the surrender of the goods seized by strikers and the issue of a proclamation that all formalities must be observed. Permits to load and discharge cargoes will be issued to-morrow.—Reuter.

43 PASSENGERS
DROWNEDSTEAM LAUNCH SINKS IN
BAY OF BENGALSARANG DISREGARDS
WARNING

RANGOON, Feb. 25.
Steam launch Tassy (Satan) which was carrying about 70 passengers left Kyaukpou harbour. After leaving Kyaukpou some passengers saw a high tidal wave and heard its roaring from a distance. The passengers thereupon warned the serang and asked him to land the passengers on the shore, which was then 150 feet away.

It is alleged that the serang took no notice of the warnings but headed the launch. He rode over the first wave and also succeeded in riding over the second, but before the boat came in contact with the third it rolled and sank.

27 passengers managed to swim to the shore. The rest of the passengers were drowned. A married couple clung to an empty charcoal basket after the boat had sunk, and were carried to Myittha village, where they landed safely. Another couple clung to an empty brinjil basket, which carried them to Gwagyi village.—P.P.I.

ELECTIONS IN EGYPT.

PARLIAMENT OPENS ON JUNE 26.

LONDON, Feb. 25.
The Cairo correspondent of "The Times" states that King Fuad has signed a decree ordering the elections to take place under universal suffrage conditions. Ziaur Pasha informed "The Times" correspondent that he is speeding up the elections which will be finished by May 17, Parliament will open on June 26.

Ziaur Pasha will accompany King Fuad to the ceremonial opening, at which the latter will read the speech from the throne. After that Ziaur Pasha will resign immediately to enable King Fuad to choose the heads of the Government in accordance with the result of the elections. King Fuad has arranged to visit London in June.—("The Times" Special Service to "The Englishman.")

CREDITS CUT DOWN.

FRENCH OPERATIONS IN SYRIA
AND MOROCCO

LONDON, Feb. 26.
Paris.—Despite M. Painlevé's opposition the Chamber has adopted by 204 votes to 246 the Socialist amendment reducing the credits for Syria and Morocco by million francs with a view to terminating the operations there very soon.—Reuter.

THE BENGAL TERROR

(Continued from page 8.)

drive a sensitive man insane. One of the prisoners is held but the other is not and the fact that he is keeping cheerful is due mainly to my efforts and those of Mr. Atkinson. Please excuse me speaking plainly but I feel my share in the unpleasant business must be keenly, I can only comply with your wishes by omitting to reply to the direct question, and this I do with the most extreme reluctance in the enclosure letter. Simla will, of course, notice the omission and call for another report. My then perhaps the present order will be modified. Personally I would prefer my original letter to go to Government but please let me know which you send so that I may note the fact in my file. Yours sincerely, John Mulvaney. The substituted letter.

To be substituted for the letter bearing the same number and date.

CONFIDENTIAL.

From the Superintendent of the Alipore Central Jail to the Inspector General of Prisons Bengal, No. 419-24-1 dated Alipore 24th September, 1915.

Sir, With reference to your endorsement No. 741-D dated September 22nd, 1915, forwarding a copy of Government letter No. 11224-P dated September 17th, 1915, in which a report regarding the confinement of State prisoners in this jail is called for under the provisions of Section 6 of Reg. III of 1818, I have the honour to report as follows:—(a) The confinement to which the State prisoners are subjected is strict. Up till now, however, the health of neither has materially suffered. Both are cheerful but while Babu Bejoy Gopal Roy has increased in weight from 159 lbs. to 167 lbs. Babu Sadhanu Bhushan Mukherjee has lost 6 lbs. in weight falling from 166 lbs. to 160 lbs. (b) The arrangements made for their support are, in my opinion, adequate to the supply of their wants according to their rank in life. At least every wish expressed has up till now been gratified and both express themselves satisfied with their treatment in jail.

ADVISORY COUNCIL FOR RAILWAYS

The following have been elected by the Council of State to the Central Advisory Council for Railways:—Sir Arthur Frazer, Mr. Ramdas Pantulu, Mr. Seena, Mr. Bell, Mr. K. C. Roy, Lala Ramsadas, Raja Sir Rampal Singh and Mr. Zubair.

CABLE ITEMS.

Cape Town.—The "Die Burger" announces that General Hertzog and Mr. Tielman J. Rios, Minister of Justice will attend the Imperial Conference in October. Colaba has started from Cape Town on Friday on his return flight to England. Lieut-General Sir Francis Lloyd is dead.

NOT BINDING

GOVT. AND ASSEMBLY'S
RESOLUTIONSGRIEVANCES OF
RAILWAYMEN

DELHI, Feb. 26.
The Legislative Assembly met today being the fourth and last day of voting on the Railway demands for grants. Considering the large number of amendments on the paper still undisposed of it seems the House will not be able to finish them before the guillotine is applied at five this afternoon.

Mr. Graham replying to Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar said the Government of India received letters from the Local Governments of Madras and Bengal making certain proposals regarding the time of holding the next general election. In each case a reply had been sent that the power to appoint dates for election were vested in the Governor-General and the Governors respectively and not one for correspondence between the Local and Central Governments.

NO INFORMATION!

Mr. Harchandrai.—In view of the general election when will the Simla session be held?

Mr. Graham: I have no information. Mr. Rangaswami.—When is this Assembly likely to be dissolved?

Mr. Graham: No information, Sir. Mr. Rangaswami: Have the Government of India absolutely no voice in regard to general election?

Mr. Graham: They will have some voice but not the final voice. (Laughter). Mr. Rangaswami: What suggestions have they made?

Mr. Graham: No suggestions at all. Pandit Nilkant Das asked (a) whether Government had seen in the Press a circular of the Madras Government putting bans on the teaching of Hindi and enlistment of members in the Hindu Sabha. (b) did Government propose to take steps to prevent similar actions on the part of the Local Governments. (c) was Government aware that Indians were trying to make Hindi the national language in future?

The Home Member replied: (a) I have seen the newspaper article; (b) Government is not prepared to interfere with the discretion of the Local Governments. (c) I am not in possession of any more information on the subject than is the hon'ble member himself.

CUTS IN RAILWAY BUDGET

UNSATISFACTORY ARRANGEMENTS
FOR MELAS.

Colonel Crawford moved a cut of Rs. 100 to draw attention to the inadequacy of arrangements made by Government to deal with the pilgrim and Mela traffic at smaller stations. Mr. Shateo, Mr. Abdul Qassim, Pandit Shamal Nehru and Mr. Hussainji narrated their experience of the railways' failure in their territories to deal with the mela traffic.

Sir Charles Innes replied that in no part of the world were the railways able altogether to meet with such traffic, for if they could it meant that they had an excessive rolling stock throughout the year. Col. Crawford withdrew his motion.

Lala Dunichand moved a cut of Rs. 100 to protest against the non-stoppage of mail trains at several important stations like Anubala City.

The cut was rejected.

PILFERAGE BY RLY. EMPLOYEES.

Lala Dunichand next moved a cut of Rs. 100 to register his complaint regarding loss of articles while in charge of railway administration and inefficiency and neglect of duty of the Railway Police. He quoted from the Railway Police Committee's report of 1921 in support of his contentions. Even helplessness, women had been molested by railway employees. He earnestly appealed to the Railway Board to establish railway credit in this respect by improving the administration.

Mr. Doraiswami Iyengar said he and Pandit Shamabhu Dayal, another member of the Assembly, were within the course of two days on their way to Simla were robbed by railway cleaners of a cash box containing also documents of the value of Rs. 15,000. When they lodged a complaint two railway policemen came up to Simla and took time away. On the two members' return to Delhi an identification parade was held in Delhi, but the two cleaners were not produced. The two members pursued the enquiry and found that the two cleaners were on sick leave though hale and hearty. The speaker reported them to the railway authorities, but nothing had been heard of what action been taken.

Sir Charles Innes while denouncing the baseless charges made by Lala Dunichand welcomed the opportunity to explain the success of the railways in reducing losses due to pilferage and in expediting payments. The loss of articles represented now hardly a fraction of one per cent. The watch and Ward staff had been strengthened and was successful.

The cut was put and rejected.

INDIAN FOOD STALL VENDORS' FEES.

Dr. Lokabake next raised the question of Indian food stall vendors' fees. He wanted the annual figures showing what was realized from these fees.

Sir Charles Innes said the Agents were asked to discuss this matter with the Local Advisory Committees and they had done so. The railway authorities checked the prices of the vendors and also saw that proper healthy food was served.

The motion was rejected.

The House rose early for lunch due to it being Friday.

SCANDALOUS STORES PURCHASE.

After lunch Mr. B. Das moved a cut of Rs. 100 and drew the attention of Government to the "scandalous" stores, purchase policy and mismanagement of the Stores Department of East Indian Railway. He complained that Agents of both comp. and state managed railways were not parti-

THE LEAGUE COUNCIL.

CHINA'S DEMAND FOR PERMANENT
SEAT.

LONDON, Feb. 26.
Stockholm.—The "Dagens Nyheter" understands that China at a meeting of the League Assembly in March will demand a permanent seat on the Council if there is any question of giving permanent seats to other Powers than Germany. The newspaper adds that China, despite her present conditions, is a potential great Power. Moreover, Asia is not properly represented on the Council.—Reuter.

FIRES IN AUSTRALIA.

MANY PROPERTIES DESTROYED.

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Melbourne.—Villagers who took refuge in the post office at Kinglake were surrounded by flames for six hours and then rescued, thanks to a providential change in the wind. There were no casualties, though many properties in Kinglake and Healesville were destroyed, and the inhabitants had very narrow escapes.—Reuter.

AIRMAN'S FATAL STUNT.

ENQUIRY OPENS.

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Paris.—An enquiry has opened here with a view to discover the persons who encouraged the airman Collet in his fatal stunt. They will be charged with manslaughter.—Reuter's Special.

KING OF SIAM CROWNED

LONDON, Feb. 26.
Bangkok.—With an elaborate ceremonial of Hindu origin the king crowned himself this morning in the presence of Princes, foreign envoys and high officials. After having been anointed, the King received twenty articles of the Royal insignia and eight weapons of sovereignty. The king in the afternoon received homage from the Royal family and officials. Subsequently, he raised the queen to sovereign rank and seated her by his side. The king afterwards made a state progress to the temple of emerald of Buddha where he proclaimed himself the defender of the faith.—Reuter.

ing with one inch of the vested interests. The scandals committed by East Indian Railway were too well known to be mentioned.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta joined in the protest made by Mr. Das. He referred to the purchase of locomotives and pointed to the purchase by the East Indian Railway at two and a half times more than the price for which the locomotives were available.

Sir Charles Innes said that the matter referred to the purchase of locomotives for State railways through the London Stores Department for which Sir B. N. Mitra was responsible.

Sir Clement Hindley also corrected the figures of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta.

The motion of Mr. Das was lost.—SUBORDINATE EMPLOYEES' GRIEVANCES.

Mr. M. K. Acharya then raised a lively debate on the grievances of railway subordinate employees by a token cut. He revived the discussion he had initiated last year on this question. The grievances of 1,000,000 Indians, said Mr. Acharya, were genuine and he wanted an impartial committee to go into the matter.

Col. Gidney supported the motion and suggested a committee for each railway to go into every case of dismissal or grievance. Col. Gidney said that railway servants must be protected from antipathetic action of some of their officers.

Mr. Joshi, in supporting the motion, brought to the fore the discriminating treatment given between Indians and their European or Anglo-Indian colleagues in the matter of pay, allowances, etc. He also questioned the appropriation by Agents of fines fund which ought to go to the employees in general. He further complained against restrictions placed in the way of recognition of railway unions.

COMPLAINTS RUSHED.

Mr. Chamanlal remarked that the Railway Board itself countenanced racial discrimination on the railways and had even hushed complaints made against such discrimination. Messrs. Wali Mahomed Hussainally and Abdul Kasim supported the motion, the latter urging that porters should be managed departmentally. Mr. Venkatapathi Raju did not believe Sir Clement Hindley's denial of favouring racial discrimination. Mr. D. P. Sinha referred to certain individual grievances which had not been redressed.

As one who had been a servant of the company-managed railways Mr. Sykes assured that there was no foundation for the statement that there was differential treatment.

NOT ENDING!

Sir Charles Innes, replying, stated that Government had decided not to take action on the resolution passed by the Assembly. Under the constitution the resolutions passed by the Assembly were not binding (hear, hear). (Mr. Joshi: Non-Cooperation). The vast majority of railwaymen were ignorant and easily excitable and the Railway Board, therefore, deprecated the use of language like throwing sheep to the wolves etc. Such language, he said, would not promote the relations between the employers and the employees.

The cut of Mr. Acharya was carried by 53 votes against 40.

It was then 5 p.m. and the guillotine was applied. The reduced demand under the head "working expenses" was carried without division, so also all the remaining eleven heads in the budget.

The Assembly then adjourned till Monday.—A. P.

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

DEBT CONFERENCE OPENS.

LONDON, Feb. 25.
Paris.—M. Briand opened the Franco-Russian Debt Conference at the Quai d'Orsay. He insisted at the outset that the Conference implied a solemn undertaking by the parties represented to adhere to the principle of non-intervention. M. Demoncez the head of the French Delegation, said that the latter had not abandoned the defence of the rights of small French holders of Russian bonds, but was ready to discuss the method of liquidating past liabilities. He added that France hoped for speedy development of private trade between the two countries.

M. Rakovsky said that difference in the constitution and laws of the two countries did not render impossible a solution reconciling their interests. He desired to find a solution satisfactory to small bondholders.—Reuter.

ENGINEERING TRADE DISPUTE.

LONDON, Feb. 26.
The strike of 900 London engineers and labourers which the Engineering Union refuses to recognise has resulted in the threat of a national lock-out in the engineering trade. Trouble has arisen over wages and the men's refusal to work with non-Unionists. Representatives of the Engineering Employers' Federation and the Trade Unions met yesterday, after which it was announced that the Employers' Federation had sanctioned the issue of notices of a national lock out if the strikers did not resume immediately. It is hoped that the Unions will exert pressure and secure resumption.—Reuter.

QUESTION ABOUT ELLISON EPISODE

LONDON, Feb. 25.
In the House of Commons, Mr. Cape (Labour) asked whether the Foreign Under-Secretary was aware that Mr. William Ellison, a British subject, employed in the chemical industry, had been sentenced at Florence to five months' imprisonment and a fine of £15 on a charge of using offensive words about Sgr. Mussolini, whether Mr. Ellison was defended by counsel, and whether representations to mitigate the sentence could be made to the Italian authorities seeing that this was the first case since the passing of the new Italian Act.

Mr. Dixon (Conservative) said that Mr. Ellison was a reputable constituent of his. Mr. Locker-Lampson replied that his information was confined to press accounts, but the Ambassador at Rome had been instructed to furnish a report.—Reuter's Special.

VERY PITIABLE FIGURE.

MR. B. CHAKRAVARTI'S ATTITUDE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, Feb. 26.

Mr. Byomkesh Chakravarti the erstwhile Nationalist leader, cut a very pitiable figure on the motion of removal of the President of the Council. Notwithstanding the strong persuasion of his followers of the Independent Party, he alone voted against the motion. He was greeted with derisive cheers while alighting the stairs of the Town Hall.

I understand half a dozen members of his party have revolted and seceded from his leadership. Likely enough Mr. Akhil Chandra Dutt and Mr. Bidhan Chandra Ray to form a party with many other Nationalist group.

PRESIDENT VOTES AGAINST
GOVERNMENTASSAM LAND REVENUE
REASSESSMENT REJECTED

SHILLONG, Feb. 25.
By the casting vote of the President the Government motion was defeated in the Assam Legislative Council to-day for recommending the Assam Land Revenue Reassessment Bill 1925 to a Select Committee. The Governor of Assam was present in the distinguished visitors' gallery throughout the debate.—A. P.

CORPORATOR ATTACKED.

AHMEDABAD VICE-PRESIDENT
ASSAULTED WITH SHOE.

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 26.
Mr. Balubhai Thakor, vice-President of the Ahmedabad Municipalities and Chairman of the School Board was assaulted with a shoe and assailed with brickbats by a Mahomedan youth last evening when he was proceeding to the Municipal Office to attend the meeting of the School Board. He received slight injuries on the head and the right hand. The Mahomedan youth has been arrested and is kept under police custody.—A. P.

PLEYDELL CASE JUDGMENT.

SIMLA, Feb. 26.
Judgment in the Mansel Pleydell case has been postponed until to-morrow afternoon at four.—A. P.

Presiding at the annual meeting of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on Friday Mr. Kenneth Campbell reviewed the general commercial position in the United Kingdom and compared it to the position a year ago adding that from such comparison there could be no doubt that foundations upon which bigger and better trade might arise had been very materially strengthened.—A. P.

WORK BEFORE "ELDERS".

NON-OFFICIAL RESOLUTIONS IN
COUNCIL OF STATE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Feb. 26.
The Council of State has not got to vote on Money Bills that arise from the Budget of the Government of India, it will, therefore, content itself with a general discussion of the Budget that will be presented on Monday. The greater part of March is, therefore, proposed to be utilised for the discussion of non-official resolutions. In this respect, however, the Council will do something which the Assembly by its pre-occupations with the Budget demands cannot do. Although the Council of State is not a safe Chamber for serious non-official business yet it must justify its existence.

DISALLOWANCE OF RESERVATION
OF AREAS BILL.

Among the important resolutions already tabled for discussion are those relating to South Africa and the administration of the Tamil Districts of the Madras Presidency. There is nothing new in the motion of Mr. Rama Rao except the well-known demand for disallowance of the reservation of Areas Bill in case South Africa refuses to agree to a Round Table Conference and pursues its determination to get the Bill passed by the Union Parliament. The debate on South Africa which was believed to come up in the Assembly on 3rd March has by mutual agreement between the party leaders on one side and Government on the other has been postponed to a date towards the close of the session. Dr. Rama Rao's resolution on 17th March is, therefore, timely and may at least have the effect of elucidating the Government position and the situation in South Africa after the evidence that would be tendered by the Paddison Deputation before the Select Committee of the Union Parliament. But as Government is likely to satisfy the scylla "Elders" in the Council of State the need for vigilance on the part of the members of the Assembly is great.

SELF-GOVERNMENT FOR TAMIL
DISTRICTS.

The resolution of Sir Sankaran Nair for steps to be taken to give complete self-government to the nine Tamil Districts of the Madras Presidency is simple enough, but there is an interesting history behind this simple resolution. Originally Sir Sankaran had given notice of a resolution of portentous length covering two full-size pages printed but the form of this motion infringed the rules of the Government of India Act as interpreted by the constitutional pundits of the legislative department and the resolution, I understand, was disallowed by the President. Then Sir Sankaran Nair had to content himself with a formal request for steps to be taken towards the grant of complete self-government and remove the outlines of the constitution he had formulated. The amended resolution will be discussed in the Council on 15th March failing which on the 17th idem, but with what result it is not difficult to guess.

BALLOT FOR LEGISLATION ON INDIAN
BANKING.

DELHI, Feb. 25.

As a result of a ballot held for non-official business in the Council of State for the 15th March, Mr. Desakachari has drawn the first place for his motion which urges that only officers with judicial training and experience be appointed as Assistant Commissioners of Income Tax.

Mr. Haroon Jaffer has drawn the second place for his motion asking for an enquiry into the question of the desirability of legislation with a view to place Indian banking on a sound footing.

Lala Ramsaran Das stands next with his motion that a certain number of appointments every year in the mechanical and other departments of the State Railways be reserved to qualified students of the Andaman Engineering College and other similar colleges in other provinces.

Seth Govind Das has a resolution for the reduction of the third class railway fares to the pre-war level.

Dr. Rama Rao and Mr. Sethna have drawn identical resolutions recommending that no racial considerations should affect the position and prospects of the Indian officers now serving in or the future recruitment of Indians to the cadre of the Indian Medical Service.

BUSINESS FOR 15TH MARCH.

As a result of a ballot held to-day for non-official business on 15th March for the Council of State, Seth Govind Das has the first resolution for the reduction of fares of third class passengers.

Mr. K. C. Roy and Mr. Khaparde have drawn second and fourth, in order, a motion for increased salaries to two members of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

Sir Sankaran Nair has the fifth resolution for a form of self-government to the Tamil Districts of the Madras Presidency.—A. P.

KEEP WITHIN LAW!

BURMA CHAMBER PRESIDENT'S
ADVICE TO INDIANS

RANGOON, Feb. 25.
Annual general meeting of the Burma Chamber of Commerce was held to-day Mr. H. C. Calder, Chairman, presided. In the course of his speech he referred to the steady development of the country and improvement in the lot of people.

As regards the Non-Burman Offenders Espionage Act, the President said: "Why our Indian friends should consider that this Act was particularly aimed at them, I fail to understand as it is applicable to offenders of all nationalities except Burmans. One has only to keep within limits of law to avoid suffering any application of Act."—A. P.

NIZAM'S EDICT

SAMPLE OF "STAR CHAMBER"
JUSTICEREMARKS BY MADRAS
CHIEF JUSTICE.

MADRAS, Feb. 24.

Last week a suit was filed in the Madras High Court by Sast Chaudmal Duda, C. I. E., of Bakur on a decree passed through a "firman" issued by the Nizam for a sum of Rs. 540,000 against Purshotamdas, a native of Hyderabad, who is at present residing at Madras and several others.

It would appear that originally in 1881, an ancestor of the plaintiff brought a certain suit against an ancestor of the defendant in the Hyderabad Court. That suit was dismissed on account of the failure of the plaintiff to pay the court fee. Subsequently in 1922 after more than forty years the present plaintiff applied to the Nizam for a rehearing of that dispute overlooking the bar limitation and the Nizam by a "firman" constituted a special tribunal composed of two judges and the Member of Commerce and Industries to try the action. The tribunal reported in favour of the plaintiff whereupon the Nizam issued another "firman" decreeing the plaintiff's claim. As the defendant subsequently removed to Madras the present suit in the Madras High Court followed on the decree given by the Nizam.

In connection with this suit an application was made by the plaintiff on Friday last, before Mr. Justice V. V. Srinivasa Iyengar for calling on the defendant to furnish a security or in the alternative for arresting him. The plaintiff alleged that the defendant was likely to run away. An interim order was accordingly passed calling on the defendant to furnish a security of Rs. 25,000 immediately which was done. The matter then came up before the Chief Justice first on Monday and finally to-day for making the order absolute.

The Chief Justice, passed orders today on the application for the arrest before judgment in a matter involving a principle of constitutional law. His Lordship felt that it was an executive and not a judicial order. He agreed that he could be asked to enforce a foreign decree, but pointed out that it must be based on a regular judgment of a regular tribunal. "It is a regular judgment of a regular tribunal as regular judgments of regular tribunals are in Hyderabad," said Mr. Nugent Grant, who appeared for applicant.

Chief Justice.—No, I won't call it a judgment. I would rather call it an edict. On the very face of it it appears to me that it violates the principles of natural justice to order a man's imprisonment before he has even been tried.

BIG PRINCIPLE OF CONSTITUTIONAL
LAW.

The Chief Justice after hearing the contention of Mr. Nugent Grant announced his decision to dismiss the application but reserved full judgment as it was a matter involving a big principle of constitutional law. His Lordship after going through the judgment of the tribunal constituted by the Nizam declared: "The whole proceedings appear to me to be the whole proceedings for some reason unknown to me made up his mind to deprive the defendant of the protection of the ordinary laws of the State which would include protection of limitation and which would be a good plea to him if the plaintiff was left to seek his remedy in the ordinary courts, but His Exalted Highness constitutes a sort of Star Chamber and issues a mandate for them to brush aside the plea of limitation. The Nizam constitutes a tribunal which is opposed to all sense of natural justice. It must be clear in my mind that it is not an infringement of rights of a subject of the State, before I allow you to send this man (defendant) to jail without a trial."

Mr. Nugent Grant submitted that under the rules he had a right to ask for a security for the amount of his decree. Perhaps, said Mr. Nugent Grant, His Lordship might know the state of things in Hyderabad.

His Lordship replied: "If this is a specimen, I am glad I don't know and still more glad I don't live there."

His Lordship further remarked that the procedure adopted seemed so like a suspension of the law by an autocrat that he was not disposed to issue a process to the defendant. "It may be perfectly right in Hyderabad," said the Chief Justice. "But my conception is that if on the face of it, it appears that there is a gross violation of the rights of the subjects I can disallow it under law."—(A. P.)

GANDHISM IN EGYPT.

POSSIBILITY OF A CHARKA CAMPAIGN.

The Diplomatic Correspondent of the "Daily Herald" writes:—

There is, I hear, a possibility that Mr. Gandhi's spinning-wheel campaign may be imitated by the Egyptian Watanists—the extreme Nationalist Party. The Watanist leaders discussed the idea with Dr. Ansari during his recent visit to Egypt, and Mr. Gandhi himself has promised to send over one or two experts.

The appeal to an exploited cotton-growing peasantry of a policy which seeks to subordinate political emancipation to economic emancipation from Western capitalism is obvious.

Statistics of the industrial disputes in British India for the year 1925 were published by the Government of India on Thursday. The number of disputes reported was 134, as against 133 in the preceding year.

TAXATION COMMITTEE'S PROPOSALS.

STANDARDISATION OF LAND REVENUE.

CORPORATION TAX IN LIEU OF SUPER-TAX.

GRADUATED INCREASE IN INCOME TAX.

The report of the Indian Taxation Enquiry Committee, which from its very inception had failed to inspire public confidence, is at last published. The Committee has no drastic proposals to make, either by way of new taxation or remission of old taxes.

The principal recommendations of the Committee are: A higher rate on wine, etc., reduction in customs duties on some conventional necessities like sugar, removal of the export duty on hides; revision of the scheduled or judicial stamps in the direction of reduction.

The Committee also recommends standardisation of Land Revenue at a figure not exceeding 25 per cent. of the annual value.

The Committee's other proposals include conversion of the Super-Tax on companies into a corporation profits tax, a graduated income-tax the imposition of an import duty on motor cars, an excise duty on home-grown tobacco and a fee in selected local areas, for registration of marriages, and the abolition of octroi and terminal taxes and the "hemada" and "capitation taxes in Burma.

DELHI, Feby. 25.

Several important changes in the distribution of the burden of taxation are proposed by the Indian Taxation Enquiry Committee, whose report has been published. The recommendations are in the main unanimous, but the Maharaja of Burdwan, Dr. Hyder, Dr. Paranjpye and Sardar J. Gendra Singh have appended explanatory notes regarding their respective positions. The operations of the Committee lasted one year, in which it examined nearly 300 witnesses, the total expense being four and a half lakhs of rupees.

TENDENCIES IN TAXATION RECEIPTS.

The Committee was instructed to make no proposals for the introduction of new taxes except to replace revenues from taxes that were suggested either to be abolished or reduced. Land Revenue which was the mainstay of Government forty years ago and contributed 53 per cent., of the whole receipts, now contributes, says the Committee, only 20 per cent., while Customs had advanced from less than 3 per cent. to over 24 per cent. and Income Tax from over one and a quarter to twelve and a half per cent. Thus, a revolution had already taken place but the tendencies had generally been in right directions, but among the tendencies now in operation, are the policy of prohibition which, if complete, would involve a loss of revenue exceeding return from any new proposals that could be put forward, the pledge to remove the Cotton Excise Duty and the policy of discriminating protection or Customs duties for revenue purposes.

NEW TAXATION PROPOSALS.

Subject to these considerations, the Committee suggest a higher rate on wine, etc., reduction in customs duties on conventional necessities, especially on sugar with a view to affording relief to the poorest class; removal of the export duty on hides, which at present is wrong on principle and dangerous in effect; revision of the schedule of judicial stamps in the direction of reduction especially in relation to documents such as bonds, reduction of court fees; and standardisation of Land Revenue, which will ultimately result in a further reduction of the proportion borne by Land Revenue to the total taxation.

The Committee does not recommend increase in the export duty of jute or rice.

EXPORT DUTY ON RAW COTTON.

The majority of the Committee condemn the proposal for export duty on raw cotton as unsound and suggest, that the proper course of protecting cotton mill industry, is by increasing the import duty on manufactured cotton goods. The Excise Duty on cotton is suggested to be abolished, because the circumstances under which it was originally imposed and adhered to, in spite of public opinion, had seriously impaired its merits of the tax.

LAND REVENUE.

The Committee is divided in opinion as to whether or not Land Revenue should be regarded as a tax on the individual who pays it, but it is agreed that since it forms a deduction from the national dividend it should be taken into consideration in dealing with the question of incidence of taxation. The Committee dismisses as impracticable alternative proposals for the adoption of land revenue and substitution of a tax on produce and recommends that for future the basis of settlement should be the annual value, i. e., gross produce less cost of production, including labour. The rate to be standardised at a comparatively low figure not exceeding 25 per cent. of the annual value. The reaction in the share borne by Land Revenue to the total taxation is to be accompanied by an increase in local rate subject to the maximum of one-fourth of the total taken as Land Revenue.

CORPORATION TAX SUGGESTED.

As a substitute for taxes removed or reduced, the Committee suggests, "inter alia", conversion of the Super-Tax on companies into a corporation profits tax and abolition of the exemption limit, but the holding companies are not to be assessed to

this tax on the profits which represent dividends of subsidiary companies.

The Committee propose a moderate increase in the rates applicable to "foreign" income up to Rs. 10,000, the scale being nine paise up to Rs. 10,000, twelve up to Rs. 20,000, fifteen up to Rs. 25,000, and eighteen above it. It is further recommended that the limit for Super Tax be reduced to a thousand rupees and a new rate of Super Tax of six paise on the first Rs. 20,000 or part thereof in excess of that sum, be introduced.

OTHER TAXES.

Other measures proposed are, an enhancement of duty on country-made "foreign" liquors up to the tariff rate and an increase in the Excise Duty on country spirits in Bihar and Assam, an increase in license fees for fire-arms, an extension of the tax on entertainments and betting, an extension of probate duties and imposition of a tax on tobacco through the means of an excise on local manufacture or increase in the import duty on unmanufactured tobacco, coupled with a system of licensing of sales of country tobacco.

INCOME TAX.

The Committee opines, that the Income Tax must continue to be levied by the Central Government, but suggests that a definite proportion must be allocated to the various provinces. Besides this, the provinces must get a small portion of the receipts from the corporation profits tax.

In the sphere of local taxation, the Committee points out that octroi and terminal taxes offend against all canons of taxation and it suggests the prohibition of the introduction of octroi in any Municipality, where it does not exist and the issue of rules governing the terminal tax. The Committee condemn in equally strong terms the "Hemada" and capitation tax in Burma, and want these and the Choukidari taxes to be converted into sources of local revenue.

An import duty on motor cars is suggested and the Provincial Governments are advised to levy the tax for distribution to local bodies in lieu of tolls.

A TAX ON MARRIAGES.

A cautious experiment is suggested in selected local areas for the imposition of a fee for the registration of marriages with the distinct purpose of affording superior value of the fact of marriage.

It is proposed to give local bodies a share of the collections made by the local Governments from ground rents in towns and increased rates on non-agricultural land.

The succession duty is held impracticable in India and regarding the tax on agricultural income, the poorest cultivator would not be exempted, but the local authorities are asked to spend more money on the services affecting their well-being.

MACHINERY OF TAXATION.

Discussing the machinery of taxation, the Committee's principal recommendation is to restore the authority of Collector, so that he would act as liaison officer between the Provincial and Local Departments. The Committee observes that the Customs Tariff should be the object of periodical survey, and the Tariff Board should examine the position of the skin industry to see if the export duty on skin could be abolished.

BENGAL PERMANENT SETTLEMENT.

Dr. Paranjpye in his note opposes the delay in the consideration of the vested interests created by the Permanent Settlement in Bengal and favours the imposition of something in the nature of a succession duty. He adds that full effect could be given to the recommendations regarding taxation must be taken or left as a whole.

The Maharaja of Burdwan and Dr. Hyder remark that both the direction of expenditure and the adequacy of the amount had to be determined by the people's representatives.—A. P.

Tributes were paid to the memory of the late Mr. T. V. Seshagiri Iyer, ex-Judge of the Madras High Court, when the Madras High Court assembled on Thursday morning.

FRESH TAXATION FOR BOMBAY.

STAMP ACT BILL PASSES FIRST READING.

(Continued from page 9)

the necessity or otherwise of our building up this Fund, the fact remains that it is a statutory obligation of the Government and of the Council under the Law which brought them into being. When the Law is revised, this figure can be revised; but so long as it stands there in these rules we are bound to comply with the obligation. SAFEGUARDING AGAINST FAMINE

Let me remind the House that the primary cause of this obligation was the recognition by superior authorities that this Presidency was peculiarly liable to famine and the knowledge that in two years alone in the recent past, this dread calamity of famine has caused an expenditure from the public purse of 7 1/2 crores of rupees for the purpose of saving the lives of men and cattle. That is the sinister factor in our economic position which no legislator administration can ever forget. Then when on the failure of the monsoon the calamity occurs, every one knows by past experience that it is impossible to collect Land Revenue and that every other source of public revenue also goes down. Disasters may well amount to some crises of trouble. The decline in provincial revenues. In former days the Government of India was our banker and stood behind us in such times of calamity. Now with the political development which calls for political autonomy, we have to face the responsibilities of such independence. We can no longer fall back on the revenues of all-India and share with other Provinces the burden of our misfortune.

OTHER HEAVY COMMITMENTS.

A further necessity for caution has been imposed upon us by the heavy commitments which we have incurred, and are incurring, both in regard to the City of Bombay and the Province of Sind. I have explained that these commitments cannot rightly be regarded as speculations; for they have been rendered necessary, in our judgment, by the responsibility of the State to relieve distress and misery arising out of the congestion of the poor in the City of Bombay and as regards the Province of Sind to protect the life and prosperity of that Province. Then over and above these commitments, we find a new life invigorating the public bodies throughout the Presidency. Municipalities and Local Boards are everywhere putting forward schemes for the welfare of the people, and they are held up by the slender resources of local bodies. They therefore, make claims for assistance from the Provincial purse; claims which amount every year to many lakhs of rupees; and if this House agrees that it is right and proper that the Provincial purse should help forward these beneficent projects, the House will no doubt provide the means.

A FLING AT SWARAJISTS.

It has been said that we should refuse to tax ourselves in order to compel the Government of India to come to our relief. That argument will no doubt appeal to those Hon. Members who came to the House with the object of wrecking the constitution. I am sure that that argument will not appeal to the mass of sober men in this House. The Government of India certainly will not be sympathetic to such a policy, and if they point out that our taxation is not on a par with that levied in other provinces, and that we have not taken any steps to levy taxation which is clearly reasonable and proper, they will I think, be held in the eyes of reasonable critics to be justified in refusing us any form of assistance. If on the other hand, we do levy such taxes as we find suitable, and help ourselves as far as we are able, I think there is good ground to believe that we shall eventually arrive at a satisfactory solution of our financial negotiations with the Government of India. That belief is greatly strengthened by the publication this morning of the Report of the Taxation Enquiry Committee.

NON-OFFICIAL OPPOSITION.

Mr. J. C. Swaminarayan, strongly opposing the motion, said the Totalisator tax would yield to Government an income of 15 lakhs, and now they were asked to revive an old tax which was going to expire. It was a vicious principle to allow the Finance Department to hold larger balances than it was entitled to. The only remedy was to make rigorous retrenchment, he said.

Mr. G. T. Patel said the mover ought to have proved to the Council that the ability to pay to taxes had remained the same as when they were first imposed on the people and on principles of economy at least the measure should not have been brought forward at the end of four years. The taxation was not for the good of the people but for throwing into the Back Bay. The taxes in this Presidency were quite out of proportion to the incidence of income, and he would oppose any measure for taxes.

Mr. C. M. Saptarshi said the Bombay Presidency was the most heavily taxed according to their Finance Member, and no fresh taxation should be imposed on the people.

RETRENCH FIRST.

Mr. P. G. Joshi said the Government must first listen to the proposals for retrenchment made, so many times by the Council before the House could agree to any new taxation. He then showed in what directions there could be economies and said 37 lakhs had been provided for Superintendence etc. in the Excise Department which had no business to be there at all. He thought the business of detection of crimes of illicit manufacture of liquor could be entrusted to the Police and the Police Patils and he wanted the whole provision to be scrapped. He complained that the tour expenses of the Governor which was formerly votable, were now made non-votable.

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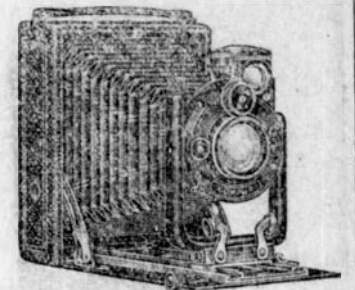
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able and he thought it was not proper to do so.

Mr. D. R. Patil also opposed the motion on the score of retrenchment and inability of the people to bear further taxation. The Council then adjourned for lunch.

MINUTE TO BUSINESS.

Dr. R. P. Paranjpye said in introducing the Bill, Government had not made the slightest attempt to meet the criticisms of the House, during the last three days of the Budget, about the bad management of Government finances by the authorities particularly in regard to the Development Department. Those criticisms must be answered and a certain amount of confidence created in the minds of the members, but that had not yet been done. Government had shown no anxiety to respect the wishes of the members and even apart from that, on the merits of the Bill itself the House would not be justified in accepting it. The principle of this tax was considered to be most unsuitable by economists all over the world, although it was considered to be the most convenient at the same time Lord Meston and other authorities were agreed that the stamp duty in this country was higher than in England, even before it was enhanced, and he strongly objected to its continuance, as it would merely hamper business in the City. Even if there was a small deficit, he did not think the heavens were going to fall if there was no fresh taxation to meet it, seeing there was such a large cash balance, out of which even now they were going to lend money to the Sukkur Barrage.

Rao Sahab Dadabhai Desai, opposing, said at least his side of the House was reasonable in giving the Government all the money that was required during the last few years. But since expenditure was not cut down, and money was wasted they must oppose any fresh burden.

Mr. G. Wiles, supporting, said Government had been unexpectedly successful in keeping down expenditure within certain limits and retrenchment to the extent of a crore of rupees had been made and since 1921 every officer had learnt to halve his budget.

DANGEROUS INVESTMENT.

Mr. Lalji Naranji said the Government had made no reply to the point raised by Mr. Swaminarayan, that it was dangerous to invest revenue balances in loan works. It was still more dangerous to invest revenue balances in loan works of a doubtful character and even assuming that it was a successful thing it was not proper to raise money from the tax-payer and invest it in this manner, for it was such a speculative policy which had landed the Government into difficulties. If Government had lost three crores during the last two or three years, the commercial community in Bombay had lost more than 750 lakhs through liquidations. Unless there was enough retrenchment the House would refuse to give any more money to Government.

Mr. J. Addyman said if they wanted progress in all departments the House must

agree to fresh taxation and he supported the measure.

Mr. A. N. Surve disagreed with the proposition that there was efficiency in Government Departments. For instance the Police Department had shown no improvement at all, he said, and, therefore, he was opposed to the measure.

Moulvi Rafiuddin Ahmed said the Finance Minister was a master of sarcasms and gibes, but they wanted persuasion as they had not come there to wreck the Council.

MINISTERS' APPEAL TO SENTIMENT.

Sir Gulam Hussain Hidayatulla said the tendency on the part of local bodies was not to tax themselves and to rely more and more on the Government. If the local bodies wanted assistance from Government, the Council must sanction the taxation. Surat, Karachi and other cities had already made huge demands for assistance. To Muslims he said if they wanted their demands for extension of education to be met, they must agree to this taxation.

Mr. B. G. Pahalajani said while Mr. Addyman represented a rich community he personally represented a people who were toiling and living on the land and he refused to increase taxes for paying increased dividends for the purpose of throwing away money on Back Bay Schemes or lending it against property.

Mr. B. V. Jadhav said Government had already cut down their expenditure and still there was a deficit and it would be very hard for Government to carry on without these 20 lakhs, especially in the Transferred Departments. It was their desire to work these departments more and more efficiently, by giving increased salaries to their lower paid servants.

Mr. Nariman: Fall on your knees! (Laughter.)

TWO "STOUT" MINISTERS.

Sir H. S. Lawrence said they were financing all their activities out of their revenues, and a large number of small economies had gone to improve the position. It was complained that he and the Financial Secretary were plunging a lonely ferrow, but they had seen those two stout ministers (laughter) coming forward to support the Bill, because, he assured the Council, the money would go for the improvement of transferred departments and would not be sent out of this country. Otherwise, Government would be compelled to refuse the demands of the transferred departments, he said.

The motion was then put to vote and as the volume of voice for and against seemed to be equal, there was a division, with the result that 45 voted for Bill and 40 against. The first reading was declared carried.

AMENDMENT ALSO LOST.

Mr. I. B. Bhopatkar said it was a matter on which public opinion ought to be elicited. He, therefore, moved that the Bill be published for eliciting public opinion within two months.

Mr. S. S. Deo and Mr. G. I. Patel having

seconded and supported respectively and after a number of other members had spoken for and against, the amendment was taken to a division and there it was defeated, 37 members voting in favour and 43 against. Other amendments for referring the Bill to a select Committee would be taken up on Monday next told the President, and the Council then adjourned till 2 p.m. on that day.

DIVISION LIST

FOR (45.)

The following voted for the first reading of the Bill:

Mr. Abdul Latif Haji Hajrat Khan, Mr. J. R. Abercrombie, Mr. J. Addyman, Mr. Moulvi Rafiuddin Ahmed, Mr. J. M. Bhargava, Khan Bahadur S. N. Bhutto, Mr. S. K. Rale, Mr. J. P. Bunter, the Honourable Mr. A. M. K. Dehlavi, Dr. Cosmas Fernandez, Mr. K. S. Framji, Mr. J. Ghosal, the Hon. Sir Ghulam Hussain, Mr. Hamid M. Abdul Ali, Mr. C. S. C. Harrison, Mr. G. W. Hatch, Sir Lawless Hepper, Sir Leslie Hudson, the Hon. Mr. B. V. Jadhav, Khan Sahab Haji Sani Imamulash Jatoi, Wadero Kadirbakh Jatoi, the Hon. Mr. Cowasji Jehangir, Kazi Inaillullahkhan, Mr. M. S. Khushro, Mr. G. J. Kokani, the Hon. Sir, Henry Lawrence, Khan Sahab A. M. Mansuri, Mr. A. Master, Mr. W. G. McKee, the Hon. Sir Chinnal Mehta, Mr. A. Montgomerie, Mr. L. J. Mountford, Mr. R. S. Sekallay, Mr. Noor Mahomed, Mr. A. C. Owen, Mr. A. F. I. K. Pathan, Mr. F. W. Petch, Mr. P. E. Perceval, Mr. J. L. Rien, Mr. R. D. Shinde, the Thakor of Amod, Mr. G. A. Thomas, Mr. M. Webb, Mr. G. Wiles, and Mr. E. E. Woods.

AGAINST (40).

The following voted against the motion:

Mr. N. A. Abdulpurkar, Mr. D. B. Adani, Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, Sher Mahomed Khan, Dr. K. E. Dadechani, Rao Sahab D. P. Desai, Mr. S. S. Dev, Dr. M. K. Dixit, Mr. N. R. Ganjal, Haji Abdullah Haroon, Mr. V. N. Jog, Mr. P. G. Joshi, Mr. M. D. Karik, Mr. V. R. Kothari, Mr. Lalji Naranji, Mr. Hosenbhooy A. Laljee, Mr. G. K. Mavalankar, Mr. W. S. Mukadam, Mukhi Jethanand Pritamdas, Mr. H. H. Narielvala, Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mr. B. G. Pahalajani, Dr. R. Paranjpye, Mr. A. E. Patel, Mr. D. N. Patel, Mr. G. I. Patel, Jan Mahomed Khan, Mr. D. R. Patel, Mr. M. B. Ponnar, Mr. G. B. Pradhan, Mr. R. G. Pradhan, Mr. Hosenally M. Rahimtoola, Mr. H. D. Sahaba, Mr. C. M. Saptarshi, Mr. S. A. Sardesai, Mr. A. B. Shrivastani, Mr. R. G. Soman, Mr. A. N. Surve, Mr. V. A. Surve, Mr. J. C. Swaminarayan, Dr. M. B. Velkar, and Mr. C. N. Wadia.

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UNIVERSITY FOR POONA.

DISCUSSION IN PUBLIC MEETING.

POONA, Feb. 26.
A public meeting was convened last evening at Shivaji Mandal over the signatures of 150 prominent citizens including professors of the Ferguson College, the New Poona College, Women's University, the Servant of India Society, journalists, pleaders and doctors to consider the question of starting a University for Maharashtra as recommended by the Bombay University Commission.

Sharp differences of opinion resulted in a hot debate at the meeting. Rao Bahadur Aptel President, City Municipality, was voted to the Chair. In his opening speech he urged the starting of a Maharashtra University both as an affiliating and teaching one. In his opinion Marathi should be the medium of instruction. Agricultural and Engineering Colleges in Poona should be affiliated to the Poona University with a guarantee that nothing should be done that would impair the present conditions of colleges and, lastly, the collection of minimum funds should not be made precedent condition.

Mr. N. C. Kelkar then proposed and Professor Poddar seconded the first resolution which stated: "This meeting strongly supports the recommendation of the University Reforms Committee for the establishment of additional Universities in the Bombay Presidency, and is of opinion that such additional Universities should have jurisdiction over a natural linguistic area and that the University in Poona should start with a full provision for post-graduate teaching."

ONLY UNITARY.
Principal Kanitkar moved an amendment to the effect that the last two sentences should be deleted and the resolution should state that the meeting was of opinion that the new University should be unitary and teaching, only confining itself to the city of Poona and the Colleges there.

He was seconded by Professor Khadye. The speech of the latter roused great indignation and protests as his remarks regarding the graduates from Poona Colleges and educational output in general were considered derogatory to their self-respect.

Two other amendments were moved with a view to postponing the discussion.

Principal Kanitkar, at this late stage, proposed the adjournment of the meeting and the appointment of a committee to examine the whole question.

The motion for adjournment was vehemently opposed by Prof. Hardikar, and Mr. D. V. Gokhale.

On being put to vote it was lost, as it secured only ten votes against huge majority of hundreds.

The last two amendments shared the same fate.

ORIGINAL MOTION CARRIED.

Principal Kanitkar's amendment got only ten or fifteen supporters, and the original proposition was carried by a huge majority.

As it was getting late, the President adjourned the meeting to some day next week, as there were five other important resolutions on the agenda to be disposed of.—A. P.

DAICOITY CASE CONVICTIONS.

BANGALORE, Feb. 25.
Found guilty under Sections 395 and 457, I. P. C., Nur Mahomed and Mohammadulla were sentenced to five and three years' rigorous imprisonment, sentences to run concurrently in both cases and three others under Section 395 to five years' rigorous imprisonment in the Vadarapalaya Daicoity Case in which 12 Indian male drivers of the British Army were tried by the Sessions Judge. On a unanimous verdict of the jury the remainder of the accused including one Lance Naik were acquitted today.—A. P.

PUNJAB BUDGET.

LAHORE, Feb. 25.
In the Punjab Legislative Council to-day Sir John Maynard presented the budget for 1926. He said that the revised estimate of 1925/26 showed receipts 1,116 lakhs and expenditure 1,040 lakhs giving a surplus of 76 lakhs. The total revenue receipts for the year 1926/27 were expected to be 1,150 lakhs being an increase of 34 lakhs over last year. The chief contributing heads to the increase were excise 6 lakhs and stamps 8. The total expenditure charged to revenue was estimated at Rs. 1,136 lakhs against 1,040 lakhs in 1925/26.—A. P.

BENGAL COUNCIL OFFICIAL BILLS.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.
To-day's meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council lasted about an hour and a half. Only Government business was transacted. Two small bills were introduced and a resolution was passed. Mr. Donald introduced the Calcutta Port Act Amendment Bill which requires the Port Trust to erect shelters for deck passengers at Ports where there is a regular passenger trade. The Bill was passed. The Maharaja of Nadia introduced the Calcutta Municipal Act Amendment Bill which gives power to the Calcutta Corporation to initiate proceedings in respect of breaches of building regulations. The bill was referred to a Select Committee. The Council adjourned until Monday.—A. P.

It is understood that the Governor of Behar and Orissa has refused to allot a special day for the discussion of the resolution asking for the appointment of a committee to enquire into the question of unemployment of people.

A Rangoon message says: In connection with the daicoity committed by 8 Hindus in Kemmendine on Saturday last, the police has recovered property worth Rs. 5,000 from a durwan of the Currency Office.

STABBED TO DEATH.

BENGALI PEDESTRIAN'S SAD FATE

CALCUTTA, Feb. 26.

A Bengali pedestrian of unknown identity was stabbed to death on Thursday evening by some ruffians in Harrison Road. The man was accosted by several Mahomedans one of whom robbed him of the cash he possessed. There was a struggle in the course of which one of the ruffians stabbed him in the abdomen inflicting a wound of which he died almost immediately. Four arrests have been made.

CO-OPERATION IN BUILDING

NOVEL VIENNA SCHEME

A novel method of providing houses was described in London in mail week by Mrs. A. S. Atherton Smith, who has been working in Vienna on behalf of the Land Settlement Movement. She described how a number of co-operative building colonies were formed after the war in Austria every member of which agreed to contribute a definite number of hours of work towards the labour needed for building houses. The majority gave 1,500 hours each, but some gave 2,000.

During 1923 and 1924 the artist members of the colony contributed skilled labour. The painters gave 3,952 hours, the sculptors 1,664, and the architects 510 hours. Naturally most of the work was unskilled. But the few members already in the building trade undertook the skilled work and supervised the others. It is estimated that each thousand hours of work was worth £50, and thus the cost of labour has been reduced by over 30 per cent., and the total cost of a house by 15 per cent.

The scheme has been carried out with the full approval and co-operation of the trade unions. Skilled labour has, in fact, been employed at trade union rates. Not only have nearly 5,000 families been housed, but land has been put under cultivation. Each settler in Vienna has 440 square yards adjoining his house and a stable for goats, chickens, and rabbits. It is proved that on such a piece of ground a man is able to supply 30 per cent of his family's needs in foodstuffs.

It is proposed to encourage similar experiments in England.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S SALARY.

AN ADVERTISEMENT REFUSED.

At a meeting of the Cardiganshire County Council held in mail week, the Clerk reported that the "Lancet" and the "British Medical Journal" would not accept the Council's advertisement for a medical officer of health on the ground that the minimum salary for men in office fixed by the British Medical Association was £300, whereas the salary offered by the Council was £200 including travelling expenses.

Alderman D. Morgan James moved that the advertisement should not be inserted in the two papers named, as they could get any number of applicants in other ways. Alderman John Jones, Cilcennin, seconded.

Mr. Josiah Jones appealed to Alderman James to withdraw his motion, as otherwise the two medical papers "would see to it that they only got the scum of the profession."

It was eventually decided to advertise in the two medical papers and to offer a salary of £200, with an additional £50 for travelling expenses.

RESTRICTIONS ON INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 25.

Delivering his third Kamala lecture on "The Rights and Duties of Indian Citizens" the Right Hon. Srinivasa Sastri referred to the various restrictions imposed by Government on the rights of individual and compared the relevant laws with those of England. He said that in India the law exempted from the jurisdiction of the court all acts done by officers whether civil or military, in obedience to superior orders.—A. P.

PLEA FOR UNITED FRONT.

RANGOON, Feb. 25.

At a public meeting this evening in Ftyche Square presided over by U. Paw Tun, M.L.C., and addressed by Messrs. Shaukat Ali, Manilal Kothari, S. A. Tyabji, M.L.C., R. K. Ghosh, M.L.C., and others, a resolution was passed conveying the thanks of the public to those members of the Assembly who voted for Mr. Dutt's resolution on the Expulsion Bill.

Another resolution urged the Burmans and Indians and others to show a united front to remove the capitation and "hammed" taxes.

The third resolution expressed sympathy with the Bengal detainees on hunger-strike in Mandalay jail, and prayed that they might come successfully through their ordeal.—A. P.

A SWARAJIST SUCCESS.

MADRAS, Feb. 25.

A By-election for the Madras Council in North Arcot has resulted in the victory for Mr. Venkatarangam Naidu a Swarajist. He secured 6,423 votes his ministerial rival securing 1,641 votes.—F. P.

BEAN 1926 MODELS

AVAILABLE FOR
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

12 H. P. 4-5 SEATER, WITH 4 DOORS

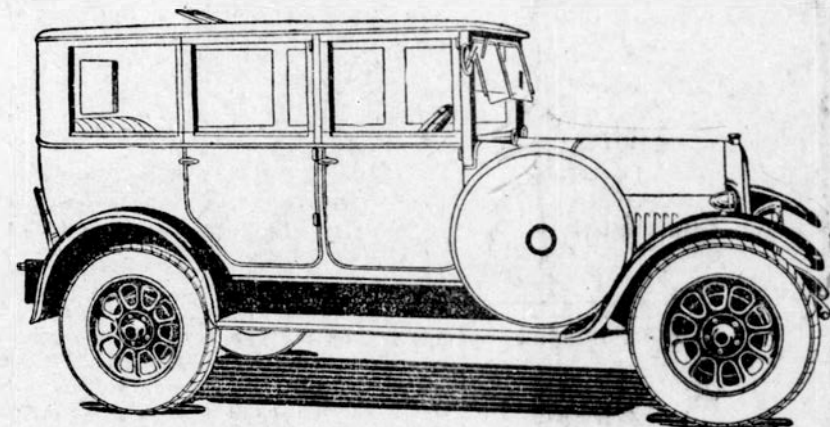
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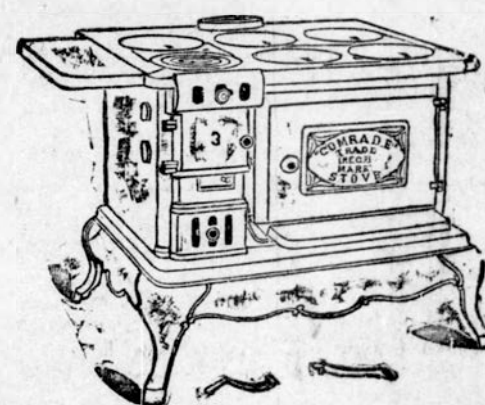
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COOKING STOVES AND RANGES**



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BALSARA & Co.,

29, Meadows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

SHAKE OFF THAT FEVER!

You can't afford to be nursing a fever—
you should stop it before it develops into danger.

**HENRY'S Ague and Fever
Mixture JVARA HARI**

Known in India for fifty years as the
surest, safest and most effective cure
for Fevers. Keep a bottle handy.



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The Bombay Chronicle

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SECURE ONE FOR YOUFrom
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The oldest and only genuine
Insecticide
Destroys Mosquitoes, flies, etc.,
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Tonic and
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sher use it
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JINTAN AGENCY, Bombay 2**KATOL POWDER**The oldest and only genuine
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BOMBAY No. 2.We are glad to inform our patrons that we have
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SERVICE PASSENGER BODIES
Stocks of READY BUILT BODIES of 8 and 16
Seaters and Delivery Vans of all descriptions can
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GOLD GILTED WRIST WATCHES
IN Rs. 7/- ONLY—3 YEARS GUARANTEED

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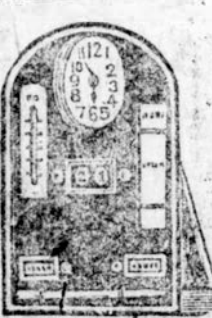
**MILK
Butter
Cream****BYCULLA
DAIRY
FARM**Behind Victoria
Gardens, Near
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off Sussex Road,
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Tele: No. 42110Drink a glass of
fresh pure Milk
daily, if you wish
to gain health.
We guarantee our
Milk, Cream and
Butter to be abso-
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Free delivery in
districts between
Colaba & Matunga
Buffalo's Milk: Rs. 6/-
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Rich Cream @ Rs.
1-4 per lb.
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Special terms and
quotations for mer-
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Hotels, etc., on
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RADICAL AND SURE CURE;Our letter No.—32180.
To: Messrs. K.P. RAY & J.P. RAY BROS.
Dept. No. 5, Delhi.
Gentlemen,I tried your Diabetic Specific on Mr. Ja-
madar Malappa. He has completed the pre-
scribed course of 12 weeks.
Before commencing the treatment his urine
contained sugar, and his gravity was 1040
without exertion.You may publish this letter.
Yours sincerely,
S. VARADA ANJANGAR, I.M. & S.
Medical Officer,
Semi-Discreet Dispensary,
Hunchada Kattay, Shinaga,
(Mysore Province).
Note.—Testimonials are sent free, FULL
amount is to be refunded if radical cure is
not effected.**DRASTIC
REDUCTIONS****SURAT SILKS
CUT LENGTHS**

to Clear at

Rock Bottom Prices.**THE BOMBAY SWADESHI
CO-OPERATIVE STORES**

Co., Ltd.

Times Building, Fort, BOMBAY.

CALENDAR CLOCK.A most wonder-
ful combination
of a perfect time-
keeper, a perpetu-
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Tablet, Thermo-
meter and a
pen. An indis-
pensable neces-
sity for the table
or the traveller.
R. 5-8-0 only.
Special term to
the trade.World famed timepiece Rs. 2-3-0.
Agents Wanted. Price list free.
VENUS TRADING CO.,
P. B. 325, Mount Road, MADRAS.**CART WHEELS**

Price per pair 4 feet Diameter Rs. 50/-

Same design as is
used by Government
Ordnance Depart-
ment. The Naves are
of cast iron with de-
tachably tapered
bushes duly machin-
ed. Spokes and
Felloes are of strong
wood and a broad
tyre is shrunk on and bolted. Axle
to suit above Rs. 10 extra.

For further particulars write to:—

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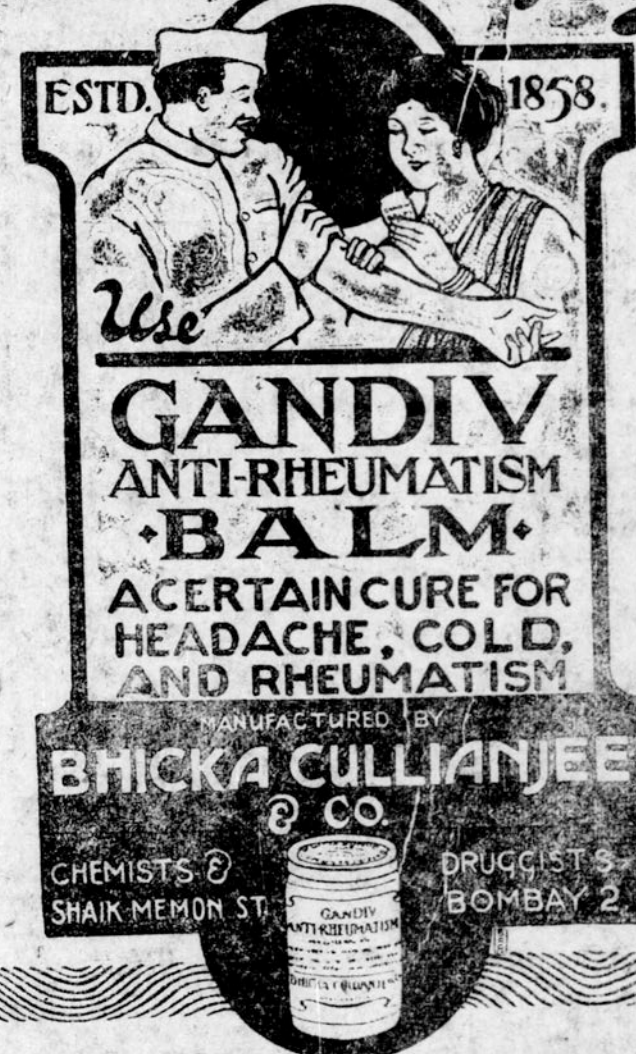
GHAT-KOPAR GANG CASE.**"UNCLE'S" PUGILISTIC EXPLOITS**

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANDRA, Feb. 25.

"Uncle" Jungi Khan, the Pathan leader
of the gang of robbers who figured in the
Ghat-Kopar Gang Case has earned such
notoriety that the public would be much
interested to know what became of him
after he left the Thana Sessions Court on
the day its judgment was pronounced sen-
tencing most of the accused to various long
terms of rigorous imprisonment. The com-
mitting magistrate Mr. Deo, who held the
magisterial enquiry in the Thana jail in
his committal order of remarkable propor-
tions painted "Chacha" as a criminal of the
blackest dye and gave it as his opinion that
the safety of society demanded that some-
thing should necessarily be done to keep
under proper restraint such a dangerous
criminal as "Uncle" after he had played his
role as approver in the Thana Sessions
Court.It will be remembered that on one occasion
as "Uncle" was giving his evidence in the
Magistrate's Court against his nephews
one of them cried out: "Oh, 'Uncle,'
look to God and speak the truth." "Uncle"
immediately replied giving his assurance
with cool sarcasm: "Oh don't worry about
your fate for proper 'bandobast' has been
made for you all across the 'Kalappa'."**GRABBED BY POLICE AGAIN.**On the day the case came to a close in the
Sessions Court and Jungi Khan was order-
ed to be set free he having been declared
to have performed his part of approver satis-
factorily well, he walked out with majestic
strides blissfully conscious of being a free
man again, no matter at the expense of his
accomplices; but scarcely had he left the
Court compound when he was again grab-
bed by the Police and marched to the lock-up.
In due time he was handed up before Mr.
Rogers Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Thana
who sentenced him to 3 months' rigorous
imprisonment, the charge against him hav-
ing been one of ruffianly behaviour towards
one Mr. Gokhale, a clerk in the office of the
District Magistrate. This incident occurred
in the Court of the committing magistrate
when the case was going on before him in
the Thana jail.**MORE CHARGES YET?**There is yet another case against "Chacha"
in which the Thana police are charg-ing him with having assaulted and abused
a guard in the Thana sub-jail.It is understood that "Uncle's" alleged
pugilistic and other exploits which are
being carefully investigated by the police
will occupy the time and attention of more
than one criminal Court for some time to
come.**CONTEMPORARY OPINION.****BACK BAY SCANDAL.**"The Maharatta":—We have to congrat-
ulate Mr. Manu Subedar on the strong
minute of dissent which he has written to
the report on the Backbay Reclamation
Scheme of the Sub-Committee appointed by
the Advisory Committee of the Development
Department and also the journal that enter-
prisingly published the whole report. The
Backbay Reclamation scheme was one of the
Skeletons rumbering in the cupboard of Sir
George Lloyd and it is well that Mr. Manu
Subedar has at last brought it in the open.
People in the Presidency had, from the be-
ginning, looked upon the schemes of the ex-
Governor with suspicion and it is proved
that suspicion was not at all unfounded.
Mr. Subedar is emphatically of opinion
that the scheme should be at once given
up and errors of money of the people be
saved from being literally thrown into the
sea. Government and the Advisory Com-
mittee, Capitalist-ridden that they are, will
of course attach to the dissenting minute
the significance of being assigned to the
W. P. B.; but there is no question that
Mr. Subedar has exposed this scheme from
the popular point of view and done a dis-
tinct service so far as he could do, to the
provincial finance.**FAMILY RESEMBLANCE.**"Indian Engineering":—The difference
between the two reports is in estimating
the extent of the inevitable loss. The mi-
nority description of the history of the scheme
brings out the family resemblance between
this project and many others prepared in
and about 1920 and rushed or attempted to
be rushed to the stage of sanction. There
is a long list of them. The Bombay Devel-
opment project has been one of the worst
offenders in the matter of getting off with
a project on a low estimate and then rais-
ing the cost by stages. It started with
3.67 crores and rose to 25.45 crores, and
this last is now admitted to be hopelessly
inadequate!**VAULTING AMBITION.**

The "Kesari":—With the vaulting ambi-

A Friend in Every HomeESTD. 1858.
Use
**GANDIV
ANTI-RHEUMATISM
BALM**
A CERTAIN CURE FOR
HEADACHE, COLD,
AND RHEUMATISM
MANUFACTURED BY
**BHICKA CULLIANJEE
& CO.**
CHEMISTS &
SHAIK MEMON ST.
DRUGGISTS
BOMBAY 2tion of staggering the whole world the late
Governor of Bombay launched the Back Bay
Scheme, flouting public opinion and regard-
less of the burden on the public of the grow-
ing expenditure; and the scheme was boom-
ed with the aid of hired publicists. For
this game of the bureaucracy, however, the
people have been already mulcted of 5 crores
of rupees. To every demand for any useful
work Government have given the convention-
al reply, "No funds". Yet here is this
reckless expenditure thrust upon a people
already groaning under poverty! But if aforeign government could care for the wel-
fare of the people, who would call that
Government Satanic?Opening the Bengal School and Hostel
for the health and welfare of workers, at
121 Bowbazar, Calcutta, on Thursday Lady
Lytton described the institution as "one
that went to the very root of nursing work,
its object being to train workers so as to
enable them organise welfare centres in
Calcutta and in industrial areas."

Why suffer from INDIGESTION?

By promoting salivary secretion Mustard aids digestion. In India it has not so far, been sufficiently used, but now its value is being recognised, and before long it will be the natural accompaniment of every meal. Colman's Mustard, which is sold ready ground in tins and bottles in all bazaars, is highly refined and untouched by hand, and the cost is trifling.

COLMAN'S MUSTARD



AIDS DIGESTION.



PARROT BOOT POLISH

BLACK
OR
BROWN

POLISHES
WATERPROOFS
& PRESERVES

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Eczema is an invaluable preparation to sufferers of Eczema, wet or dry. A little applied to the affected part will give instant relief and in a few days a permanent cure will result.

LICHENSA

For Dry and Wet Eczemas
Rs. 2/4 per tube

Sole Agents:—
The International Traders,
Sankdi Shery, Ahmedabad

The daintiest fabrics are safe
with

Colman's Starch

Linen lasts longer

For your HEALTH'S sake—purify your BLOOD

Residents in tropical climates are particularly liable to troublesome complaints arising from impurities of the blood. The most reliable remedy is WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA, which quickly cleanses the blood of all impure waste matter and builds up health & energy.

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA

has enjoyed a world-wide reputation for over three-quarters of a century, and the highest medical authorities have pronounced it the most wonderful purifier of the human blood. The Perfect and most valuable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES, WEAKNESS, DEPRESSION, &c.

Beware of imitations and substitutes. Every genuine bottle bears the Trade Mark and Signature.

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WORLD CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE.

TO BE HELD IN 1930.

A world census of agriculture is an international event now definitely scheduled for the year 1930.

This will be the first effort ever made to inventory the world's agriculture and is expected to yield valuable statistical data that will enable the leading agricultural countries of the world to organize their production of food and fibres to meet the world demand.

According to present plans, it will be taken under the auspices of the International Institute of Agriculture by the 72 adhering governments in accordance with plans and specifications worked out by the institute.

AMERICAN TO DIRECT WORK.

The American statistician, Mr. Leon M. Estabrook, has been chosen as director. Mr. Estabrook has been formerly chairman of the crop reporting board of the United States Department of Agriculture, and was the Department's representative at the first assembly of the International Institute of Agriculture, at Rome, after the World War. Mr. Estabrook said recently: "The need for a world census of agriculture and live stock is the same in international statistics, industry and commerce, as in the domestic economy of a nation. A national inventory at periodical intervals is as important a factor in national welfare as is a periodical inventory in an industrial or commercial enterprise."

FACTOR IN SETTING PRICES.

International statistics of agricultural production are valuable not only in promoting and facilitating international commerce but as a potent factor influencing the prices of agricultural, forest, and live stock products, and of food, clothing and raw materials in every country, because of the universal operation of the law of supply and demand and modern facilities for rapid communication and transportation.

Any material increase or decrease in the volume of world production or change in the normal distribution of a staple crop is at once reflected in its price so that to some degree every consumer, as well as every producer of such crops is directly or indirectly concerned.

Need for an international census on a uniform plan and date is especially felt by business men and statisticians who have occasion to prepare and use estimates of world production, because the moment one attempts to prepare a world table for any crop or live stock product, he is immediately confronted with the fact that some countries have never taken a census, other countries have taken censuses only at rare or irregular intervals, and the figures supplied by censuses from different countries are not comparable.

Partial results of the world census should begin to be available towards the close of 1930 and complete results should be published in 1932 or 1933, according to Mr. Estabrook.

If all of the 72 governments that are treaty members of the International Institute of Agriculture agree to take the census, it will mean a real world census of agriculture, because these member nations produce more than 95 per cent of the total agricultural and live-stock production of the world and practically 100 per cent of the surplus production which enters into international trade.

REWARD OF HEROISM

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
BANDRA, Feb. 24.

Under the auspices of the Thana Merchants' Association a crowded meeting of the citizens of Thana was held at the Sivaji Theatre under the presidency of Mr. Sakaram Keshav Bhagwat, ex-Public Prosecutor of Thana with the object of recording its high sense of the heroic services rendered by certain townsmen and policemen in combating the fire which broke out on the 19th ultimo in the Thana Bazar and which would no doubt end most disastrously had it not been for the magnificent efforts of the brave men the meeting desired to honour.

Mr. Anderson, Assistant Manager of the Raymond Woollen Mills, was awarded a gold medal, while 80 others received silver medals.

Mr. Clifford Deputy Superintendent of Police and Sub-Inspector Undir also came in for special praise.

DIGESTIVE TROUBLES So Soon Get Worse

Few complaints get serious more quickly than digestive troubles, and none get better more readily if the right treatment be used. If the experience of doctors, hospitals, and the general public the world over for years past counts for anything, the right treatment is certainly the use of Bismarck Magnesia. This preparation neutralises the treacherous acid the moment it enters the stomach, thus stopping all trace of fermentation, gas and pain. Let Bismarck Magnesia help you. It is readily obtainable at any chemist's in both powder and tablet form at very low prices, and to ensure your getting the genuine product the registered trade-mark "BISMARCK" is printed boldly on every package.

GRAND OPENING CEREMONY

of the NEW PREMISES of the

NATIONAL PHYSICAL CULTURE INSTITUTE,

near FRENCH BRIDGE, CHOWPATI

ON

SUNDAY, MARCH 7, at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

BY THE

Hon. Sir CHUNILAL V. MEHTA, Kt.

YOU ARE INVITED TO ATTEND.

Yeast is life!

IRVING'S YEAST-VITE TABLETS

THE LIGHTNING PICK-UP. Contains no harmful drugs. Composed of pure Medicinal Yeast Vitamins, and other valuable ingredients, is prescribed by leading medical specialists.

The gentle fermentation of the Yeast when in contact with the gastric juices of the stomach causes a stimulating buoyant feeling of extreme vigour.

When out of sorts or depressed take 1 or 2 Yeast-Vite Tablets and feel fresh and frisky in a few minutes.

IRVING'S YEAST-VITE TABLETS will relieve:

Headache, Neuralgia, etc.	in 5 minutes
Indigestion, Flatulence, etc.	in 5 to 10 minutes
Biliousness, Dizziness, Depression	in 10 to 15 minutes
Disordered Stomach, Liver, etc.	in 10 to 15 minutes
Influenza, Colds, Fever	in 24 hours

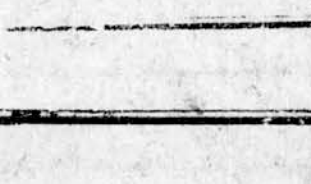
Send postcard for free treatise on Diabetes, Anaemia, Nerves, Skin Blemishes, Constipation, Colds, Insomnia, Rheumatism, Pains, etc.

OUR GUARANTEE Obtain a Re. 1-4 bottle from your Chemist. If your health does not improve perceptibly past the empty bottle, and we will refund your money immediately.

£ 100 Cash will be paid to anyone proving that the following extracts from unsolicited testimonials are not genuine. We have received nearly 30,000 letters from satisfied users in less than two years which are open to inspection.



IRVING'S "YEAST-VITE" LABORATORIES, "Cecil House," Holborn Viaduct, LONDON, E.C. 1.



17013—DR. N. W. writes: "I am prescribing the tablets regularly. Please send a box to my brother (invoice to me), as I want him to take the treatment."

18224—DR. P. writes: "I find the tablets an excellent tonic, and would thank you for a further supply to distribute among my patients."

25274—With unalloyed pleasure I thank you for the tremendous benefit I have derived from Yeast-Vite. I am a commercial traveller and my business has increased with my energy and vim, namely 40 per cent.

26338—I thought you might be interested in results of my tests. Two influenza cases quickly cured. Term, 104 brought to normal in 12 hours. Several headache patients—pain disappeared almost instantly.

26334—I have suffered for years with anaemia, nerves and terrible coughs. Thanks to Yeast-Vite this is the first winter for years that I have not been laid up. I am afraid to be without them.

26338—For 18 years I have suffered terribly with my head and had to give up work. On recommendation I tried Yeast-Vite and am now back at work and never felt better.

2741—I shall feel eternally grateful to you for enabling me to regain my health, and I shall never be without Yeast-Vite in the house. I recommended them to six friends last week.

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26001—Trained Nurse, Malta. Ever so many people are taking Yeast-Vite on my recommendation. They are truly wonderful. I dare not be without them and I feel years younger.

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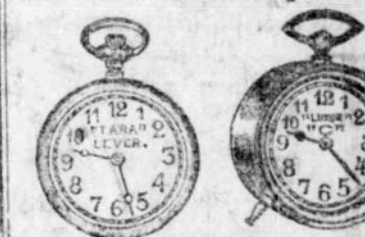
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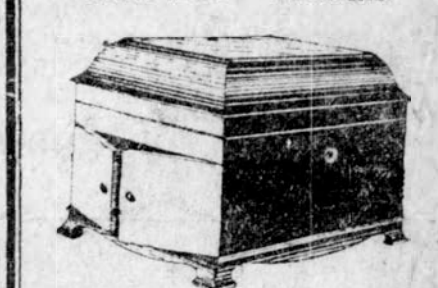
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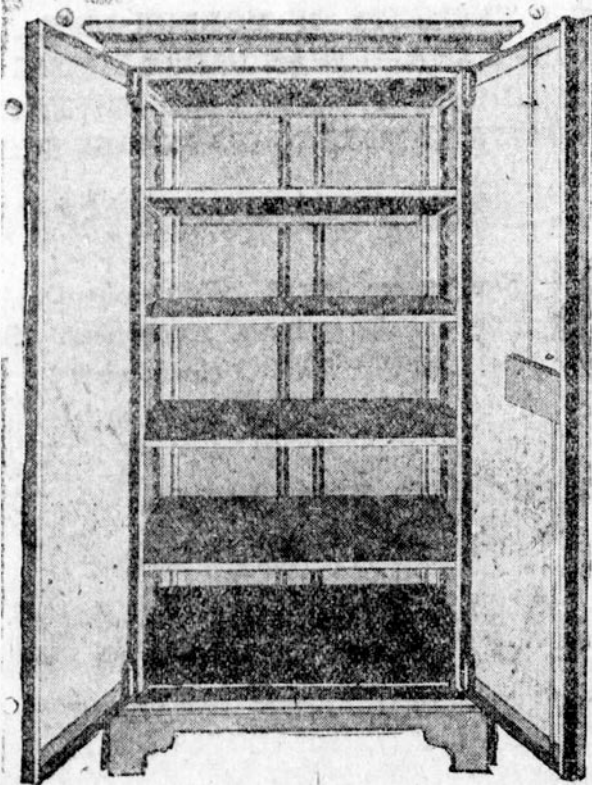
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TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I should feel highly obliged if you would kindly publish these few lines in your next issue, just to prove that the Hon. Sir Henry Lawrence has miscalculated his estimate in setting apart Rs. 20 lakhs per annum in the way of "Sinking Fund", out of the provincial revenue. I make bold to question the statement made by Sir Henry Lawrence, so far as it relates to the total area of No. 8 block, specially reserved for the military. Perhaps, Sir Henry knows full well, that each acre means 4,840 square yards; and so, the maximum reclaimed area in No. 8 block will not be more than 11,11,406 square yards, and as such, Sir Henry is not justified in making a wrong calculation of 2 crores and 30 lakhs of rupees from the military authorities, for purchasing the whole of the reclaimed area in No. 8 block, as the sale price will not exceed Rs. 2 crores 22 lakhs and 28 thousand (Rs. 2,22,28,000). So also, Sir Henry has committed a blunder in his over-estimation of setting apart Rs. 20 lakhs per annum for years together.

In short, not more than 10 lakhs are required for the "Sinking Fund", etc., even realising the fact that No. 1 and No. 2 blocks are completed within a couple of years so as to effect the sale of the whole area by 1931. The total area for the A block from Marine Lines to Churchgate, and of No. 2 block from Churchgate to the Bandstand, will come to not more than 9,33,215 square yards. Of this total, not more than 7,26,000 square yards or 150 acres of reclaimed land, will be available for building plots, at an average rate of Rs. 60 per square yard; and the remaining 2,07,215 square yards will be available for roads and open spaces. Hence, there is a guaranteed revenue of Rs. 4,35,60,000 at 60 rupees a square yard, for 7,26,000 square yards of total building area in No. 1 and No. 2 blocks.

Lastly, I must say that I am not an expert engineer of the type of Sir George Buchanan; and so, I do not take the liberty to suggest that the Development Department work, pertaining to No. 1, No. 2, and No. 8 blocks deserve being continued in the interest of Government, as well as of the public. But, if it is finally settled and approved by the Legislative Council, I must give a timely warning to all the members of the Legislative Council, not to sanction the item of Rs. 20 lakhs; but to give their consent for granting not more than 10 lakhs of rupees a year to make up the over-estimated loss by Sir Henry Lawrence. In short, the Bombay Government is not a charitable institute; and as such, will demand at least half of the usual selling price of Rs. 60 per square yard, or at least as much as it is being paid at 20 rupees a square yard, by the military authorities; hence, for the remaining 2,07,215 square yards, even at 20 rupees a square yard, it will come to Rs. 4,14,430, and together with Rs. 4,35,60,000, the sale proceeds of the building area, and Rs. 2,22,28,000 from the military authorities, the total expected income, to the Government will not be less than Rs. 6,99,32,000. Hence, 10 lakhs of rupees are more than enough for the Sinking Fund, to make up the loss of the Non-Developing Development Department inaugurated by the late Governor of Bombay—Sir George Lloyd—Yours, etc.,

NARAYAN RAO KULKARNY.

FREE AYURVEDIC DISPENSARY.**AN APPEAL.**

The Ayurvedic Charitable Dispensary, which is situated in the 1st Kamatipura Lane, Bombay, has been conducted by a few prominent Vaidyaranjas in Bombay for the last four months. The institution has been started not only with the idea of giving medical relief on the old Ayurvedic lines, but also with the idea of carrying on research work in Ayurved at bed side with a view to proving that Ayurved is a science. The institution is located in the Lingubai Rajanna Free Eye Dispensary building kindly lent by the trustees of the Rajanna Juloji Charity Fund. For the present only an out-patient department is opened, but it is soon expected to arrange for a few beds for clinical observation.

The dispensary is open daily from 3 to 5 p.m. and is attended by the members of the Board of Vaidyaranjas consisting of Vaidyaranjas Hariprasanna Muni, Ainsapore Dalpatram Durlabhdas, A. Bhat, J. Sharma and Ganpatlal Shankar. Dr. D. Sathaye is responsible for the general management. During the last four months the number of new patients was 349 and the total attendance was 2,028.

ITS NEEDS.

It is the earnest desire of the promoters to make the institution a permanent one and it is hoped patriotic merchant princes will contribute handsomely to this institution. The immediate need is an Ayurvedic hospital for clinical observations and a laboratory to investigate and standardise the old popular Ayurvedic remedies. The whole scheme of the working of the institution will be submitted to the donors very soon.

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TESTIMONIALS.

The "ANDHRA PATRIKA" (Telugu Reading Daily) Madras, writes on 8th February, 1924:

We received on 7th November 1923 from Hanumadupasi V. K. Satagopa Chariar Tiruttani a letter (published in our issue of 12th November 1923) predicting that Mahatmaj will be released on 5th February 1924 at 7 a.m. It so happened. We heartily commend the marvellous capabilities of this Astrologer to the public.

2. "SWADESAMITRAN," MADRAS :—This is the Astrologer who predicted the exact future.

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